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Title	The Influence of Gravitationally Unstable Protoplanetary Disks on Type I Migration [an abstract of dissertation and a summary of dissertation review]
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planet. Gas drag on the planet resulted in an exchange in angular momentum between the planet and disc known as 'Type I migration'. The author followed the resulting migration for two different planet masses (10 Earth masses and 33 Earth masses) in multiple different disc environments. The results shows that the torque on the planet is affected by disc instability, resulting in an often strong deviation from the migration rate predicted from analytical estimations.

The author also presented results for the formation of star-forming clouds in a galactic disc. This was the culmination of work began during the author's MA, that was then completed and publishing in the first year of her doctoral course. This work demonstrated that the background gravitational potential of a galaxy can impact the number of small and large star-forming clouds, although a typical cloud has common properties regardless of the galactic potential.

In conclusion, the author proved that the protoplanetary disc structure cannot be ignored when considering planet migration rates, and may increase the speed or even reverse the direction of a planet's orbital change. This is an important result for understanding the architecture of planetary systems. Therefore, we acknowledge that the author is qualified to be granted a Doctorate of Science from Hokkaido University.