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# **Anionic Glycan Diversity in Waterfowl Egg Whites through Glycoblotting-based Sulphoglycomics Approach**

(グライコブロットイング連動型スルフォグライコムクス法による  
水鳥卵白中のアニオン性糖鎖多様性に関する研究)

**Doctoral Dissertation**  
**September 2023**

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## ABSTRACT

Sulfated *N*- and *O*-glycans exist in trace levels which are challenging to detect, particularly in the presence of abundant neutral and sialylated glycans. Current MALDI-TOF MS-based sulfoglycomics approaches employ permethylation to discriminate sulfated glycans from sialylated glycans and charge-based separation to isolate the sulfated glycans from the rest of the permethylated neutral and sialyl-glycans. However, these methods suffer from concomitant sample losses during cleanup steps. In this study, we describe Glycoblotting as a straightforward complementary method that offers a seamless platform for glycan purification, enrichment, methylation, and labeling to address sulfated glycan enrichment, sialic acid methylation, and sample loss. Glycoblotting's on-bead chemoselective ligation of reducing sugars with hydrazide demonstrates excellent recovery of sulfated glycans and allows the detection of more sulfated glycan species. The on-bead methyl esterification of sialic acid using 3-methyl-1-*p*-tolyltriazene (MTT) effectively discriminates sulfated glycans from sialylated glycans. Furthermore, MTT facilitates simultaneous detection and differentiation of sulfate and phosphate groups in isobaric *N*-glycan species.

Additionally, we investigate the expression of acidic *N*-glycans, specifically sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans, in the egg whites of 72 avian species belonging to the Order Anseriformes (waterfowls). Employing the Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics approach, we elucidated the diversity of acidic *N*-glycans and their implication in protecting embryos from infections. Our findings revealed family-specific variations in waterfowl egg whites sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycan profiles. Different waterfowl species exhibit distinct expressions of sulfated trans-Gal(+) and trans-Gal(-) *N*-glycan structures. Moreover, species-specific expression of phosphorylated *N*-glycans was also observed. Notably, waterfowl species with a high virus prevalence expressed a higher abundance of phosphorylated hybrid and high-mannose *N*-glycans on their egg whites.

The Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics approach presents a significant breakthrough in sulfated glycan analysis, simplifying the existing MALDI-TOF MS-based sulphoglycomics workflow and enabling comprehensive exploration of the complex glycome of biological samples. Furthermore, the findings of this study shed light on the importance of phosphorylated and sulfated *N*-glycans in understanding the role of acidic glycans in the Influenza A virus (IAV) propagation in waterfowl. These results hold immense potential for advancing our understanding of IAV propagation in avian species and guiding the development of targeted interventions to combat influenza.

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*Maraming salamat po! Domo arigatou gozaimasu!*



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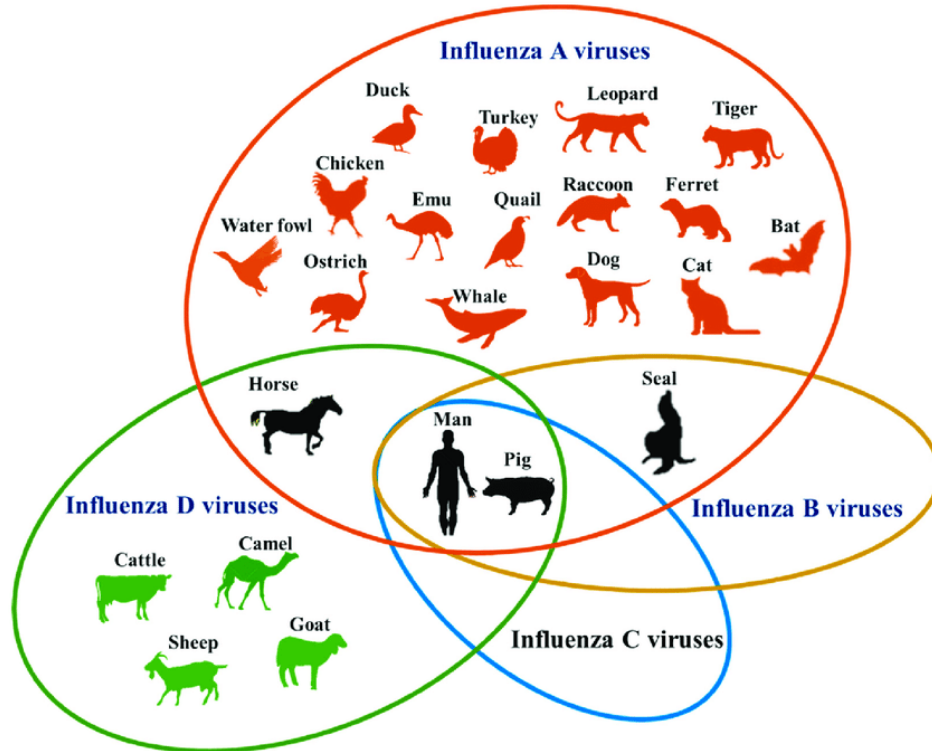




# **Chapter 1      General Introduction**

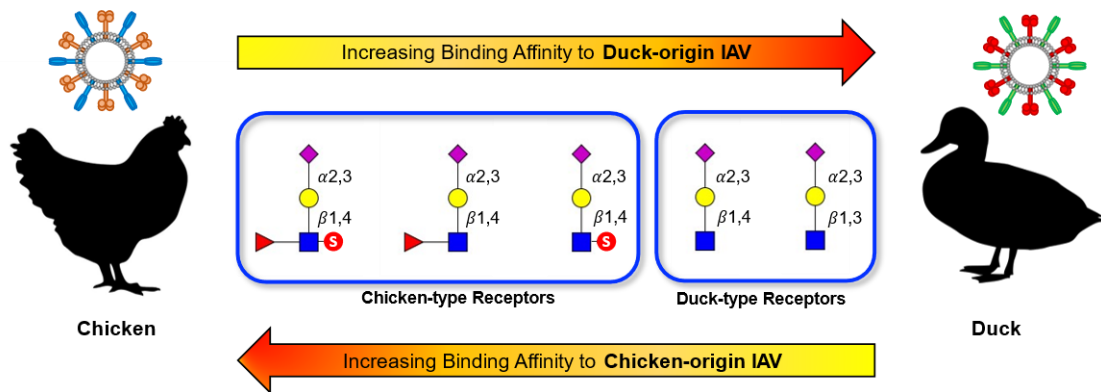


Influenza A virus (IAV) continues to pose a significant threat to global public health, causing seasonal epidemics and occasional pandemics with severe morbidity and mortality. The constant evolution and adaptability of IAV strains and the ability to infect a wide range of avian and mammalian species present ongoing challenges for disease control and prevention. IAV belongs to the family of Orthomyxoviridae, and its virion is covered with three viral proteins – hemagglutinin (HA), neuraminidase (NA), and M2 ion channel. Wherein HA and NA modulate the host range, pathogenicity, and immunogenicity of IAVs[1]. Waterfowl (ducks, geese, and swans) are generally considered the natural reservoirs of avian influenza viruses (AIV) and play a crucial role in the transmission and evolution of the virus. Understanding the molecular interactions between AIVs and their avian hosts is essential for comprehending AIVs' pathogenesis and transmission dynamics[2].



**Figure 1.1** Host-range of influenza viruses[2].

In recent years, glycans have emerged as critical factors in the interactions between IAVs and their hosts. Glycans are complex biomolecules that play diverse roles in biological systems. They are present on the surface of cells and proteins, forming a glycan shield that influences various biological processes, including cell adhesion, immune responses, and viral infections. In the context of IAV, glycans serve as receptors or attachment factors for IAVs, mediating their entry into host cells and facilitating viral replication. The glycan-binding specificity of IAVs determines their host range and tissue tropism. In particular, human-adapted IAVs exhibit binding specificity towards sialyl-LacNAc, characterized by an  $\alpha 2,6$  linkage between Sia and Gal, while avian IAVs bind to sialyl-LacNAc with  $\alpha 2,3$  linkages[3, 4]. However, recently it was found that receptor specificity of every hemagglutinin subtype varies and greatly depends not only on  $\alpha 2,3/6$ -linked sialoside but also on the underlying glycan structures[5, 6].



**Figure 1.2** Binding specificity of avian Has based on synthetic glycan library[5, 7].

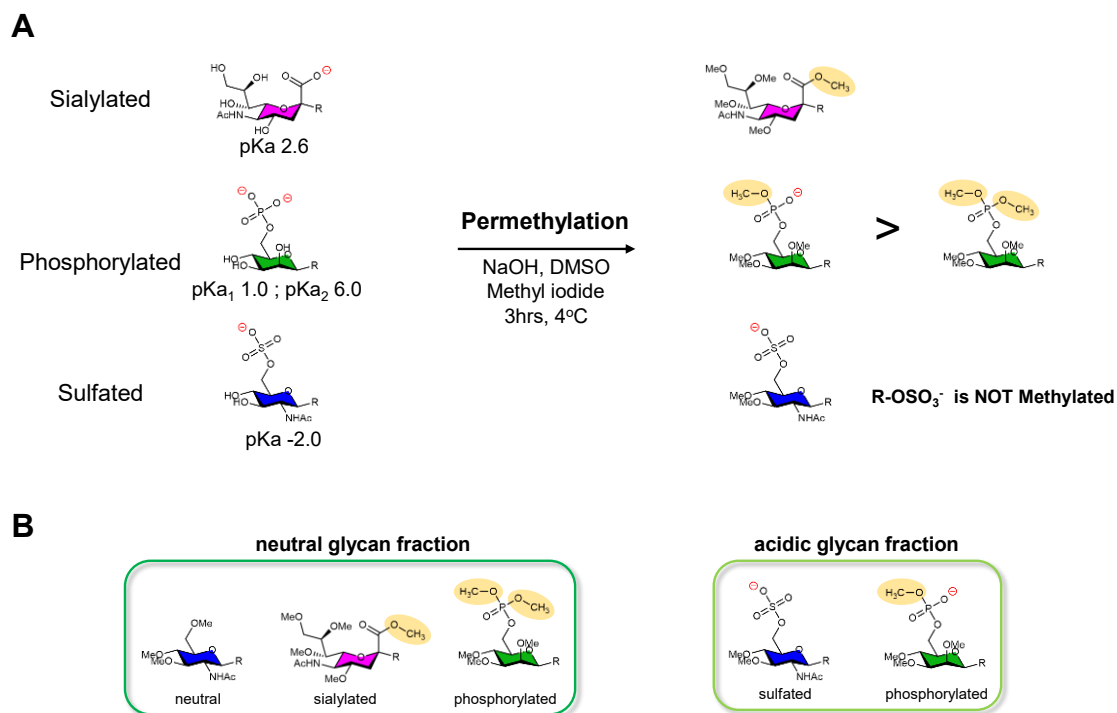
Virus receptor binding specificity also correlated with the expression level of relevant sialic acid determinants on the target cells of different host species. A poultry H9N2 virus was observed to recognize Neu5Ac $\alpha 2-6$ Gal-terminated sialyloligosaccharides, indicating that AIV

may display human-virus-like receptor specificity. It was also found that chicken and quail intestinal cells express both Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-3Gal and Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-6Gal sialyloligosaccharides, in contrast to ducks that express only Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-3Gal. Although most avian viruses share the Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-3Gal receptor specificity, viruses adapted to different avian species can differ in their ability to recognize the third saccharide and more distant moieties of Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-3Gal-terminated receptors. For example, duck viruses preferentially bind to Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-3Gal $\beta$ 1-6GalNAc, while chicken viruses prefer receptors with inner  $\beta$ -N-acetylglucosamine moiety, Neu5Ac $\alpha$ 2-3Gal $\beta$ 1-4GlcNAc[5, 8, 9].

Furthermore, Ichimiya *et al.*[10] reported the role of sulfation on LacNAc moieties in IAV replication. They demonstrated that IAV inoculation of MDCK cells with overexpressed sulfotransferase increases viral replication by 90-fold. Additionally, they have shown that 6-sulfo sialyl Lewis X and 6-sulfo sialyl LacNAc moieties are highly expressed in chicken embryos, suggesting their involvement in the efficient propagation of human H1N1. Human influenza was also found to bind to phosphorylated glycans in human lungs. Interestingly, Byrd-Leotis, *et al.*[11, 12] suggested an alternative phosphorylated glycans binding site may exist. The discovery of sulfated and phosphorylated glycans as crucial determinants for IAV HA showed the importance of acidic glycans on IAV infection.

Despite the numerous biological significances of sulfated and phosphorylated glycans, their analysis remains a challenging task. An inherent technical problem why sulfated *N*- and *O*-glycans are often not detected by current approaches in mass spectrometry-based glycomics, is due to their naturally lower abundance, compounded further by their negatively charged nature, which adversely disfavors their ionization and detection amid a sea of often much more abundant non-sulfated and sialylated glycans[13–15]. Recognizing these limitations, the general approach for MS-based sulfoglycomics is permethylation followed by anion exchange separation. This approach was devised, since sulfate would remain the only substituent carrying the negative

charge, fully methylated sulfated glycans can then be selectively detected by MS in negative mode and readily separated from the more abundant non-sulfated glycans which is difficult to achieve with native glycans[16, 17].



**Figure 1.3** (A) Permethylation of sialylated, phosphorylated, and sulfated glycans. (B) Neutral glycan and acidic glycan species obtained after weak anion exchange (WAX) separation of permethylated glycans.

The general objective of this study is to develop a straightforward workflow for the analysis of sulfated *N*- and *O*-glycans in biological samples. Specifically, this study aimed:

- i. To develop a glycoblotting-based sulfoglycomics approach to analyze sulfated *N*- and *O*-glycans.
- ii. To elucidate the acidic *N*-glycan expression profiles of avian egg whites from Order Anseriformes (waterfowls).

The objectives mentioned above were pursued due to the heavy reliance on current MALDI-TOF MS-based sulfoglycomics approaches on permethylation to effectively distinguish sulfated glycans from abundant neutral and sialyl glycans. In contrast, this study introduces the Glycoblottling protocol as a complementary method for the MALDI-TOF MS-based sulfoglycomics workflow. The Glycoblottling protocol offers a streamlined process for on-bead glycan purification, enrichment, methylation, and labeling on a single platform, addressing the three main challenges in sulfoglycomics: trace abundance, sample loss, and the presence of sialic acid. Moreover, the Glycoblottling-based sulfoglycomics workflow enables the differentiation of sulfate from phosphate groups in isobaric glycan species, expanding the scope of sulfoglycomics to include phosphorylated glycans. Additionally, the elucidation of acidic *N*-glycan expression in waterfowl egg whites, undertaken for the first time, will not only shed light on glycan diversity but also provide valuable insights into the potential roles of acidic *N*-glycans in understanding influenza infections in waterfowl species.





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**Chapter 2      Development of a Glycoblotting-based  
Sulfoglycomics Workflow for the Analysis of  
Sulfated *N*- and *O*-glycans**



## 2.1 Introduction

Studies have shown the significance of sulfation of the non-reducing terminal epitopes of *N*- and *O*-glycans, which modifies their physicochemical characteristics and ability to function as cognate ligands for pathogens and endogenous glycan-binding proteins. However, the presence of sulfated glycotopes in physiologically relevant situations is generally less corroborated[1].

Sulfated glycans, such as those found in tissues[1, 2], blood[3, 4], and urine[2, 5], are often present in low abundance in biological samples, making their purification and enrichment challenging. In addition, sulfated glycans are difficult to ionize and detect because of their hydrophilicity and labile sulfate groups. Furthermore, sulfate groups may be lost during ionization, resulting in the loss of structural information[6, 7]. Given these limitations, the general approach for mass spectrometry (MS)-based sulfoglycomics is permethylation[8]. Fully permethylated sulfated glycans maintain their negative charge, allowing the selective detection of sulfated glycans using MS in negative ion mode, and are readily separated from the more abundant non-sulfated glycans, which is challenging to achieve with native glycans[8–10]. In contrast, the analysis of native sulfated glycans usually employs specialized columns, such as serotonin-immobilized[4, 11] columns and TiO<sub>2</sub>-PGC[3] columns for liquid chromatography (LC) separation, followed by electrospray ionization mass spectrometry (ESI-MS)[1, 9].

Permethylated glycans have greater hydrophobicity and reduced charge repulsion, thus improving ionization efficiency and increasing MS sensitivity[12]. The structural elucidation of sulfated glycans can also be facilitated by permethylation, mainly because methylation can produce distinctive fragmentation patterns in MS/MS analysis[8, 10]. However, due to the possibility of partial methyl-esterification[13] and sulfate loss[6], permethylation reaction conditions must be carefully optimized[7, 14]. Although this approach has succeeded in several MS-based structural analyses of complex oligosaccharides, its multi-step process requires skilled analysts and time-consuming sample handling and clean-up stages, which may result in

successive sample losses[12]. To address these challenges while maintaining the merits of methylation, thus this work proposed a Glycoblotting-based approach.

Glycoblotting is a high-throughput method for quantitative large-scale glycomics that allows efficient glycan enrichment and quantification that our group developed. In addition, we established that the glycan recovery efficiency of the Glycoblotting method is superior to that of hydrophilic interaction liquid chromatography (HILIC) and solid-phase extraction (SPE) for glycan separation and enrichment[15, 16]. In this study, we describe the utilization of the Glycoblotting protocol as a complementary method with a seamless sequential process of on-bead glycan purification, enrichment, methylation, and labeling techniques on a single platform. Followed by weak anion exchange (WAX) separation of sulfated glycans, then MALDI-TOF MS analysis (Fig. S2.1).

## 2.2 Methodology

**2.2.1 Materials.** Porcine stomach mucin (PSM) type III and ovomucoid (OVM) type III-O were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich Corp. (St. Louis, MO, USA). Bovine thyroglobulin (BTG) was purchased from EMD Millipore Corp. (USA). Peptide *N*-glycosidase F (PNGase F) was acquired from New England BioLabs (Ipswich, MA, USA), proteinase K was from Roche (Germany), trypsin was from Sigma-Aldrich Corp. (St. Louis, MO, USA), and the bacterial alkaline phosphatase (BAP) was from Nippon Gene, Ltd. (Tokyo, Japan). Ammonium carbamate, benzyloxyamine hydrochloride (BOA), 3-methyl-1-*p*-tolyltriazene (MTT), disialyloctasaccharide (SGP-10), hexa-*N*-acetylchitohexaose, 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (DHB), sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>), 3,4-diaminobenzophenone (DABP), and trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) were purchased from Tokyo Chemical Industry Co. (Tokyo, Japan). BlotGlycoH beads were acquired from Sumitomo Bakelite Co., Ltd. (Tokyo, Japan).

**2.2.2 O-glycan Release.** *O*-glycans were chemically liberated using the ammonium carbamate method, as previously described[17]. Briefly, to a 30 mg dry ammonium carbamate powder, 10  $\mu$ L of PSM suspension (10  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L) was added in an Eppendorf tube. The mixture was incubated at 60°C for 20 hr. After incubation, 500  $\mu$ L water was added and evaporated at 60°C *in vacuo*. The residue was then reconstituted with 500  $\mu$ L of 150 mM acetic acid (AcOH) solution. The sample was dried at 60°C in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**2.2.3 N-glycan Release**[18, 19]. Eight microliters of 50  $\mu$ g/ $\mu$ L bovine thyroglobulins (BTG) (approximately 400  $\mu$ g) was dissolved in 50  $\mu$ L of 200 mM  $\text{NH}_4\text{HCO}_3$ , followed by the addition of 4  $\mu$ L denaturation buffer (5% SDS, 0.4 M DTT). The mixture was denatured for 10 mins at 100°C. After denaturation, 10  $\mu$ L of 123 mM iodoacetamide was added to the mixture, which was then incubated in the dark at room temperature for 1 hr. Tryptic digestion was achieved by adding 10  $\mu$ L of 40 U/ $\mu$ L sequence-grade Trypsin (Sigma-Aldrich) in 1 mM HCl; the mixture was then incubated overnight at 37°C, followed by heat inactivation of the enzyme at 90°C for 10 min. The tryptic digest was allowed to cool at room temperature, then 8  $\mu$ L reaction buffer (0.5 M  $\text{Na}_3\text{PO}_4$ , pH 7.5), 8  $\mu$ L 10% NP-40, and 2  $\mu$ L of 5 U/ $\mu$ L PNGase F (New England BioLabs) were added and incubated overnight at 37°C. The mixture was further digested with 10  $\mu$ L of 0.5 U/ $\mu$ L Proteinase K (Roche, Germany) at 37°C for 3 hr, followed by heat inactivation of the enzyme at 90°C for 10 min. The sample was dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**2.2.4 Glycan Enrichment Using Glycoblotting**[18–20]. A 250  $\mu$ L aliquot of 10 mg/mL BlotGlycoH bead (Sumitomo Bakelite, Co.) suspension was dispensed into each well of the 96-well multiScreen Solvinert filter plate (Millipore, Billerica, MA, USA). The filter plate was then attached to a vacuum manifold to remove water. The dried samples containing released glycans (*N*- or *O*-glycans) from the glycoproteins were reconstituted with 40  $\mu$ L MilliQ water. A 20  $\mu$ L



aliquot of the reconstituted sample was added to the wells with 10  $\mu\text{L}$  of 100  $\mu\text{M}$  disialyloctasaccharide, SGP-10 (Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.) internal standard, and 180  $\mu\text{L}$  of 2% AcOH in acetonitrile (MeCN). The 96-well filter plate was incubated at 80°C for 45 min until dry. Each sample well was sequentially washed with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of 2 M guanidine-HCl in 16 mM  $\text{NH}_4\text{HCO}_3$ , water, and 1% triethylamine in methanol (MeOH). Each solvent washing was performed twice and vacuumed after every washing step. The unreacted hydrazide functional groups on the beads were capped with acetyl groups by incubating each sample well with 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of 10% acetic anhydride in MeOH for 30 min at room temperature. The capping solution was then removed by vacuum and sequentially washed twice with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of 10 mM HCl, MeOH, and dioxane. On-bead methyl esterification of the carboxyl groups of acidic glycans (e.g., sialic acid) was performed by adding 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of 100 mM 3-methyl-1-*p*-tolyltriazene (MTT) in dioxane into the sample and incubated at 60°C for 90 min until dry[21]. The 96-well plate was sequentially washed twice with 200  $\mu\text{L}$  of dioxane, water, MeOH, and water. The captured glycans on the BlotGlycoH beads were labeled with benzyloxyamine (BOA) via trans-iminization reaction. The labeling was performed by adding 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of 50 mM BOA-HCl and 180  $\mu\text{L}$  of 2% AcOH in MeCN at 80°C for 45 min. BOA-labeled glycans were eluted twice with 150  $\mu\text{L}$  water. The sample was dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**2.2.5 Anionic-glycan Separation using WAX**[10, 22]. Fifty microliters of 100 mg/mL 3-aminopropyl silica gel suspension (1 mmol/mg, Tokyo Chemical Industry Co. Ltd.) were packed into a 200  $\mu\text{L}$  micropipette tip with a cotton plug. The packed weak anion exchange (WAX) microcolumn was conditioned and washed sequentially with 100  $\mu\text{L}$  water, MeCN, and 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN twice. After each conditioning and washing step, the column was centrifugated at 500 rpm for 2 min. BOA-labeled *N*-glycans (or *O*-glycans) were reconstituted with 20  $\mu\text{L}$  water. A 5  $\mu\text{L}$  sample aliquot was dissolved in 150  $\mu\text{L}$  1% AcOH in 95% MeCN and then loaded into

the column. The sample was allowed to elute by gravity, and the collected eluate was reloaded back into the column; this step was done three times. The column was washed with 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN to remove unbound and hydrophobic contaminants. BOA-labeled neutral and monomethylated sialyl *N*-glycans (or *O*-glycans) were eluted with 1% AcOH in 50% MeCN, while sulfated *N*-glycans (or *O*-glycans) were eluted with 1% NH<sub>4</sub>OH in 5% MeCN (pH 10.5). The eluates were dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**2.2.6 Mass Spectrometric Analysis.** MALDI-TOF MS analysis of BOA-labeled *N*- and *O*-glycans was performed using Ultraflex III (Bruker, Bremen, Germany) operated in reflectron mode in positive and negative ion acquisition modes. Neutral and monomethylated sialyl-glycans were analyzed in positive ion mode using 10 mg/mL DHB/NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10:1) in 50% MeCN matrix[23, 24]. While sulfated glycans were analyzed in negative ion mode using the DABP matrix (3,4-diaminobenzophenone, 10 mg/mL in 75% MeCN with 0.1% TFA)[1, 10, 22, 25]. MALDI-TOF and MALDI-TOF/TOF MS data were annotated using the Bruker FlexAnalysis 3.0 software package. Experimental *m/z* was used to predict the possible glycan composition using the Expasy GlycoMod Tool and Glyconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics (<https://web.expasy.org/glycomod/>) and GlycoWorkbench[26, 27].

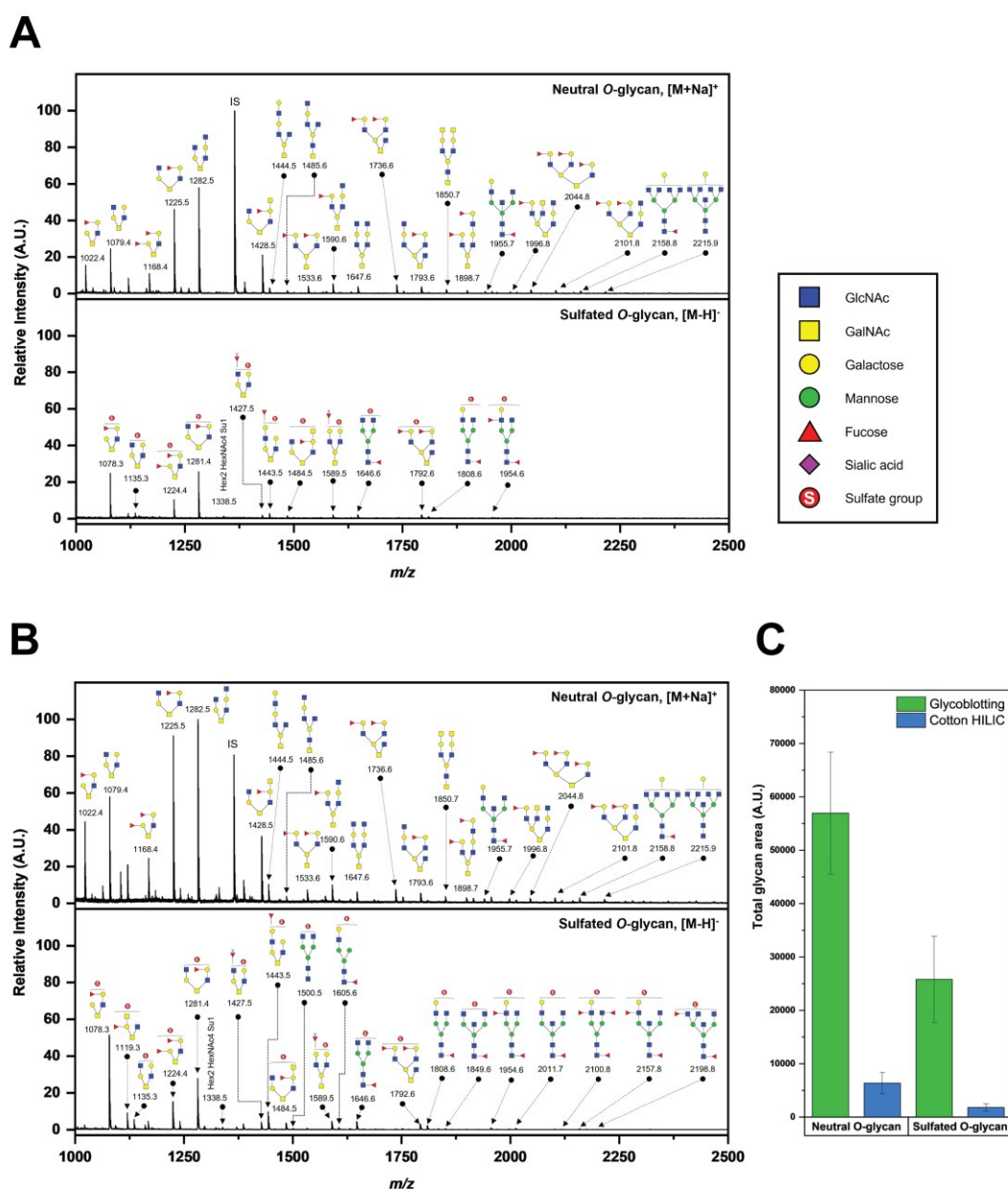
**2.2.7 Alkaline Phosphatase Digestion.** The *N*-glycans released from chicken egg white ovomucoid (OVM) were reconstituted with 50 μL BAP buffer (100 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM MgSO<sub>4</sub>, pH 8.0). A 1 μL aliquot of 0.8 U/μL alkaline phosphatase (Nippon Gene) was added. The mixture was incubated at 37°C for 24 hr.

## 2.3 Results and Discussion

**2.3.1 Direct Analysis of Native Sulfated *O*-glycans.** Our group has previously described a method for the direct analysis of neutral and sialylated native *O*-glycans. The technique utilizes a

novel matrix, wherein a mixture of benzyloxyamine (BOA), 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (DHB), and sodium bicarbonate ( $\text{NaHCO}_3$ ) was used[24]. This method demonstrated good sensitivity and stable modification of the glycan-reducing end by BOA, owing to oxime bond formation. Furthermore, sialic acid loss during MALDI-TOF MS analysis was also suppressed. Thus, the method showed that native glycans could be analyzed by MALDI-TOF MS devoid of sialic acid loss, even without additional glycan modifications, such as permethylation. Using the described novel matrix, we attempted to simultaneously analyze unmodified sulfated and sialylated *O*-glycans from porcine stomach mucin (PSM). Anionic *O*-glycans (*i.e.*, sulfated and sialylated) were analyzed from PSM by chemically liberating *O*-glycans using the ammonium carbamate method[17], followed by glycan enrichment and purification by cotton HILIC[28]; anionic glycans were then fractionated using WAX[10, 22] and finally, MALDI-TOF MS (Method S1). Cotton HILIC afforded satisfactory recovery of unmodified native *O*-glycans from PSM after elution with water. Furthermore, after cotton HILIC enrichment, WAX separation successfully fractionated sulfated *O*-glycans from neutral *O*-glycans (Fig 2.1A). Anionic WAX fractionation of sulfated *O*-glycans was achieved by first eluting neutral *O*-glycans with 1% AcOH in 50% MeCN. Sulfated *O*-glycans were then eluted using 1%  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  in 5% MeCN (pH 10.5) solution. Despite the repeatability of the method, poor sulfated *O*-glycan detection was observed compared to that of neutral *O*-glycans. Thus, this limitation warrants a more efficient glycan enrichment protocol to effectively concentrate abundant neutral glycans, especially trace sulfated glycans, from glycoproteins. Therefore, instead of using cotton HILIC, we explored the practicality of using the Glycoblotting method for sulfoglycomics workflow.

**2.3.2 Glycoblotting-based Analysis of Sulfated *O*-glycans.** We previously established that the efficiency of *N*-glycan recovery from whole human serum using the Glycoblotting method was  $72.5 \pm 5.0\%$ [15]. Thus, we evaluated the feasibility of the Glycoblotting protocol as a complementary glycan purification, enrichment, methylation, and labeling method for sulfated



**Figure 2.1.** MALDI-TOF MS profile of *O*-glycans from porcine stomach mucin (PSM) enriched using (A) cotton HILIC and (B) Glycoblotting method. (C) Comparison of qualitative estimation of glycan enrichment between cotton HILIC and Glycoblotting method for both neutral and sulfated *O*-glycans from PSM. The total glycan area was calculated from the summation of all glycan peak areas identified from each spectrum shown in (A) and (B). *O*-glycan structures were inferred using the experimental *m/z* from the ExPASy GlycoMod Tool and Glyconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and GlycoWorkbench. Fucose residues explicitly linked to the *O*-glycan backbone (e.g., Le<sup>y</sup>) were based on the MS/MS analysis of porcine stomach mucin *O*-glycans deduced by Cheng, P. *et al.*[29]. Absolute quantification and linkage-specific MS/MS structural analysis of each glycan species were not attempted and are beyond the scope of this work. I.S. indicates internal standard, Hexa-*N*-acetylchitohexaose (200 pmol)

glycan analysis.

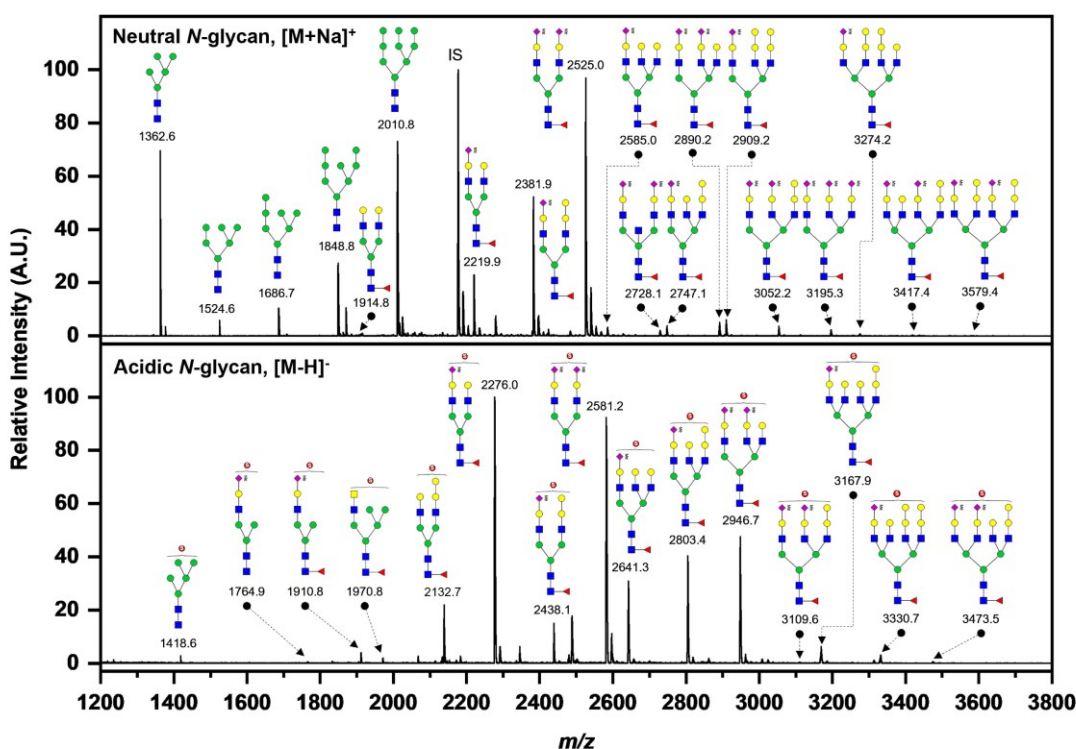
Figure 2.1B shows the MS profile of *O*-glycans from PSM enriched using the Glycoblotting method. The neutral *O*-glycan profile observed was of similar molecular ion peaks detected on the cotton HILIC enrichment. However, using Glycoblotting enrichment, the relative glycan peak intensities were higher compared to the cotton HILIC-enriched glycans with respect to the internal standard, Hexa-*N*-acetylchitohexaose (200 pmol). Also, Glycoblotting enrichment allowed the detection of more sulfated glycan species. To qualitatively estimate the glycan enrichment of cotton HILIC and Glycoblotting, the total glycan peak area was calculated from the summation of *O*-glycan peak areas identified in each spectrum (Fig 2.1C). From the total glycan peak areas, cotton HILIC enrichment was approximately 10% of that of the Glycoblotting method for neutral and sulfated glycans. This indicates that the Glycoblotting method is more suitable for enriching trace sulfated glycans in glycoproteins.

It is worth noting that during MALDI-TOF MS analysis, not only sulfated *O*-glycan species were detected but also sulfated *N*-glycans, especially in the high-mass region ( $m/z$  1400–2500). This is because of the ammonium carbamate method used to chemically liberate *O*-glycans through nonreductive  $\beta$ -elimination, which minimizes peeling reactions and significant deletion of acid-labile sialic acid moieties as previously reported by Miura, Y. *et al.*[17]. Furthermore, in previous studies using WAX separation, sulfated glycans were eluted at low pH using either 0.1% FA (pH 2.5), 0.25% FA (pH 1.5), or 0.1% TFA in MeCN solution[10]. However, in this study, WAX fractionation of sulfated glycans was achieved using 1% NH<sub>4</sub>OH in 5% MeCN (pH 10.5) solution. The 1% NH<sub>4</sub>OH in 5% MeCN eluent solution was considered over the previously reported acidic eluent solutions[10], primarily because at low pH, partial hydrolysis of BOA from the BOA-labeled glycans was observed (data not shown). Partially hydrolyzed glycan species during MALDI-TOF analysis make the MS profiles complicated to analyze.

**2.3.3 Glycoblotting-based Analysis of Sulfated-Sialyl *N*-glycans.** Bovine thyroglobulin (BTG) contains 14 possible *N*-glycosylation sites, 13 of which have been confirmed to be *N*-glycosylated[25]. Besides having sialylated *N*-glycans, BTG has been reported to contain sulfated *N*-glycans[11, 30] and sulfated-sialyl *N*-glycans[25, 31]. Since BTG contains a mixture of sialylated, sulfated, and sulfated-sialyl *N*-glycans, we employed BTG to evaluate the feasibility of the Glycoblotting method to discriminate between sulfated *N*-glycans and sialylated *N*-glycans. To analyze sulfated *N*-glycans in the presence of sialylated *N*-glycans, MS-based sulfoglycomics workflow generally employs permethylation to methyl-esterify the carboxyl functional group of sialic acid, apart from the *O*-methylation of the hydroxyl moieties within the glycan backbone. Previous works have shown that sulfated *N*-glycans can be permethylated using the modified Hakomori method without losing sulfate groups[14]. Also, sulfated-sialyl glycans were permethylated efficiently using the NaOH/DMSO slurry method at low temperatures. Furthermore, the sulfate groups remained unmethylated under these reaction conditions[7, 10]. On the other hand, the Glycoblotting method utilizes the 3-methyl-1-*p*-tolyltriazene (MTT) to methyl esterify the carboxyl group of sialic acid while the hydroxyl groups remain unmodified. The methyl esterification protocol using MTT also allows the mono-methylation of phosphates, while sulfates remain unmethylated[16, 32].

High mannose (Man5, Man6, Man7, Man8, and Man9) and mono-, di-, and tri-sialylated multi-antennary complex *N*-glycans were detected in the neutral *N*-glycan fraction after the WAX separation of BOA-labeled *N*-glycans from BTG (Fig. 2.2). The acidic *N*-glycan fraction also showed a mixture of mono-sulfated Man5 and complex *N*-glycans and mono- and di-sialylated multi-antennary complex *N*-glycans with single sulfation. Interestingly, several neutral *N*-glycan peaks (1362.6, 1914.8, 2219.9, 2381.9, 2525.0, 2585.0, 2747.1, 2890.2, 3052.2, 3274.2, and 3417.4 *m/z*) have corresponding sulfated *N*-glycan peaks in the MS profile of the acidic glycan fraction, having a mass difference of *m/z* 56 [ $\text{SO}_3 - \text{Na}^+ - \text{H}^+$ ], indicating the presence of a sulfate moiety. Furthermore, the results showed the possible presence of terminal sialyl-LacNAc, sulfo-

LacNAc, and sulfo sialyl-LacNAc epitopes on the *N*-glycans expressed on BTG. Lastly, we demonstrated that the Glycoblotting method using MTT effectively discriminates sulfated *N*-glycans from sialylated *N*-glycans through the utilization of the on-bead methyl esterification method. The on-bead methyl esterification protocol also addresses the concomitant sample losses due to several clean-up steps accompanying the permethylation method, resulting in higher glycan recovery[16].



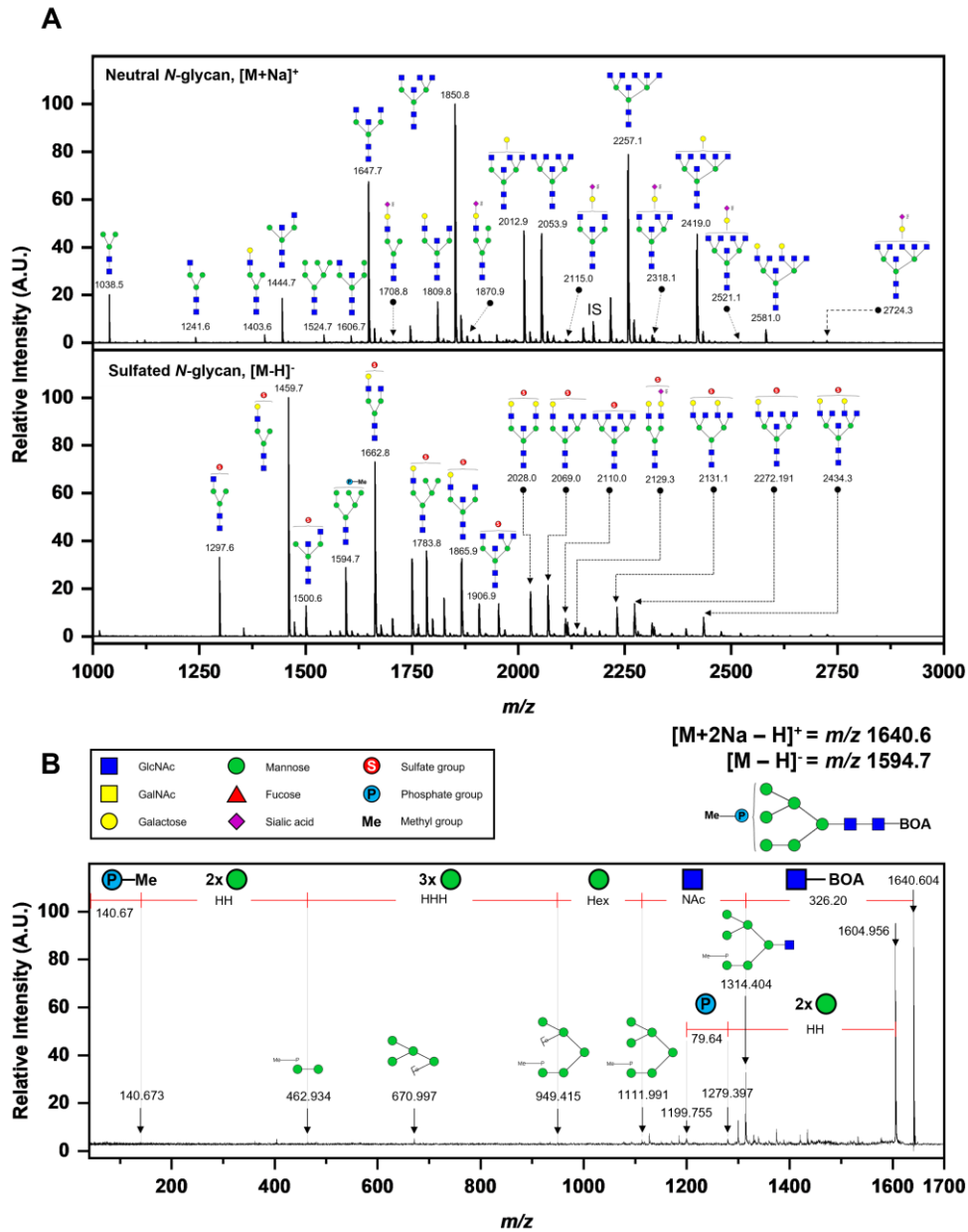
**Figure 2.2** MALDI-TOF MS profile of BOA-labeled *N*-glycans from bovine thyroglobulin (BTG) enriched using Glycoblotting method then fractionated using WAX. *N*-glycan structures were inferred using the experimental *m/z* from the ExPASy GlycoMod Tool and Glycoconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics, GlycoWorkbench, and previous reports[25, 30, 31]. Linkage-specific MS/MS structural analysis of each glycan species was not attempted. I.S. indicates internal standard, disialyloctasaccharide, SGP-10 (1000 pmol).

### 2.3.4 Chicken Egg White Ovomuroid Contains Phosphorylated High-mannose *N*-glycan.

Ovomucoid (OVM) is one of the major glycoproteins found in chicken egg white and is heavily glycosylated. Around 25-30% of the entire molecule is composed of oligosaccharides. Bisecting multi-antennary *N*-glycans with and without terminal galactose has been reported to be the major glycan structure in ovomucoid. Acidic *N*-glycans such as mono- and di-sialylated bi-antennary *N*-glycans were also found together with sulfated *N*-glycans[33–35]. In addition to the previously reported *N*-glycans expressed in ovomucoid, in this study, we report for the first time the detection of a mono-phosphorylated high mannose (Man6) *N*-glycan from ovomucoid. Whether glycans are phosphorylated or sulfated, it is difficult to distinguish based on MALDI-TOF MS alone primarily because phosphate ( $-\text{HPO}_3^-$ , 79.9799  $m/z$ ) and sulfate ( $-\text{SO}_3^-$ , 80.0632  $m/z$ ) moieties have almost similar masses[4, 11]. Previously, we showed that the on-bead methyl esterification incorporated with the Glycoblotting method using MTT as a methylating agent successfully *O*-methylated phosphate groups on phospholipids[32]. In this study, we demonstrated that phosphate groups on *N*-glycans could also be methylated using MTT, which allowed us to discriminate phosphate moieties from sulfate groups on *N*-glycans.

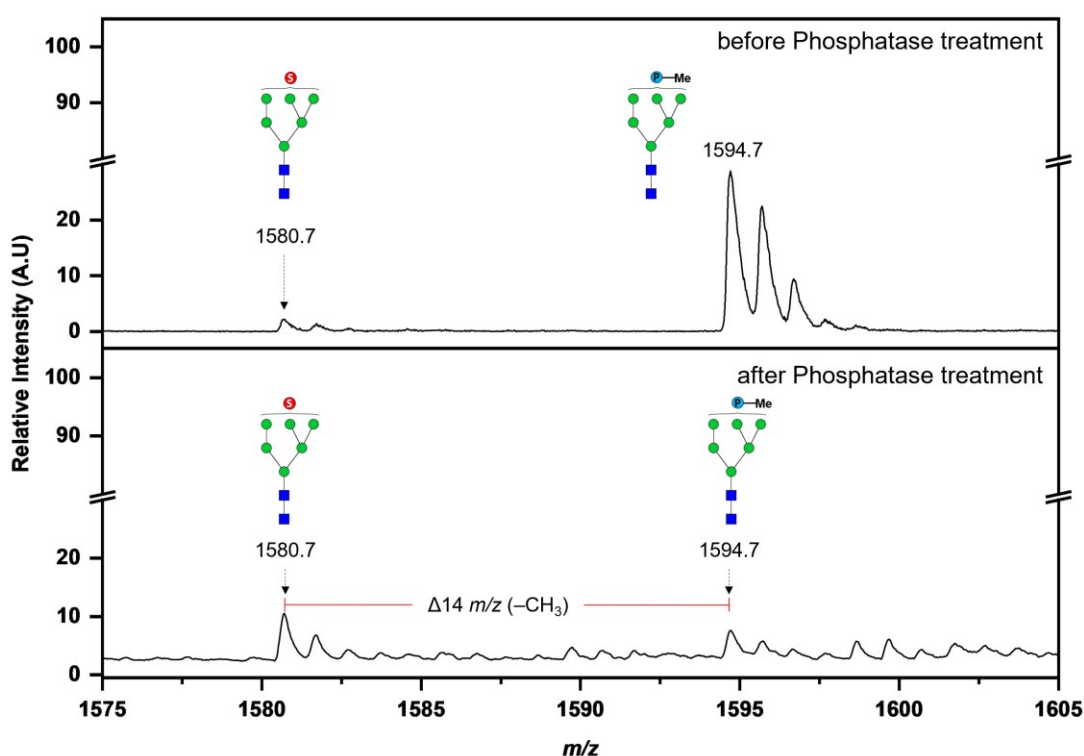
Accompanying the sulfated *N*-glycans detected was a phosphorylated high-mannose *N*-glycan (1594.7  $m/z$ ,  $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ ) (Fig 2.3A, sulfated *N*-glycan spectra). A neutral *N*-glycan peak at 1524.7  $m/z$ ,  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$  which corresponds to Man6 without phosphorylation, was also present (Fig 2.3A, neutral glycan spectra), having a mass difference of  $m/z$  70  $[\text{HPO}_3\text{Me} - \text{Na}^+ - \text{H}^+]$ , indicating the presence of a phosphate group. MALDI-TOF/TOF MS analysis of the phosphorylated Man6 in positive ion reflectron mode was performed on its corresponding di-sodiated molecular ion adduct  $[\text{M} + 2\text{Na} - \text{H}]^+$  having 1640.6  $m/z$  (Fig 2.3B). Fragment ions bearing phosphate groups were detected in the TOF/TOF MS spectra. The fragment ion peak at  $m/z$  140.67 corresponds to the loss of the mono-methylated phosphate group  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me} + 2\text{Na}^+]$ . The fragment ions at 462.93, 949.42, and 1111.27  $m/z$  correspond to  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me} + \text{Hex}_2 + 2\text{Na}^+]$ ,  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me} + \text{Hex}_5 + 2\text{Na}^+]$ , and  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me} + \text{Hex}_6 + 2\text{Na}^+]$ , respectively. In addition, neutral losses corresponding to Hex, HexHex,





HexHexHex, and HexHexNAc were observed. The reducing-end GlcNAc terminus labeled with BOA was also observed, corresponding to a neutral loss of 326.20 *m/z*. Furthermore, *N*-glycans from

ovomuroid were digested with 1  $\mu\text{L}$  of 0.8 U/ $\mu\text{L}$  alkaline phosphatase (Nippon Gene) in BAP buffer (100 mM Tris-HCl, 1 mM  $\text{MgSO}_4$ , pH 8.0) at 37°C for 24 hr. Alkaline phosphatase digestion was performed to confirm that the molecular ion peak at 1594.7  $m/z$ ,  $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$  is a mono-phosphorylated high-mannose *N*-glycan. It can be seen in Figure 2.4 that the peak intensity of 1594.7  $m/z$  diminished after phosphatase treatment, which suggests that it is indeed a phosphorylated *N*-glycan. Furthermore, on-bead methyl-esterification using MTT allowed us to differentiate between *N*-glycan isomers that carry either sulfate or phosphate groups since MTT



**Figure 2.4.** MALDI-TOF MS profile of BOA-labeled mono-phosphorylated high-mannose *N*-glycan from chicken egg white ovomucoid (OVM) before and after alkaline phosphatase treatment. *N*-glycan structures were inferred using the experimental  $m/z$  from the ExPASy GlycoMod Tool and Glycoconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and GlycoWorkbench.

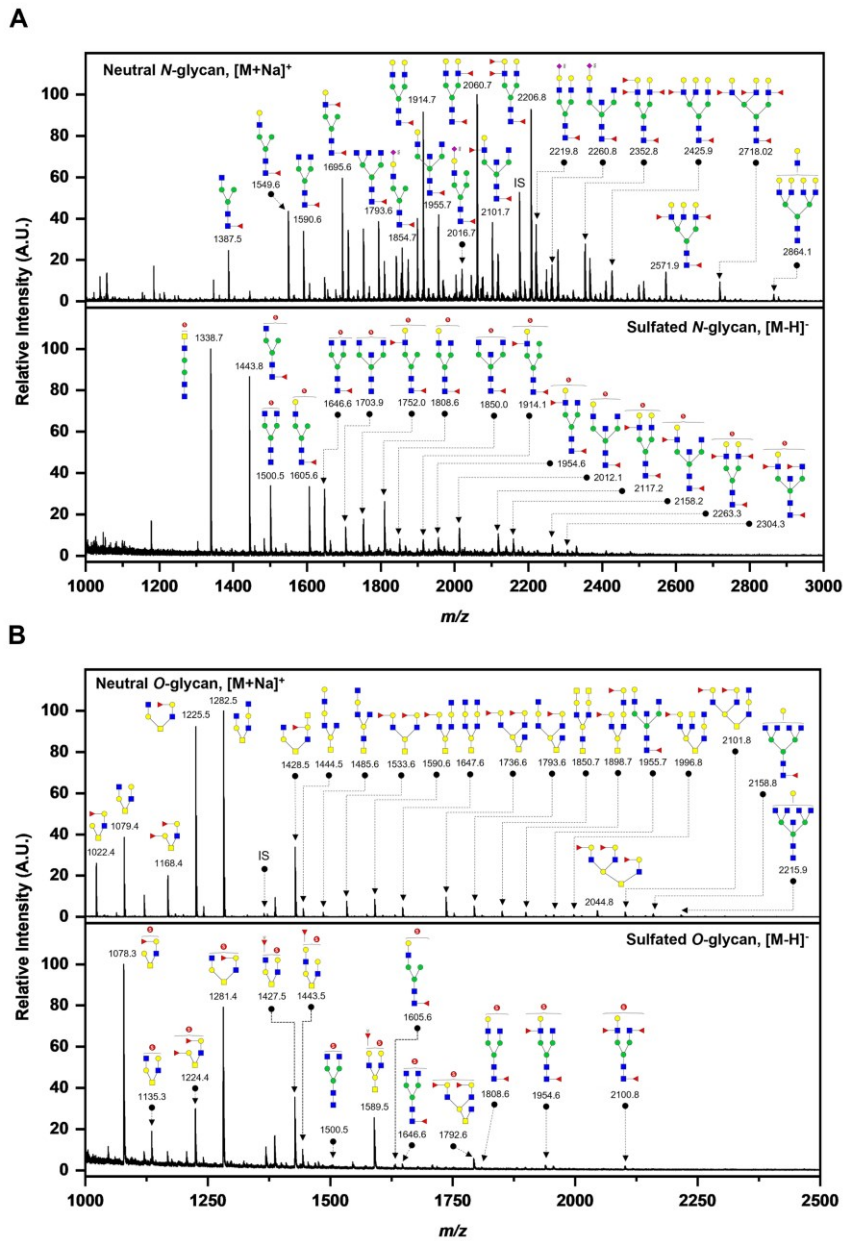
can methylate phosphate, which gives a mass difference of 14  $m/z$  corresponding to a methyl group. The molecular ion peak at 1580.7  $m/z$  was identified as mono-sulfated Man6, which was

14  $m/z$  less than 1594.7  $m/z$ . Thus, this is the first report that uses MTT as a methylating agent to simultaneously detect and differentiate sulfated *N*-glycan from its corresponding isobaric phosphorylated *N*-glycan isomer using MALDI-TOF MS. Lastly, the workflow described for the simultaneous analysis of sulfated (Sul) and phosphorylated (Pho) glycans using MALDI-TOF MS is now referred to as Sulphoglycomics.

### **2.3.5 Glycoblotting-based Sulphoglycomics of Human Saliva and Chicken Egg White.**

Human saliva is a highly complex secretion containing mucus, glycoproteins, and electrolytes from the parotid, submaxillary, sublingual, and submandibular glands. Glycoproteins from saliva are highly glycosylated, like mucins (MUC5B and MUC7), salivary agglutinin (gp340), and secretory immunoglobulins (IgA). The primary functions of saliva are lubrication, digestion, and the regulation of oral microflora. However, increasing evidence has shown that peptides and glycoproteins in the saliva play an essential role in the first line of oral defense against pathogens. Furthermore, salivary glycosylation is highly sensitive to changes in biological conditions and has been implicated in various diseases[36–40]. With this, we explored the feasibility of the Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics workflow to elucidate the glycan profile of a highly complex sample, such as saliva.

Unstimulated saliva samples were collected from a healthy volunteer by passive drooling into a 50 mL Falcon tube with 2 mL PBS and a protease inhibitor cocktail. The saliva was clarified and concentrated using an Amicon Ultra-15 Centrifugal Filter device with Ultracel 10k membrane (Merck Millipore, Cork, IRL). Protein quantification of stock saliva was performed using Micro BCA Protein Assay Kit (Thermo Scientific, Rockford, IL, USA). *N*- and *O*-glycans were subsequently released and Glycoblotted. Sulfated glycans were separated using WAX and analyzed using MALDI-TOF MS.

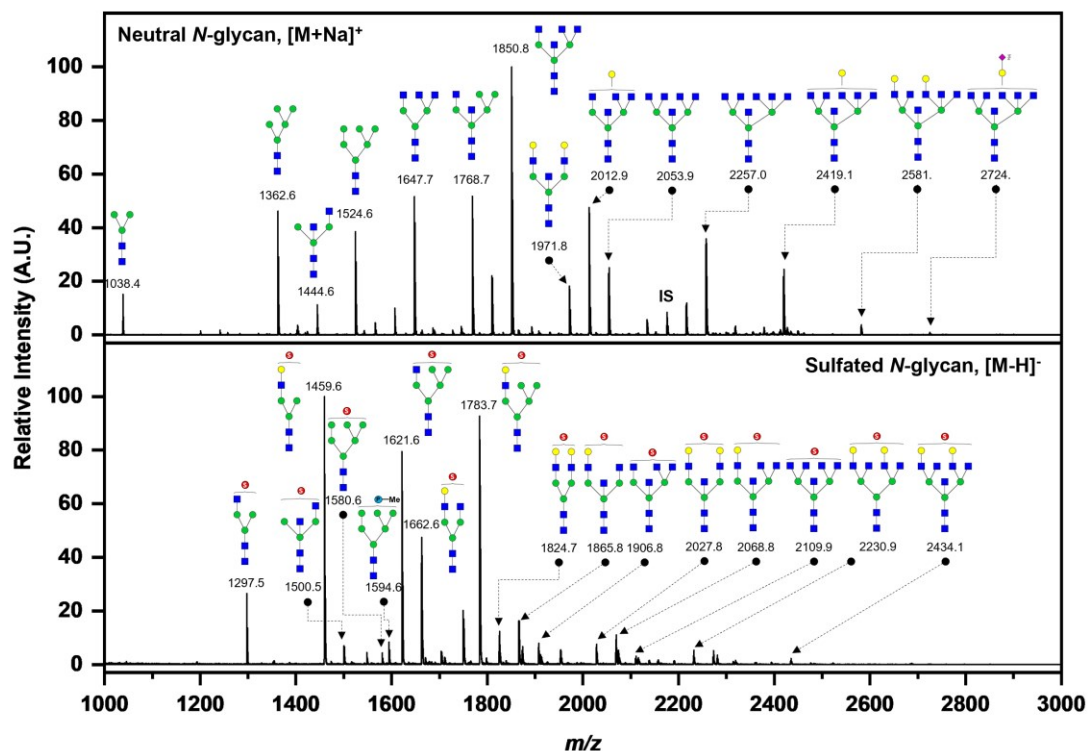


**Figure 2.5.** MALDI-TOF MS profile of BOA-labeled neutral and sulfated glycans from human saliva. (A) *N*-glycans and (B) *O*-glycans. *N*- and *O*-glycan structures were inferred using the experimental *m/z* from the ExPASy GlycoMod Tool and Glyconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and GlycoWorkbench. Linkage-specific MS/MS structural analysis of each glycan species was not attempted to verify the structure. I.S. indicates internal standard, disialyloctasaccharide, SGP-10 (1000 pmol).

As previously described, most *N*-glycans observed in human saliva of healthy individuals have a bi-antennary structure with single or multiple fucosylations. Core and branch-fucosylation have also been reported, and terminal epitopes such as Le<sup>x</sup>, Le<sup>y</sup>, and H-antigens exist. Core fucosylated sialyl *N*-glycans were also observed [39, 41]. Conversely, mono-sulfated complex *N*-glycans with mono-, di-, or tri-fucosylation were detected in the acidic *N*-glycan fraction of the WAX separation. *N*-glycans with possible sulfated GlcNAc, sulfated LacNAc, and sulfated Le<sup>x</sup> terminal epitopes were inferred from the *m/z* values of the observed molecular ion peaks (Fig 2.5A).

Similarly, Everest-Dass *et al.* reported that human salivary *O*-glycans are fucosylated and that approximately 54% of these *O*-glycans carry the blood group H-antigen. In addition, sulfation was exclusively observed in *O*-glycans, which may be attributed to salivary mucins, which are typically modified with sulfate moieties[36]. Interestingly, sulfated *O*-glycans have been reported to be almost undetectable in the saliva of healthy individuals. However, the expression of sulfated *O*-glycans in the saliva of patients with ocular rosacea is indicative of disease progression. Sulfated *O*-glycans detected have typical *core 2* structures, in which the sulfate group is generally attached to GlcNAc[37]. In addition to sulfated *O*-glycans, sulfated *N*-glycans were also observed in the high-mass region of the MS profile, owing to the ammonium carbamate method used to liberate the *O*-glycans chemically (Fig 2.5B).

*N*-glycans from chicken egg white were also profiled using the Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics approach. Avian egg white is interesting because it plays a vital role in embryonic development by acting as a mechanism for thermal and mechanical stress and providing the necessary water source and nutrients during development[42, 43]. In addition, egg white glycoproteins such as lysozyme, ovotransferrin, ovomucoid, and ovostatin elicit antimicrobial activity, thus protecting the embryo from infection. These proteins are heavily glycosylated; therefore, glycosylation may be vital during infection[44–46].



**Figure 2.6.** MALDI-TOF MS profile of BOA-labeled *N*-glycans from chicken egg white (CEW) enriched using Glycoblotting method then fractionated using WAX. *N*-glycan structures were inferred using the experimental *m/z* from the ExPASy GlycoMod Tool and Glyconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics and GlycoWorkbench. No attempt was made to verify the *N*-glycan structures using a linkage-specific MS/MS analysis. I.S. indicates internal standard, disialyloctasaccharide, SGP-10 (1000 pmol).

The neutral *N*-glycan profile showed (Fig. 2.6) that the major glycan structures inferred from the masses of the monoisotopic ions  $[M+Na]^+$  observed are high-mannose and bisecting multi-antennary complex *N*-glycans. Unlike human salivary *N*-glycans, no fucosylation was observed in egg white *N*-glycans. On the other hand, sulfated *N*-glycan structures were mono-sulfated high-mannose, hybrid, and complex *N*-glycans with GlcNAc and LacNAc terminal epitopes (Fig. 2.6 and S2). Two isomeric high-mannose structures with sulfate (1580.6 *m/z*) and phosphate (1594.6 *m/z*) groups were also detected, similar to the ovomucoid shown in Figure 2.4.

Furthermore, chicken egg white's ammonium carbamate-released glycan profiles (neutral and acidic) were remarkably similar to its' PNGase F-released *N*-glycan profiles (data not shown). Previous work noted that significant amounts of *N*-glycans were also concurrently released from glycoproteins upon treatment with ammonium carbamate[17]. Direct comparison to the *N*-glycan profile (PNGase F-released) may suggest that the monoisotopic peaks observed in the ammonium carbamate-released glycan profiles of chicken egg white are probably *N*-glycans.

We have shown that trace sulfated and phosphorylated *N*- and *O*-glycans present in complex biological samples can be detected using MALDI-TOF MS with an efficient complementary enrichment technique like the Glycoblotting method with a seamless methylation protocol and a charge-based separation technique, such as WAX. Finally, the anionic glycan expression profiles of human saliva and chicken egg whites provide insights into the importance of sulfated[47] and phosphorylated[48] glycans as critical receptors in the propagation of the influenza virus. Especially both species (humans and chickens) are essential hosts in understanding influenza infections.

## **2.4 Conclusion**

To address the current challenges in the analysis of sulfated glycans in complex biological samples, here we described a straightforward seamless workflow utilizing the advantages of the Glycoblotting method as a complementary enrichment and methylation technique for MALDI-TOF MS-based sulphoglycomics. We have shown that Glycoblotting provides an efficient glycan enrichment platform, and together with its on-bead methyl esterification using MTT, we have addressed the three main hurdles in sulphoglycomics – trace abundance, sample loss, and the presence of sialic acid. Glycoblottings' on-bead methyl esterification step proved useful in discriminating sulfated glycans from sialylated glycans and differentiating isomeric glycans bearing either sulfate or phosphate groups. Thus, this workflow offers efficient enrichment and detection of trace sulfated and phosphorylated glycans. We believe this approach would

significantly contribute to simplifying the current MALDI-TOF MS-based sulphoglycomics workflow.





## 2.5 References

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## 2.6 Supplementary Information

### **Method S1: Direct analysis of Native Sulfated *O*-glycans from Porcine Stomach Mucin.**

#### **Cotton HILIC Micro-SPE of Native *O*-glycans from Porcine Stomach Mucin (PSM)[24, 28].**

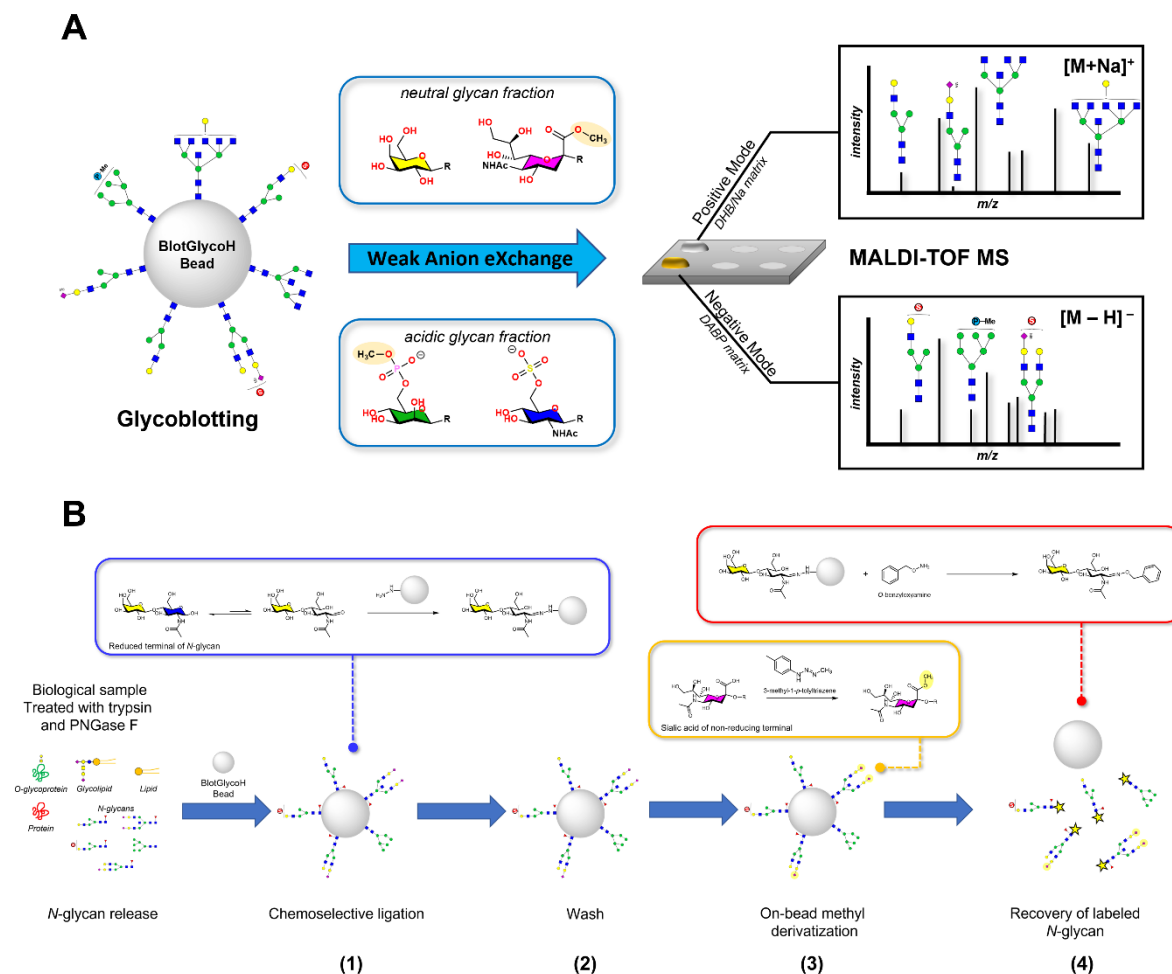
Approximately 4 mg of cotton wool (100% absorbent cotton) was inserted into a 200  $\mu$ L micropipette tip. The micro-SPE column was washed with 100  $\mu$ L water five times and conditioned with 100  $\mu$ L of 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN three times. The native *O*-glycans released from PSM were reconstituted with 40  $\mu$ L MilliQ water. A 20  $\mu$ L aliquot of the sample and 6  $\mu$ L of internal standard (Hexa-*N*-acetylchitohexaose, 35  $\mu$ M) were diluted with 150  $\mu$ L of 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN and then loaded into the column. The sample was allowed to elute by gravity, and the collected eluate was reloaded back into the column; this step was done three times. The column was washed with 95% MeCN to remove unbound and hydrophobic contaminants. Native *O*-glycans were eluted with 100  $\mu$ L water twice. The eluates were then dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**Anionic-glycan Separation of Native *O*-glycans from PSM using WAX.** Fifty microliters of 100 mg/mL 3-aminopropyl silica gel suspension (1 mmol/mg, Tokyo Chemical Industry Co. Ltd.) were packed into a 200  $\mu$ L micropipette tip with a cotton plug. The packed weak anion exchange (WAX) microcolumn was conditioned and washed sequentially with 100  $\mu$ L water, MeCN, and 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN twice. After every conditioning and washing step, the column was centrifugated at 500 rpm for 2 mins. Native *O*-glycans were reconstituted with 20  $\mu$ L water. A 5  $\mu$ L sample aliquot was dissolved in 150  $\mu$ L 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN and then loaded into the column. The sample was allowed to elute by gravity, and the collected eluate was reloaded back into the column; this step was done three times. The column was washed with 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN to remove unbound and hydrophobic contaminants. Native neutral *O*-glycans were eluted

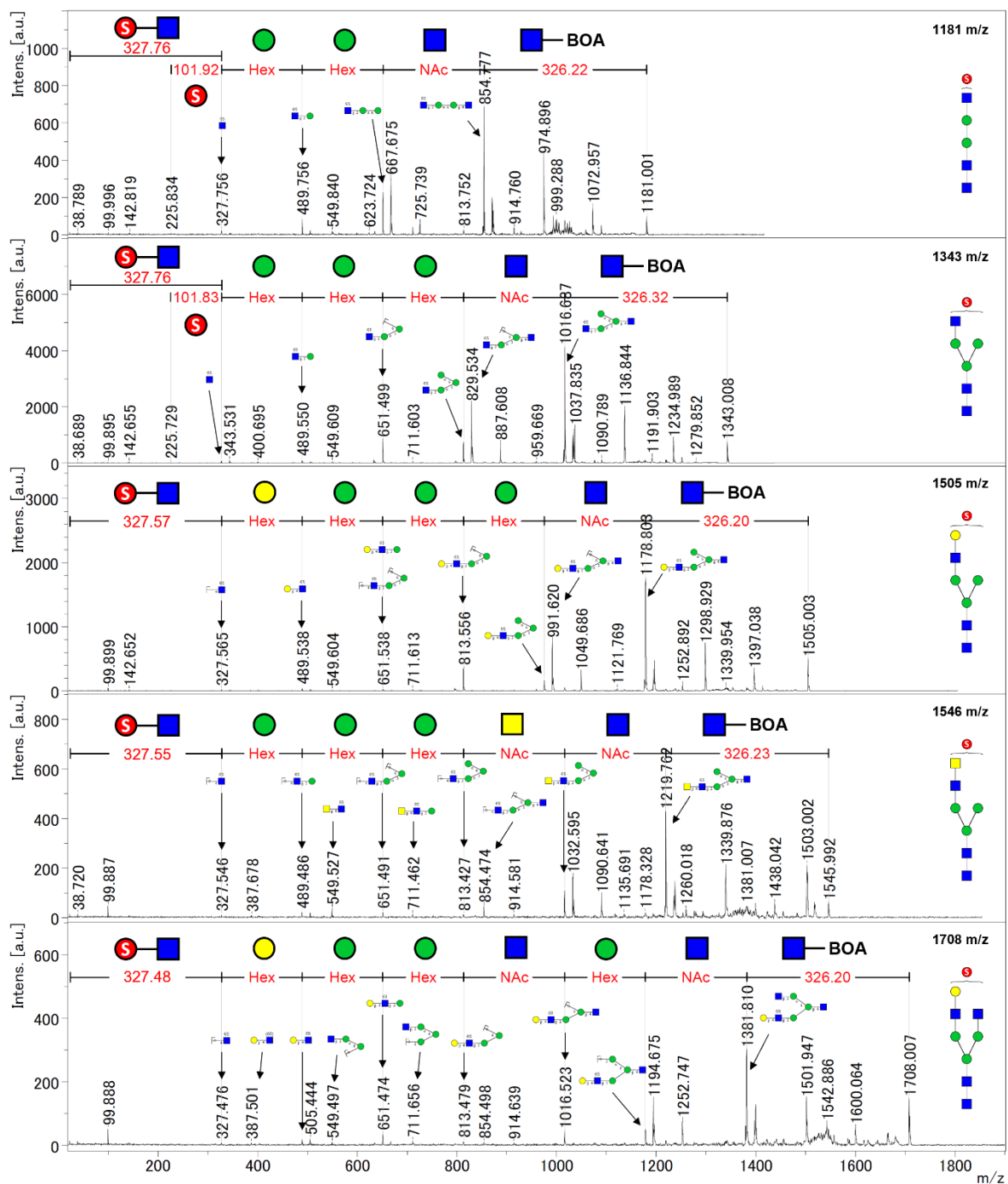


with 1% AcOH in 50% MeCN, while sulfated and sialylated *O*-glycans were eluted with 1% NH<sub>4</sub>OH in 5% MeCN (pH 10.5). The eluates were then dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**MALDI-TOF MS Analysis of Native *O*-glycans from PSM[24].** MALDI-TOF MS analysis of native *O*-glycans was achieved using the BOA/DHB/Na matrix in reflectron mode on both positive and negative ion acquisition mode. The matrix was prepared by mixing 60 μL of 1 M benzyloxyamine (BOA), 100 μL of 0.5 M DHB, and 10 μL of 0.5 M NaHCO<sub>3</sub> diluted to 1 mL with 50% MeCN. Matrix solutions (0.5 μL) were spotted on the MALDI target plate, and a 0.5 μL analyte solution was deposited on top of the matrix spots. The target plate was then incubated at 60°C for 1 hr.



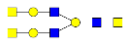

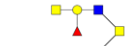

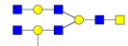










**Figure S2.1.** (A) Simplified schematic diagram of the Glycoblotting-based Sulphoglycomics workflow. (B) General Glycoblotting protocol for *N*-glycan analysis showing its seamless process starting from (1) chemoselective purification and enrichment of glycans by capturing reducing sugars onto the hydrazide-functionalized BlotGlycoH beads, (2) washing step to remove impurities, (3) on-bead methyl esterification of -COOH of sialic acid residues followed by (4) trans-iminization reaction labeling using benzyloxamine (BOA) and subsequent recovery of BOA-labeled glycans.



**Figure S2.2.** MALDI TOF/TOF MS profile of selected BOA-labeled sulfated *N*-glycans in positive ion mode having an  $[M+2Na - H]^+$  ion adduct. *N*-glycan structures were inferred using the experimental *m/z* from the ExPASy GlycoMod Tool and Glyconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics. Fragment ion assignment was manually annotated using Bruker FlexAnalysis 3.0 and GlycoWorkbench.

**Table S2.1.** Neutral *O*-glycans from porcine stomach mucin (PSM) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition | O-glycan Probable Structures [26, 27, 49] | N-glycan Probable Structures [26, 27] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|--|--|-----------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 860.34                                 | 860.34                                   | -0.2      | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 876.35                                 | 876.33                                   | -23.3     | Hex2 HexNAc2               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 917.38                                 | 917.36                                   | -23.4     | Hex1 HexNAc3               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1022.39                                | 1022.39                                  | -3.5      | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1063.45                                | 1063.42                                  | -28.0     | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1079.43                                | 1079.41                                  | -13.7     | Hex2 HexNAc3               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1120.45                                | 1120.44                                  | -7.9      | Hex1 HexNAc4               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1168.44                                | 1168.45                                  | -3.1      | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex2         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1225.47                                | 1225.47                                  | -1.5      | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1241.48                                | 1241.46                                  | -11.4     | Hex3 HexNAc3               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1282.49                                | 1282.49                                  | -2.5      | Hex2 HexNAc4               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1387.52                                | 1387.52                                  | 0.1       | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1428.54                                | 1428.55                                  | 7.2       | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1444.54                                | 1444.54                                  | 4.4       | Hex3 HexNAc4               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1485.55                                | 1485.57                                  | 11.9      | Hex2 HexNAc5               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1533.55                                | 1533.58                                  | 17.4      | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex2         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1574.63                                | 1574.61                                  | -14.0     | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex2         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1590.58                                | 1590.60                                  | 12.2      | Hex3 HexNAc4 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1606.60                                | 1606.60                                  | -3.5      | Hex4 HexNAc4               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1631.62                                | 1631.63                                  | 5.5       | Hex2 HexNAc5 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1647.60                                | 1647.62                                  | 14.7      | Hex3 HexNAc5               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1736.64                                | 1736.66                                  | 12.7      | Hex3 HexNAc4 dHex2         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1752.64                                | 1752.65                                  | 9.8       | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1793.65                                | 1793.68                                  | 18.3      | Hex3 HexNAc5 dHex1         |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1809.67                                | 1809.68                                  | 1.1       | Hex4 HexNAc5               |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |





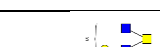













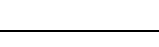


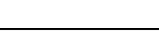


|         |         |       |                    |  |   |                            |
|---------|---------|-------|--------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 1850.67 | 1850.70 | 19.3  | Hex3 HexNAc6       |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1898.69 | 1898.71 | 12.7  | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex2 |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1939.70 | 1939.74 | 1.1   | Hex3 HexNAc5 dHex2 |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1955.72 | 1955.73 | 9.7   | Hex4 HexNAc5 dHex1 |  |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1996.76 | 1996.76 | 2.9   | Hex3 HexNAc6 dHex1 |    |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2012.73 | 2012.76 | 11.7  | Hex4 HexNAc6       |  |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2044.75 | 2044.77 | -27.6 | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex3 |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2101.78 | 2101.76 | 7.0   | Hex4 HexNAc5 dHex2 |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2142.81 | 2142.82 | 1.8   | Hex3 HexNAc6 dHex2 |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2158.79 | 2158.81 | 10.6  | Hex4 HexNAc6 dHex1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2215.85 | 2215.84 | -6.8  | Hex4 HexNAc7       |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2304.90 | 2304.87 | -11.5 | Hex4 HexNAc6 dHex2 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2362.03 | 2361.89 | -59.1 | Hex4 HexNAc7 dHex1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

**Table S2.2.** Sulfated and sialylated *O*-glycans from porcine stomach mucin (PSM) labeled with BOA enriched using cotton HILIC.

| Observed mass, m/z<br>[M+2Na-H] <sup>+</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z<br>[M+2Na-H] <sup>+</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition | O-glycan Probable Structures [26, 27, 49] | N-glycan Probable Structures [26, 27] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|--|--|-----------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 816.30                                       | 816.22   | -105.0    | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1           |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 962.37                                       | 962.28   | -101.9    | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 978.35                                       | 978.27   | -81.3     | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1           |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1027.44                                      | 1027.36  | -85.1     | Hex1 HexNAc2 NeuAc1        |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1124.44                                      | 1124.33  | -94.5     | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1165.45                                      | 1165.36  | -79.5     | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1181.43                                      | 1181.35  | -66.9     | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1           |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1189.50                                      | 1189.41  | -77.9     | Hex2 HexNAc2 NeuAc1        |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1270.50                                      | 1270.39  | -88.4     | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1<br>dHex2  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1286.47                                      | 1286.38  | -66.9     | Hex3 HexNAc2 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1327.52                                      | 1327.41  | -84.5     | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1343.49                                      | 1343.40  | -67.0     | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1           |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1392.59                                      | 1392.49  | -71.1     | Hex2 HexNAc3 NeuAc1        |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1473.57                                      | 1473.47  | -71.9     | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1<br>dHex2  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1489.56                                      | 1489.46  | -67.6     | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1505.52                                      | 1505.46  | -40.5     | Hex4 HexNAc3 Su1           |   |                                       |                            |
| 1530.59                                      | 1530.49  | -69.4     | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       |                            |
| 1546.60                                      | 1546.48  | -73.1     | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1           |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1635.64                                      | 1635.52  | -71.1     | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1<br>dHex2  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1692.65                                      | 1692.54  | -65.8     | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1708.64                                      | 1708.54  | -59.1     | Hex4 HexNAc4 Su1           |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1838.72                                      | 1838.60  | -64.7     | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1<br>dHex2  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1854.71                                      | 1854.59  | -61.4     | Hex4 HexNAc4 Su1<br>dHex1  |   |                                       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |



**Table S2.3.** Sulfated *O*-glycans from porcine stomach mucin (PSM) labeled with BOA enriched using Glycoblotting method.

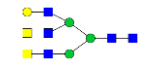
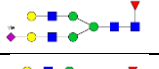

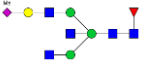
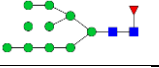

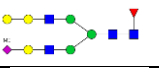

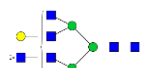

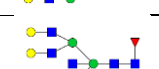







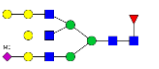

| Observed mass, m/z [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition | O-glycan Probable Structures [26, 27, 49]  | N-glycan Probable Structures [26, 27]   | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|---|---|-----------|----------------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 811.247                                 | 811.267                                   | -30.5     | HexNAc3 Su1                |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 875.278                                 | 875.271                                   | 1.4       | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1     |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 916.314                                 | 916.298                                   | 12.3      | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1     |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 932.314                                 | 932.293                                   | 17.4      | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1           |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 973.346                                 | 973.319                                   | 21.8      | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1           |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1062.363                                | 1062.356                                  | 2.1       | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1     |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1078.338                                | 1078.351                                  | -16.5     | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1     |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1119.371                                | 1119.377                                  | -10.5     | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1     |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1135.376                                | 1135.372                                  | -1.6      | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1           |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1224.422                                | 1224.409                                  | 6.7       | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1     |    |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1240.410                                | 1240.404                                  | 1.0       | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1     |   |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1281.446                                | 1281.446                                  | 8.0       | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1     |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1297.447                                | 1297.425                                  | 13.3      | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1           |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1322.472                                | 1322.457                                  | 7.7       | Hex1 HexNAc4 dHex1 Su1     |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1386.479                                | 1386.462                                  | 8.8       | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1     |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1427.516                                | 1427.488                                  | 16.3      | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex2 Su1     |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1443.515                                | 1443.483                                  | 18.9      | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1     |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1500.527                                | 1500.505                                  | 11.5      | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1           |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1589.579                                | 1589.541                                  | 20.9      | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex2 Su1     |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1605.566                                | 1605.536                                  | 15.7      | Hex4 HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1     |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1646.603                                | 1646.541                                  | 21.4      | Hex3 HexNAc4 dHex1 Su1     |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1792.651                                | 1792.620                                  | 14.1      | Hex3 HexNAc4 dHex2 Su1     |  |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

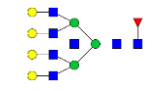
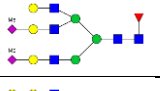
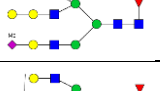
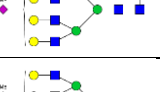
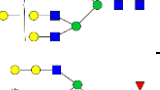
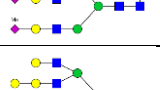
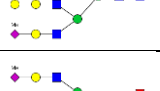
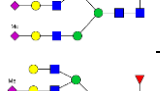
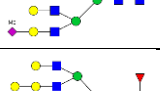
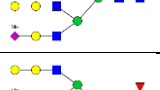
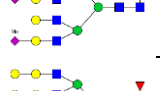
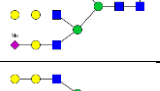
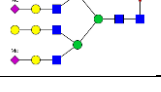


|          |          |      |                           |  |  |                            |
|----------|----------|------|---------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| 1808.657 | 1808.615 | 20.0 | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex1<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1849.711 | 1849.642 | 34.7 | Hex3 HexNAc5 dHex1<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1954.696 | 1954.673 | 9.3  | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex2<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1995.739 | 1995.699 | 17.2 | Hex3 HexNAc5 dHex2<br>Su1 |  |  |                            |
| 2011.744 | 2011.695 | 22.0 | Hex4 HexNAc5 dHex1<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2100.782 | 2100.731 | 22.0 | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex3<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2157.799 | 2157.753 | 19.1 | Hex4 HexNAc5 dHex2<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2173.782 | 2173.747 | 13.4 | Hex5 HexNAc5 dHex1<br>Su1 |  |  |                            |
| 2198.829 | 2198.779 | 20.6 | Hex3 HexNAc6 dHex2<br>Su1 |  |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2319.883 | 2139.805 | 31.1 | Hex5 HexNAc5 dHex2<br>Su1 |  |  |                            |

**Table S2.4.** Neutral *N*-glycans from bovine thyroglobulin (BTG) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition               | Probable Structure [25–27] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|--|--|-----------|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1022.52                                | 1022.39                                  | 121.3     | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1                       |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1200.58                                | 1200.44                                  | 110.0     | Hex4 HexNAc2                             |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1362.62                                | 1362.49                                  | 88.1      | Hex2 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1524.67                                | 1524.54                                  | 80.0      | Hex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1686.71                                | 1686.60                                  | 65.8      | Hex4 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1708.75                                | 1708.63                                  | 77.8      | Hex1 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1736.77                                | 1736.66                                  | 61.0      | HexNAc2 dHex2 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1848.76                                | 1848.65                                  | 54.6      | Hex5 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1854.79                                | 1854.69                                  | 62.0      | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1870.79                                | 1870.68                                  | 62.5      | Hex2 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1898.81                                | 1898.71                                  | 47.4      | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex2 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1914.81                                | 1914.71                                  | 50.7      | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2010.80                                | 2010.70                                  | 45.3      | Hex6 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2016.83                                | 2016.74                                  | 47.1      | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2032.83                                | 2032.73                                  | 53.1      | Hex3 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2057.86                                | 2057.77                                  | 50.5      | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2073.87                                | 2073.76                                  | 56.4      | Hex2 HexNAc2 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2076.86                                | 2076.76                                  | 46.7      | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2114.85                                | 2114.79                                  | 34.0      | Hex1 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2133.88                                | 2133.78                                  | 41.2      | Hex3 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2172.92                                | 2172.76                                  | 72.3      | Hex7 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2203.93                                | 2203.82                                  | 50.8      | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex2 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

|         |         |      |  |   |                            |
|---------|---------|------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 2216.00 | 2215.84 | 70.9 | Hex1 HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2219.92 | 2219.82 | 51.4 | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2247.93 | 2247.85 | 33.4 | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2260.95 | 2260.85 | 50.4 | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2318.93 | 2318.81 | 45.7 | Hex7 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc3                |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2377.95 | 2377.89 | 24.8 | Hex2 HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2381.97 | 2381.87 | 46.2 | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2410.00 | 2409.90 | 36.5 | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2418.97 | 2418.91 | 18.6 | Hex1 HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2423.01 | 2422.90 | 48.3 | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2483.02 | 2482.92 | 38.7 | Hex3 HexNAc4 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2525.05 | 2524.93 | 56.2 | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2581.09 | 2580.97 | 44.9 | Hex2 HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2585.08 | 2584.95 | 51.8 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2613.07 | 2612.98 | 32.5 | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2661.10 | 2660.97 | 47.0 | Hex5 HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2687.07 | 2686.98 | 41.3 | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2728.13 | 2728.01 | 53.9 | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2747.13 | 2747.00 | 49.9 | Hex4 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2804.14 | 2804.03 | 44.2 | Hex4 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

|         |         |      |   |   |                            |
|---------|---------|------|---|---|----------------------------|
| 2848.05 | 2848.05 | -2.8 | Hex4 HexNAc5 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2890.19 | 2890.06 | 52.2 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc2 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2909.18 | 2909.06 | 44.7 | Hex5 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2950.20 | 2950.08 | 41.7 | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc1 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2966.23 | 2966.08 | 53.6 | Hex5 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2       |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3052.24 | 3052.11 | 49.5 | Hex4 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc2 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3128.30 | 3128.13 | 57.9 | Hex6 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2       |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3195.31 | 3195.17 | 56.0 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc3 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3255.33 | 3255.19 | 49.5 | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc2 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3274.28 | 3274.19 | 26.9 | Hex6 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc1 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3417.41 | 3417.25 | 54.1 | Hex5 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc2 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |  |                            |
| 3435.38 | 3436.24 | 56.2 | Hex7 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc1 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3578.40 | 3579.30 | 21.8 | Hex6 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc2 +<br>Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

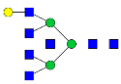
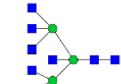
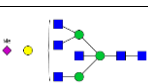
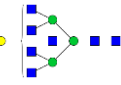

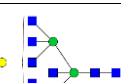
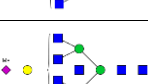
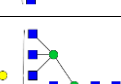
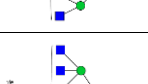
**Table S2.5.** Sulfated *N*-glycans from bovine thyroglobulin (BTG) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition                   | Probable Structure [25–27, 31] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|---|---|-----------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1418.63                                 | 1418.45                                   | 118.6     | Hex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                                |                            |
| 1764.90                                 | 1764.59                                   | 182.0     | Hex1 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                |                            |
| 1910.87                                 | 1910.65                                   | 123.1     | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1970.84                                 | 1970.67                                   | 85.4      | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2066.87                                 | 2066.66                                   | 99.3      | Hex6 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |                                |                            |
| 2113.96                                 | 2113.73                                   | 113.2     | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2132.98                                 | 2132.72                                   | 117.3     | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2170.94                                 | 2170.75                                   | 91.3      | Hex1 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2276.06                                 | 2275.78                                   | 127.1     | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2438.11                                 | 2437.83                                   | 117.4     | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2581.25                                 | 2580.89                                   | 150.0     | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2596.15                                 | 2595.90                                   | 92.5      | Hex3 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |                                |                            |
| 2641.29                                 | 2640.91                                   | 146.2     | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                |                            |
| 2803.47                                 | 2802.96                                   | 182.7     | Hex4 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                |                            |
| 2818.11                                 | 2818.96                                   | -299.1    | Hex5 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                |                            |
| 2861.13                                 | 2860.93                                   | 67.9      | Hex10 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2               |                                |                            |
| 2946.73                                 | 2946.02                                   | 248.2     | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2961.18                                 | 2961.03                                   | 47.0      | Hex4 HexNAc6 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |                                |                            |
| 3108.70                                 | 3108.08                                   | 209.8     | Hex4 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3167.98                                 | 3168.10                                   | -34.0     | Hex5 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                |                            |
| 3184.17                                 | 3184.09                                   | 27.4      | Hex6 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                |                            |
| 3311.33                                 | 3311.15                                   | 59.9      | Hex4 HexNAc4 dHex1 NeuAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                |                            |

|         |         |            |  |  |  |
|---------|---------|------------|--|--|--|
| 3330.70 | 3330.15 | 48.1       | Hex6 HexNAc4 dHex1 Su1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2   |  |  |
| 3474.65 | 3473.21 | -<br>168.6 | HexNAc8 dHex1 NeuAc2 Su1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |  |

**Table S2.6.** Neutral *N*-glycans from chicken ovomucoid (OVM) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition         | Probable Structure [26, 27, 50–53] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|--|--|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 876.42                                 | 876.33                                   | 95.6      | Hex2 HexNAc2                       |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1038.51                                | 1038.39                                  | 119.5     | Hex3 HexNAc2                       |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1241.61                                | 1241.46                                  | 118.1     | HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1403.68                                | 1403.52                                  | 113.3     | Hex1 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1444.71                                | 1444.54                                  | 112.3     | HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1524.73                                | 1524.54                                  | 123.1     | Hex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1606.77                                | 1606.60                                  | 106.0     | Hex1 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1647.79                                | 1647.62                                  | 103.4     | HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1708.80                                | 1708.63                                  | 100.9     | Hex1 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1727.83                                | 1727.62                                  | 118.0     | Hex3 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1768.83                                | 1768.65                                  | 99.7      | Hex2 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1809.86                                | 1809.68                                  | 100.0     | Hex1 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1832.86                                | 1832.65                                  | 112.1     | Hex4 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1848.88                                | 1848.65                                  | 125.8     | Hex5 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1850.89                                | 1850.70                                  | 101.7     | HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1870.91                                | 1870.68                                  | 120.7     | Hex2 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1911.90                                | 1911.71                                  | 99.8      | Hex1 HexNAc2 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1930.91                                | 1930.70                                  | 104.9     | Hex3 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1994.93                                | 1994.71                                  | 110.0     | Hex5 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2012.96                                | 2012.76                                  | 101.3     | Hex1 HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2054.00                                | 2053.78                                  | 104.3     | HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2115.06                                | 2114.79                                  | 130.8     | Hex1 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

|         |         |       |                                    |   |                            |
|---------|---------|-------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| 2216.06 | 2215.84 | 102.2 | Hex1 HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2257.11 | 2256.86 | 110.2 | HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2318.12 | 2317.87 | 108.5 | Hex1 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2378.16 | 2377.89 | 114.7 | Hex2 HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2403.17 | 2402.92 | 105.5 | HexNAc6 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2419.19 | 2418.91 | 112.4 | Hex1 HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2521.19 | 2520.95 | 97.3  | Hex1 HexNAc5 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2581.25 | 2580.97 | 111.2 | Hex2 HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2724.33 | 2724.03 | 112.7 | Hex1 HexNAc6 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  |                            |



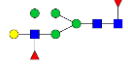
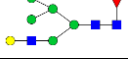
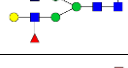

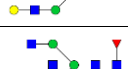



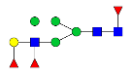
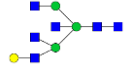




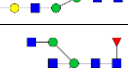
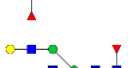

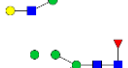



**Table S2.7.** Sulfated *N*-glycans from chicken ovomucoid (OVM) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, $m/z$ [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Calculated mass, $m/z$ [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition             | Probable Structure [26, 27, 33, 54] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|---|---|-----------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1297.60                                   | 1297.43                                     | 129.6     | HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1459.67                                   | 1459.48                                     | 129.6     | Hex1 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |
| 1500.69                                   | 1500.50                                     | 118.1     | HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1580.69                                   | 1580.50                                     | 115.9     | Hex3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1594.72                                   | 1594.53                                     | 124.9     | Hex3 PMe1 + Man3 GlcNAc2               |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1621.75                                   | 1621.53                                     | 133.9     | Hex2 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |
| 1662.77                                   | 1662.56                                     | 125.2     | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1703.78                                   | 1703.58                                     | 111.1     | HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1783.83                                   | 1783.58                                     | 136.4     | Hex3 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1797.83                                   | 1797.61                                     | 132.0     | Hex3 HexNAc1 PMe1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1824.85                                   | 1824.61                                     | 128.4     | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1865.89                                   | 1865.64                                     | 132.0     | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1906.91                                   | 1906.66                                     | 126.5     | HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1967.97                                   | 1967.67                                     | 156.6     | Hex1 HexNAc2 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                     |                            |
| 2027.98                                   | 2027.69                                     | 142.1     | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |
| 2069.01                                   | 2068.72                                     | 139.3     | Hex1 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |
| 2110.01                                   | 2109.74                                     | 125.2     | HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2129.31                                   | 2129.72                                     | -189.6    | Hex2 HexNAc2 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2190.11                                   | 2189.74                                     | 166.8     | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |
| 2231.10                                   | 2230.77                                     | 148.5     | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |
| 2272.14                                   | 2271.80                                     | 150.2     | Hex1 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                                     |                            |

|         |         |       |  |  |  |
|---------|---------|-------|--|--|--|
| 2313.21 | 2312.82 | 164.4 | HexNAc6 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |  |  |
| 2333.07 | 2332.80 | 122.3 | Hex2 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  |  |
| 2393.22 | 2392.82 | 164.3 | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |  |  |
| 2434.26 | 2433.85 | 167.7 | Hex2 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |  |  |
| 2475.25 | 2475.87 | 149.2 | Hex1 HexNAc6 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |  |  |

**Table S2.8.** Neutral *N*-glycans from human saliva (HS) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition               | Probable Structure [26, 27, 36, 39, 41, 55] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|--|--|-----------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 1038.44                                | 1038.39                                  | -53.5     | Hex3 HexNAc2                             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1200.50                                | 1200.44                                  | -54.8     | Hex4 HexNAc2                             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1282.54                                | 1282.49                                  | -39.5     | Hex2 HexNAc4                             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1346.53                                | 1346.50                                  | 23.7      | Hex4 HexNAc2 dHex1                       |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1362.53                                | 1362.49                                  | -27.1     | Hex2 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1387.56                                | 1387.52                                  | -28.3     | HexNAc1 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1403.54                                | 1403.52                                  | -18.8     | Hex1 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1444.57                                | 1444.54                                  | -15.8     | HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2                   |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1508.58                                | 1508.55                                  | -21.2     | Hex2 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1524.58                                | 1524.54                                  | -25.0     | Hex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2                      |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1549.60                                | 1549.58                                  | -17.1     | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1565.66                                | 1565.57                                  | -58.5     | Hex2 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1590.61                                | 1590.60                                  | -6.9      | HexNAc2 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1606.60                                | 1606.60                                  | 0.6       | Hex1 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1647.63                                | 1647.62                                  | -2.7      | HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2                   |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1695.64                                | 1695.63                                  | -4.5      | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex2 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1711.64                                | 1711.63                                  | -5.1      | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1736.63                                | 1736.66                                  | 15.5      | HexNAc2 dHex2 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1752.66                                | 1752.65                                  | -3.5      | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1768.65                                | 1768.65                                  | -1.2      | Hex2 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1793.68                                | 1793.68                                  | 3.0       | HexNAc3 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1809.67                                | 1809.68                                  | 3.5       | Hex1 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2              |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1841.69                                | 1841.69                                  | 0.2       | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |   |                            |
| 1854.68                                | 1854.67                                  | -7.6      | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

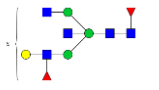
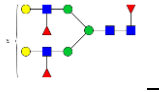
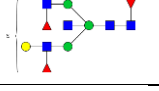
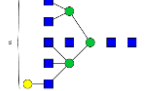
|         |         |       |   |   |                            |
|---------|---------|-------|---|---|----------------------------|
| 1857.68 | 1857.69 | 1.2   | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1873.68 | 1873.68 | 1.1   | Hex3 HexNAc1 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1898.71 | 1898.71 | 2.0   | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1914.71 | 1914.71 | 1.4   | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1930.68 | 1930.70 | 13.3  | Hex3 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2                 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1955.72 | 1955.73 | 8.8   | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1971.70 | 1971.73 | 16.8  | Hex2 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2                 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1996.78 | 1996.76 | -10.1 | HexNAc4 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2000.77 | 2000.74 | -18.1 | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex2 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |   |                            |
| 2003.73 | 2003.74 | 6.1   | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |
| 2012.74 | 2012.76 | 6.3   | Hex1 HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2                 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2016.74 | 2016.72 | -7.6  | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2019.73 | 2019.74 | 3.0   | Hex3 HexNAc1 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |
| 2044.76 | 2044.77 | 7.2   | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2060.76 | 2060.77 | 2.2   | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2076.74 | 2076.76 | 10.8  | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2101.77 | 2101.79 | 8.6   | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2117.78 | 2117.79 | 4.3   | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2158.80 | 2158.81 | 5.8   | Hex1 HexNAc4 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2162.78 | 2162.78 | 0.8   | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex2 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |
| 2165.81 | 2165.80 | -7.9  | Hex3 HexNAc1 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |

|         |         |       |   |  |                            |
|---------|---------|-------|---|--|----------------------------|
| 2187.82 | 2187.83 | 4.1   | HexNAc2 dHex3 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2      |  |                            |
| 2206.82 | 2206.82 | -0.2  | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2219.81 | 2219.80 | -4.5  | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2222.82 | 2222.82 | 0.2   | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2247.82 | 2247.85 | 11.6  | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2260.85 | 2260.83 | -9.0  | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2263.86 | 2263.85 | -5.3  | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2276.81 | 2276.81 | -2.4  | Hex2 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2       |  |                            |
| 2279.84 | 2279.84 | -0.5  | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2292.83 | 2292.82 | -3.3  | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex4 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |
| 2295.94 | 2295.83 | -47.1 | Hex4 HexNAc3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2              |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2304.83 | 2304.87 | 17.2  | Hex1 HexNAc4 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2320.84 | 2320.87 | 11.0  | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2334.88 | 2334.81 | -29.6 | Hex8 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2                      |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2352.90 | 2352.88 | -6.6  | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex4 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |
| 2365.89 | 2365.86 | -10.1 | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex2 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2381.93 | 2381.86 | -32.8 | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2393.87 | 2393.91 | 14.2  | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex4 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |
| 2409.92 | 2407.90 | -7.5  | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2425.92 | 2425.90 | -11.2 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

|         |         |       |   |  |                            |
|---------|---------|-------|---|--|----------------------------|
| 2466.91 | 2466.92 | 4.6   | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2479.90 | 2479.90 | 1.2   | Hex2 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2       |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2498.95 | 2498.94 | -14.7 | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex5 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2511.94 | 2511.93 | -10.0 | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex3 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2555.96 | 2555.96 | 1.5   | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex4 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |
| 2571.98 | 2571.96 | -10.6 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2584.96 | 2584.94 | -10.3 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex1 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2612.96 | 2612.98 | 8.5   | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex3 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2718.05 | 2718.05 | -14.5 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex4 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2731.05 | 2730.99 | -20.4 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex2 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2759.04 | 2759.04 | -0.3  | Hex2 HexNAc4 dHex4 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  |                            |
| 2864.10 | 2864.05 | -17.3 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex5 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2        |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2877.11 | 2877.05 | -20.5 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex3 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 3011.21 | 3011.09 | -40.4 | Hex5 HexNAc2 dHex1 NeuAc2 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |
| 3023.22 | 3023.11 | -35.0 | Hex3 HexNAc3 dHex4 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |

**Table S2.9.** Sulfated *N*-glycans from human saliva (HS) labeled with BOA.

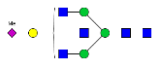







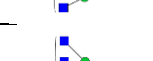


| Observed mass, $m/z$ [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Calculated mass, $m/z$ [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition            | Probable Structure [26, 27, 37] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|---|---|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1338.78                                   | 1338.45                                     | -245.0    | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1                      |                                 |                            |
| 1443.86                                   | 1443.48                                     | -263.7    | HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                                 |                            |
| 1500.83                                   | 1500.50                                     | -215.8    | HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2            |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1605.94                                   | 1605.54                                     | -254.0    | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1646.95                                   | 1646.56                                     | -238.2    | HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1662.94                                   | 1662.56                                     | -230.2    | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1703.95                                   | 1703.58                                     | -214.3    | HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2            |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1752.03                                   | 1751.59                                     | -248.3    | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 |                            |
| 1768.02                                   | 1767.59                                     | -243.7    | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1793.00                                   | 1792.62                                     | -210.7    | HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                                 |                            |
| 1809.03                                   | 1808.62                                     | -227.5    | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1850.07                                   | 1849.64                                     | -229.8    | HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1865.99                                   | 1865.64                                     | -188.5    | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1914.12                                   | 1913.65                                     | -249.3    | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 |                            |
| 1955.15                                   | 1954.67                                     | -243.8    | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1971.14                                   | 1970.67                                     | -239.2    | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1996.07                                   | 1995.70                                     | -183.6    | HexNAc3 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                                 |                            |
| 2012.11                                   | 2011.69                                     | -208.8    | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2076.16                                   | 2075.70                                     | -221.9    | Hex3 HexNAc1 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 |                            |
| 2101.22                                   | 2100.73                                     | -231.9    | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2117.21                                   | 2116.73                                     | -230.4    | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                 |                            |

|         |         |        |  |   |                            |
|---------|---------|--------|--|---|----------------------------|
| 2158.22 | 2157.75 | -218.4 | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex2 Su1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2263.31 | 2262.78 | 219.7  | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex3 Su1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |
| 2304.31 | 2303.81 | -218.0 | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex3 Su1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |
| 2474.46 | 2474.87 | 166.9  | Hex1 HexNAc6 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |  |                            |



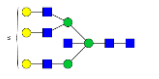
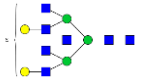
**Table S2.10.** Neutral *N*-glycans from chicken egg white (CEW) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M+Na] <sup>+</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition  | Probable Structure [19, 26, 27, 50–53, 56] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|--|--|-----------|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| 1038.45                                | 1038.39                                  | 119.5     | Hex3 HexNAc2                |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1200.50                                | 1200.44                                  | 45.1      | Hex4 HexNAc2                |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1241.53                                | 1241.46                                  | 118.1     | HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1282.56                                | 1282.44                                  | 50.1      | Hex2 HexNAc4                |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1362.56                                | 1362.49                                  | 44.9      | Hex2 + Man3 HexNAc2         |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1403.58                                | 1403.52                                  | 113.3     | Hex1 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1444.61                                | 1444.54                                  | 112.3     | HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1524.61                                | 1524.54                                  | 123.1     | Hex3 + Man3 GlcNAc2         |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1565.64                                | 1565.57                                  | 41.6      | Hex2 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1606.66                                | 1606.60                                  | 106.0     | Hex1 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1647.69                                | 1647.62                                  | 103.4     | HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1686.68                                | 1686.60                                  | 46.4      | Hex4 + Man3 GlcNAc2         |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1727.70                                | 1727.62                                  | 118.0     | Hex3 HexNAc1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1768.72                                | 1768.65                                  | 99.7      | Hex2 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1809.75                                | 1809.68                                  | 100.0     | Hex1 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1832.76                                | 1832.65                                  | 112.1     | Hex4 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2   |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1850.77                                | 1850.70                                  | 101.7     | HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1930.79                                | 1930.70                                  | 104.9     | Hex3 HexNAc2 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1971.81                                | 1971.73                                  | 36.6      | Hex2 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1994.83                                | 1994.71                                  | 110.0     | Hex5 dHex1 + Man3 GlcNAc2   |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2012.83                                | 2012.76                                  | 101.3     | Hex1 HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2053.87                                | 2053.78                                  | 104.3     | HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |

|         |         |       |                                       |   |                            |
|---------|---------|-------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| 2114.87 | 2114.79 | 130.8 | Hex1 HexNAc3 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2133.87 | 2133.78 | 39.0  | Hex3 HexNAc3 + Man3 GlcNAc2           |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2174.89 | 2174.81 | 33.7  | Hex2 HexNAc4 + Man3 GlcNAc2           |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2215.92 | 2215.84 | 102.2 | Hex1 HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2           |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2256.95 | 2256.86 | 110.2 | HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2317.97 | 2317.87 | 108.5 | Hex1 HexNAc4 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2377.99 | 2377.89 | 114.7 | Hex2 HexNAc5 + Man3 GlcNAc2           |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2419.02 | 2418.91 | 112.4 | Hex1 HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2           |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2521.05 | 2520.95 | 97.3  | Hex1 HexNAc5 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |    | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2581.10 | 2580.97 | 111.2 | Hex2 HexNAc6 + Man3 GlcNAc2           |   | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2724.17 | 2724.03 | 112.7 | Hex1 HexNAc6 NeuAc1 + Man3<br>GlcNAc2 |  |                            |

**Table S2.11.** Sulfated *N*-glycans from chicken egg white (CEW) labeled with BOA.

| Observed mass, m/z [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Calculated mass, m/z [M - H] <sup>-</sup> | Error ppm | Monosaccharide composition       | Probable Structure [26, 27, 33, 54] | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|---|---|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1297.47                                 | 1297.43                                   | 36.3      | HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1459.56                                 | 1459.48                                   | 55.4      | Hex1 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 1500.54                                 | 1500.50                                   | 24.9      | HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1580.55                                 | 1580.50                                   | 30.8      | Hex3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1594.59                                 | 1594.53                                   | 38.0      | Hex3 PMe1 + Man3 GlcNAc2         |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1621.63                                 | 1621.53                                   | 60.7      | Hex2 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 1662.66                                 | 1662.56                                   | 61.8      | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1703.62                                 | 1703.58                                   | 18.7      | HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1783.74                                 | 1783.58                                   | 85.3      | Hex3 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1797.69                                 | 1797.61                                   | 47.3      | Hex3 HexNAc1 PMe1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1824.72                                 | 1824.61                                   | 62.8      | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1865.78                                 | 1865.64                                   | 74.4      | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 1906.78                                 | 1906.66                                   | 60.9      | HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2027.84                                 | 2027.69                                   | 76.7      | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 2068.88                                 | 2068.72                                   | 80.0      | Hex1 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 2109.88                                 | 2109.74                                   | 67.0      | HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| 2189.95                                 | 2189.74                                   | 96.5      | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 2230.95                                 | 2230.77                                   | 83.4      | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 2272.00                                 | 2271.80                                   | 90.3      | Hex1 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                                     |                            |
| 2313.05                                 | 2312.82                                   | 98.6      | HexNAc6 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                                     |                            |

|         |         |       |                                 |   |  |
|---------|---------|-------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| 2393.09 | 2392.82 | 113.4 | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  |  |
| 2434.12 | 2433.85 | 112.5 | Hex2 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |  |  |



**Chapter 3      Glycoblotting-based SulPhoglycomics Analysis  
of Sulfated and Phosphorylated *N*-glycans  
from the Egg Whites of Anseriformes Species  
(Waterfowls)**



### 3.1 Introduction

Influenza A virus (IAV) membrane proteins, hemagglutinin (HA) and neuraminidase (NA), play crucial roles in virus infectivity, transmissibility, pathogenicity, and host specificity[1]. Combinations of different HA and NA subtypes give rise to some of the deadliest IAVs that have caused major pandemics[2]. IAVs possess the remarkable ability to evolve and evade neutralization by antibodies and vaccinations through antigenic evolution[3]. In particular, human-adapted IAVs exhibit binding specificity towards sialyl-LacNAc, characterized by an  $\alpha$ 2,6 linkage between Sia and Gal, while avian IAVs bind to sialyl-LacNAc with  $\alpha$ 2,3 linkages[4, 5].

IAV demonstrates a wide range of host species, with avian species belonging to the Order Anseriformes (waterfowls) serving as its natural reservoir[2]. Waterfowl are resistant to avian influenza virus (AIV) and show no clinical symptoms despite harboring almost all subtypes of IAV[6, 7]. Avian species primarily experience IAV infections in the respiratory and intestinal tracts. In chickens, the respiratory tract serves as the initial site of infection, facilitating viral transmission through aerosol droplets. On the other hand, ducks transmit the virus through the oral-fecal route, as IAV replication occurs in their intestine, colon, and cloaca, typically observed in birds infected with low pathogenic avian influenza virus (LPAIV). In contrast, highly pathogenic avian influenza virus (HPAIV) causes systemic infections, affecting various tissues such as the heart, brain, spleen, liver, and oviduct[6–8].

HPAIV has been observed and isolated in the oviducts of certain avian species. Additionally, LPIAV infection of avian oviduct explants has been demonstrated in chickens, turkeys, and ducks, with susceptibility observed in all sections of the oviduct, particularly the magnum cells[9]. This susceptibility explains the detection of HPIAV in the yolk and albumen of eggs, suggesting a potential role of the reproductive tract in the pathobiology of IAV in avian species. Furthermore, egg-borne influenza viruses not only impact wild and domesticated birds but also pose serious implications for viral dissemination to humans[10, 11].



Avian IAVs exhibit species-specific differences in the receptor binding specificities of HA. While Sia- $\alpha$ 2,3Gal is considered the minimum essential glycan structure for binding, the fine details of HA specificity vary depending on the original host species. These binding specificities of avian IAVs are determined through synthetic glycan library evaluations using microarray or histochemical analyses[6, 12, 13]. Therefore, it is crucial to determine the glycan structures expressed in host cells and tissues, as the receptor binding specificities of HA play a crucial role in determining tissue and species tropism of IAV. Information about the glycan structures present in these tissues is valuable for identifying critical structures that IAVs would bind to, highlighting the significance of host cell glycans as natural barriers for transmission between different species[8].

Recent studies have shed light on the importance of sulfated-glycan structures on IAV hosts. Notably, the inoculation of IAV into MDCK cells overexpressing sulfotransferase resulted in a 90-fold increase in viral replication. Fuc- and sulfated Sialyl-LacNAc moieties were found to be expressed in chicken embryos, suggesting their involvement in the efficient propagation of human H1N1 in chicken embryos[14, 15]. These findings underscore the importance of thoroughly evaluating different sulfated-glycan structures on IAV hosts, considering that the receptor binding affinity of each hemagglutinin subtype varies and greatly depends not only on  $\alpha$ 2,3/6-linked sialosides but also on the underlying glycan structures[13, 14, 16].

Egg white samples offer valuable insights into glycan diversity and their roles in protecting embryos from infections. The structural diversity of egg white glycans is species-specific, resulting from environmental pressures such as pathogenic invasions. Additionally, since embryos are unable to produce antibodies, immunoglobulins from the hen are transferred into the egg, providing a snapshot of the maternal immune system's specific defense against pathogens[17]. Hence, the diversity of glycans in egg whites can be inferred as a product of the evolutionary history of antipathogenic offense and defense[18]. In this study, we conducted a large-scale analysis of avian egg whites from Order Anseriformes (Waterfowls) using the

Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics approach we previously described. Our findings unveiled a wide range of sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycan species that exhibit distinct expression patterns in waterfowl egg whites. Importantly, we inferred the potential significance of these glycan variations concerning influenza infection in waterfowl.

## 3.2 Methodology

**3.2.1 Egg Whites.** Egg whites from various species of Order Anseriformes (4 families, 27 genera, 66 species) were collected by M. Laskowski, Jr.[19–21], and were maintained at -20°C. The scientific names of the birds were adapted from Sibley and Monroe. The DNA-DNA hybridization of Sibley *et al.* was used as our primary reference because their classification of birds worldwide is complementary to the phylogenetic analysis[22, 23].

**3.2.2 Materials.** Peptide *N*-glycosidase F (PNGase F) was acquired from New England BioLabs (Ipswich, MA, USA), proteinase K was from Roche (Germany), trypsin was from Sigma-Aldrich Corp. (St. Louis, MO, USA), and the bacterial alkaline phosphatase (BAP) was from Nippon Gene, Ltd. (Tokyo, Japan). Ammonium carbamate, benzyloxyamine hydrochloride (BOA), 3-methyl-1-*p*-tolyltriazene (MTT), disialyloctasaccharide (SGP-10), hexa-*N*-acetylchitohexaose, 2,5-dihydroxybenzoic acid (DHB), sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO<sub>3</sub>), 3,4-diaminobenzophenone (DABP), and trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) were obtained from Tokyo Chemical Industry Co. (Tokyo, Japan). BlotGlycoH bead was acquired from Sumitomo Bakelite, Co., Ltd. (Tokyo, Japan).

**3.2.3 *N*-glycan Release**[18, 24] . Lyophilized egg whites (approx. 1 mg) were dissolved in 50 µL of 200 mM NH<sub>4</sub>HCO<sub>3</sub>, followed by the addition of 4 µL denaturation buffer (5% SDS, 0.4 M DTT). The mixture was denatured for 10 mins at 100°C. After denaturation, 10 µL of 123 mM iodoacetamide was added to the mix and incubated in the dark at room temperature for 1 hr. Tryptic digestion was achieved by adding 10 µL of 40 U/µL sequence-grade Trypsin (Sigma-

Aldrich) in 1 mM HCl; the mixture was then incubated overnight at 37°C, followed by heat inactivation of the enzyme at 90°C for 10 mins. The tryptic digest was allowed to cool at room temperature, then 8 µL reaction buffer (0.5 M Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, pH 7.5), 8 µL 10% NP-40, and 2 µL of 5 U/µL PNGase F (New England BioLabs) were added, and incubated overnight at 37°C. The mixture was further digested with 10 µL of 0.5 U/µL Proteinase K (Roche, Germany) at 37°C for 3 hrs, followed by heat inactivation of the enzyme at 90°C for 10 mins. The sample was dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**3.2.4 Glycan Enrichment Using Glycoblotting** [18, 24, 25]. A 250 µL aliquot of 10 mg/mL BlotGlycoH bead (Sumitomo Bakelite, Co.) suspension was dispensed into each well of the 96-well multiScreen Solvint filter plate (Millipore, Billerica, MA). The filter plate was then attached to a vacuum manifold to remove water. The dried sample containing released *N*-glycans from egg whites was reconstituted with 40 µL MilliQ water. A 20 µL aliquot of the reconstituted sample was added into the wells with 10 µL of 100 µM disialyloctasaccharide, SGP-10 (Tokyo Chemical Industry Co., Ltd.) internal standard, and 180 µL of 2% AcOH in acetonitrile (MeCN). The 96-well filter plate was incubated at 80°C for 45 mins until dry. Each sample well was washed with 200 µL of 2 M guanidine-HCl in 16 mM NH<sub>4</sub>HCO<sub>3</sub>, water, and 1% triethylamine in methanol (MeOH) sequentially. Each solvent washing was performed twice and vacuumed after every washing step. Unreacted hydrazide functional groups on the beads were capped with an acetyl group by incubating each sample well with 100 µL of 10% acetic anhydride in MeOH for 30 mins at room temperature. The capping solution was then removed by vacuum and sequentially washed twice with 200 µL of 10 mM HCl, MeOH, and dioxane. On-bead methyl esterification of the carboxyl groups of acidic glycans (e.g., sialic acid) was performed by adding 100 µL of 100 mM 3-methyl-1-*p*-tolyltriazene (MTT) in dioxane into the sample and incubated at 60°C for 90 mins until dry [26]. The 96-well plate was washed twice with 200 µL dioxane, water, MeOH, and water sequentially. The captured glycans on the BlotGlycoH beads were labeled with benzyloxyamine

(BOA) via trans-iminization reaction. The labeling was performed by adding 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of 50 mM BOA-HCl and 180  $\mu\text{L}$  of 2% AcOH in MeCN at 80°C for 45 mins. BOA-labeled glycans were eluted with 150  $\mu\text{L}$  water twice. The sample was dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**3.2.5 Anionic-glycan Separation using WAX** [27, 28]. Fifty microliters of 100 mg/mL 3-aminopropyl silica gel suspension (1 mmol/mg, Tokyo Chemical Industry Co. Ltd.) were packed into a 200  $\mu\text{L}$  micropipette tip with a cotton plug. The packed weak anion exchange (WAX) microcolumn was conditioned and washed sequentially with 100  $\mu\text{L}$  water, MeCN, and 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN twice. After every conditioning and washing step, the column was centrifugated at 500 rpm for 2 mins. BOA-labeled *N*-glycans were reconstituted with 20  $\mu\text{L}$  water. A 5  $\mu\text{L}$  sample aliquot was dissolved in 150  $\mu\text{L}$  1% AcOH in 95% MeCN and then loaded into the column. The sample was allowed to elute by gravity, and the collected eluate was reloaded back into the column; this step was done three times. The column was washed with 1% AcOH in 95% MeCN to remove unbound and hydrophobic contaminants. BOA-labeled neutral and mono-methylated sialyl *N*-glycans were eluted with 1% AcOH in 50% MeCN (Neutral *N*-glycan Fraction), while BOA-labeled sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans were eluted with 1%  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  in 5% MeCN (pH 10.5) (Acidic *N*-glycan Fraction). The eluates were then dried in a SpeedVac and stored at -20°C until use.

**3.2.6 Mass Spectrometric Analysis.** MALDI-TOF MS analysis of BOA-labeled *N*-glycans was performed using Ultraflex III (Bruker, Bremen, Germany) operated on reflectron mode on both positive and negative ion acquisition mode. Neutral and mono-methylated sialyl-glycans were analyzed in positive ion mode using 10 mg/mL DHB/ $\text{NaHCO}_3$  (10:1) in 50% MeCN matrix [29, 30]. While sulfated glycans were analyzed in negative ion mode using the DABP matrix (3,4-diaminobenzophenone, 10 mg/mL in 75% MeCN with 0.1% TFA) [27, 28, 31, 32]. The MALDI-

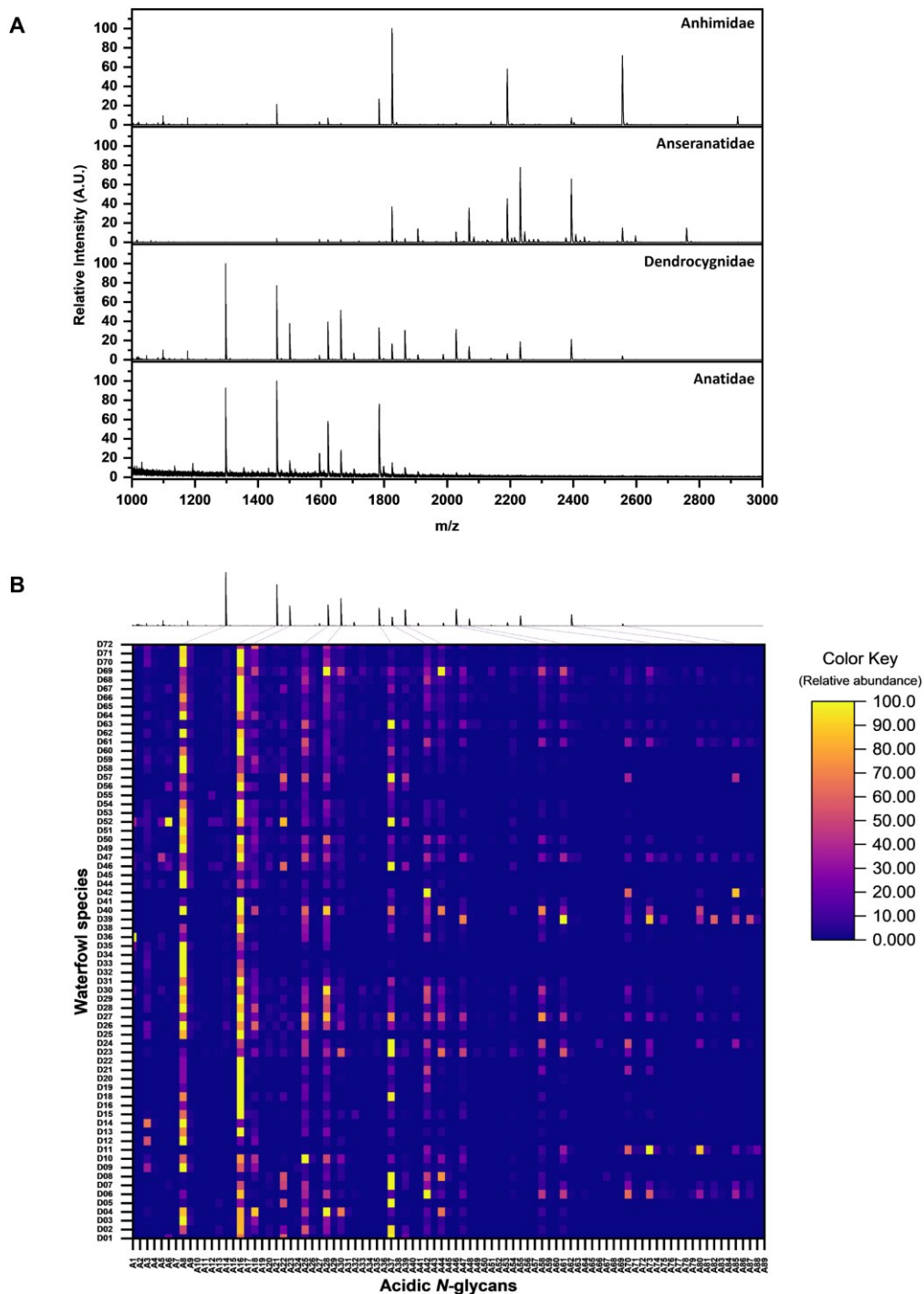
TOF and MALDI-TOF/TOF MS data were annotated using Bruker FlexAnalysis 3.0 software package. Experimental  $m/z$  were used to predict possible glycan composition using the Expasy GlycoMod Tool and Glyconnect Database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics (<https://web.expasy.org/glycomod/>) and GlycoWorkbench [33, 34].

**3.2.7 Statistical Analysis.** Multivariate analysis was performed using OriginPro statistical software (OriginLab Corp.). The *N*-glycan peaks detected on MALDI-TOF MS spectra were picked and annotated using FlexAnalysis software (Bruker Daltonics). The peak area of each *N*-glycan monoisotopic peak was normalized to the area of the most abundant *N*-glycan in the MS spectra and the peak areas were then expressed as relative abundance. MS data sets used for the subsequent multivariate analyses contain the relative abundance of monoisotopic peaks (total 89  $m/z$ ) identified as *N*-glycan peaks from each egg white of 72 waterfowl species. Hierarchical clustering analysis (HCA) was performed to investigate the similarity of the glycan expression profiles based on statistical distance. Principal component analysis (PCA) was also used to explore the glycan profiles based on their variation-covariance (information on each glycan), score plots are provided for visual inspection of the relationships of principal components. While MetaboAnalyst ver. 5.0 was used to perform partial least square-discriminant analysis (PLS-DA) and determined variable importance to projection (VIP) scores to identify *N*-glycan species that strongly influence the group separation in the PLS-DA score plot.

### 3.3 Results and Discussion

**3.3.1 Sulphoglycomics Revealed Diverse Acidic *N*-glycans in Waterfowl Egg Whites.** We analyzed egg whites from 72 avian species that belong to the Order Anseriformes (waterfowls). The species were classified into different Families based on Sibley's DNA-DNA hybridization, wherein sixty-four (64) of the species belong to Anatidae, six (6) from Dendrocygnidae, one (1) from Anhimidae, and one (1) from Anseranatidae (Table S3.1). Acidic *N*-glycans (*i.e.*, sulfated

and phosphorylated) from egg whites were analyzed using the Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics workflow we described previously [35]. Briefly, egg white *N*-glycans were released using PNGase F, followed by glycan enrichment, methyl esterification, and BOA-labeling by Glycoblotting. BOA-labeled *N*-glycans were then fractionated using an amine-functionalized weak anion exchange (WAX) microcolumn. Neutral and Sialylated *N*-glycans were eluted first with 1% AcOH in 50% MeCN (neutral fraction), while sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans were eluted next with 1% NH<sub>4</sub>OH in 5% MeCN (pH 10.5) (acidic fraction). MALDI-TOF MS analysis of the acidic fractions from the waterfowl egg whites (72 species) detected a total of 89 monoisotopic peaks in negative ion mode [M-H]<sup>-</sup> identified as acidic *N*-glycan peaks. However, 89 does not correspond to the number of *N*-glycan structures due to the presence of structural isomers for every *m/z* value observed. Figure 3.1A shows the representative acidic *N*-glycan profiles of each waterfowl family. Major acidic *N*-glycans expressed by Anhimidae (*Chauna torquata*) and Anseranatidae (*Anseranas semipalmata*) have monoisotopic masses above 1800 *m/z*. While acidic *N*-glycans with low *m/z* values (below 1800 *m/z*) are observed for Anatidae (*Anas platyrhynchos*) and Dendrocygnidae (*Dendrocygna viduata*). The relative abundance of each monoisotopic peak (*m/z* values) identified as *N*-glycans expressed in the egg whites of the 72 waterfowl species described in this work are shown as Heat Map in Figure 3.1B. It can be noticed that two acidic *N*-glycans (A8 and A16) are highly expressed across all 72 waterfowl species. A8 and A16 have monoisotopic masses of 1297 *m/z* and 1459 *m/z* respectively. A8 (1297 *m/z*) was inferred to have a glycan composition of HexNAc1Su1 + Hex3GlcNAc2 (complex *N*-glycan) while A16 (1459 *m/z*) have Hex1HexNAc1Su1 + Hex3GlcNAc2 (hybrid/complex *N*-glycan). On the other hand, A37 (1783 *m/z*) was also noted to be abundant in some species. A37 glycan composition was inferred to be Hex3HexNAc1Su1 + Man3GlcNAc2, multiple hexoses with a single HexNAc residue on its antennae indicate that probably it has a mono-sulfated hybrid *N*-glycan structure. The complete list of the inferred structures of the 89 acidic *N*-glycans based on their glycan composition are shown in Table S3.2.



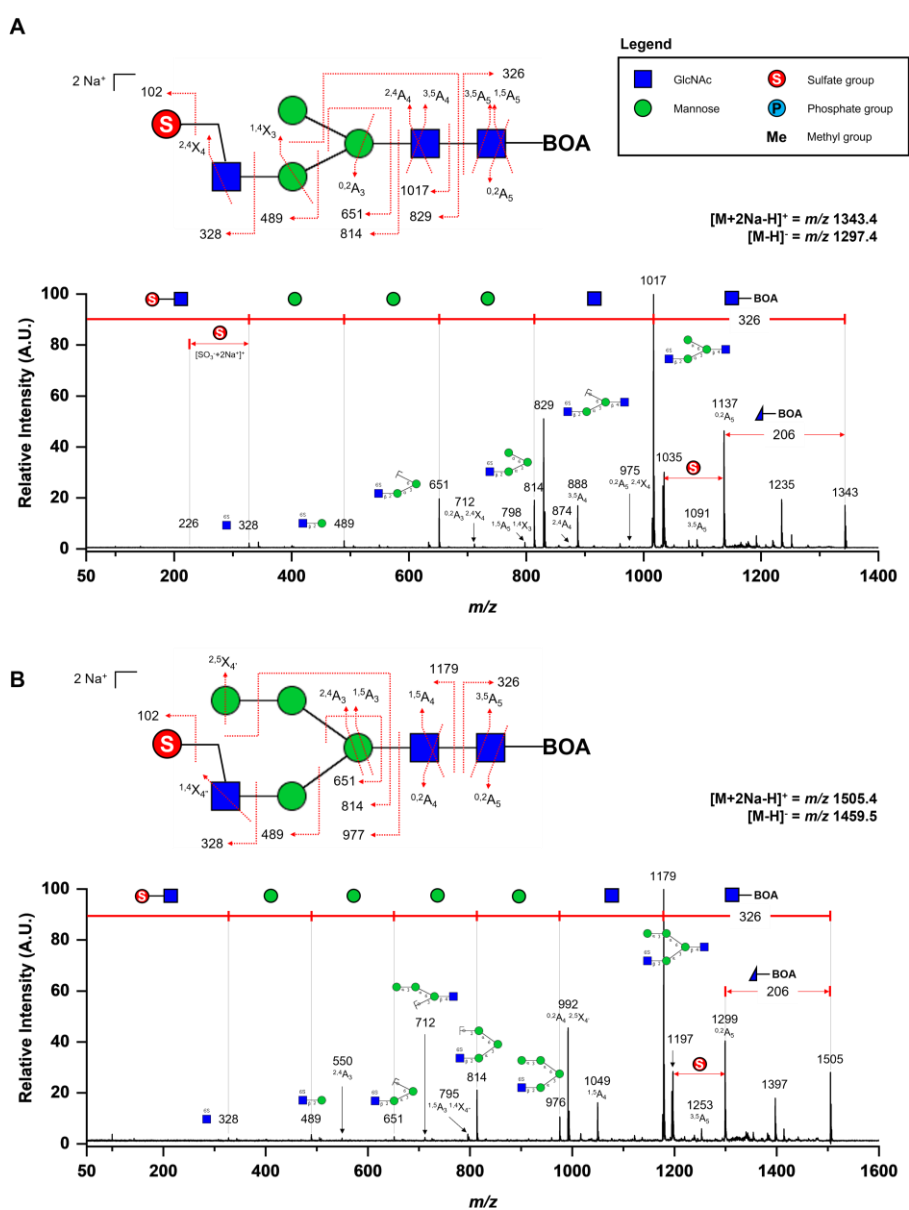
**Figure 3.1.** (A) Representative MALDI-TOF MS acidic *N*-glycan profiles (in negative ion mode) of the four waterfowl families (anhimidae, anseranatidae, dendrocygnidae and anatidae) belonged to Order Anseriformes. (B) Heat Map representation of the area normalized acidic *N*-glycan profiles of the 72 waterfowl species depicting the relative abundance of each *m/z* value (total 89) identified as *N*-glycan peaks. MALDI-TOF MS profile of *Dendrocygna viduata* is shown on top of the heat map.

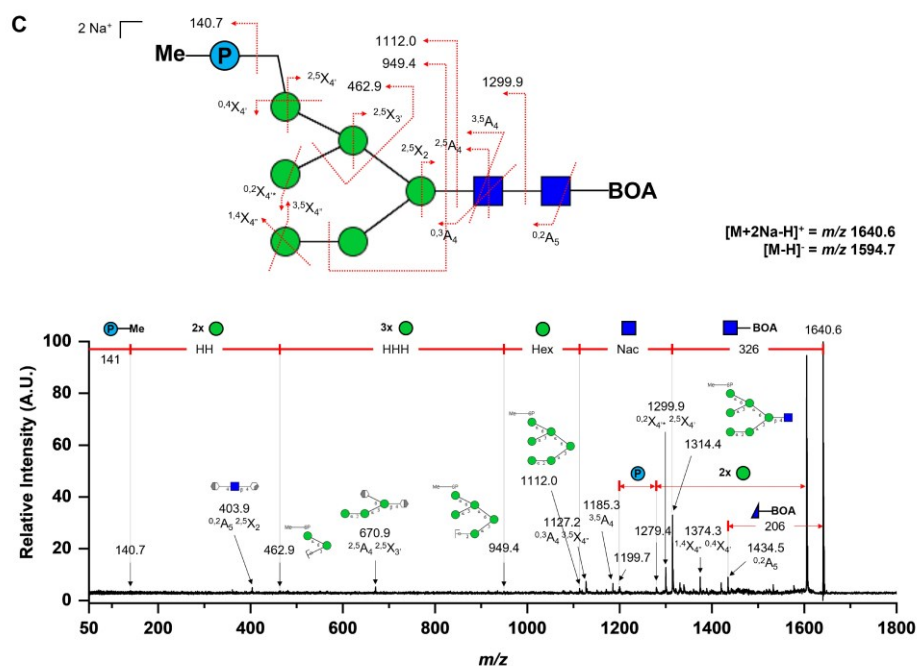
**3.3.2 MALDI-TOF/TOF MS Analysis of Acidic *N*-glycans.** MALDI-TOF/TOF MS analysis of the acidic *N*-glycan species was performed in positive ion reflectron mode on their corresponding di-sodiated molecular ion adducts  $[M+2Na-H]^+$ . The common glycosidic bond cleavages (B and Y ions) and cross-ring cleavages (A and X ions) observed on the TOF/TOF spectra of acidic *N*-glycans enables an informative sequence assignment of their glycan structures. Diagnostic fragment ions and neutral losses implicating a BOA-labeled sulfated *N*-glycan structures were observed. A neutral loss of 326 *m/z* was found across all TOF/TOF MS spectra indicating the loss of the reducing end GlcNAc terminus labeled with BOA. Followed by a subsequent neutral loss of another GlcNAc residue (*m/z* 203) at the *N*-glycan core structure. Also, a cross-ring fragment (<sup>0,2</sup>A) of the GlcNAc residue at the reducing end terminus was observed with a concurrent 206 *m/z* neutral loss. Fragment ions bearing the sulfate moiety were also detected on the TOF/TOF spectra. The fragment ion peak at *m/z* 328 corresponds to the loss of a mono-sulfated GlcNAc residue  $[SO_3+GlcNAc+2Na]^+$  at the non-reducing end of the *N*-glycan structure. Fragment ions at *m/z* 489, 651, and 814 correspond to  $[SO_3+GlcNAc+Hex+2Na]^+$ ,  $[SO_3+GlcNAc+Hex_2+2Na]^+$ ,  $[SO_3+GlcNAc+Hex_3+2Na]^+$  respectively, indicating the sequential cleavages of the mannose residues of the *N*-glycan core. Furthermore, a neutral loss of sodium sulfite (*m/z* 102) occurs readily [28] and observed cross-ring fragments (<sup>1,4</sup>X and <sup>2,4</sup>X) of the GlcNAc antennae may suggest that the sulfate group is attached at C6 position (Figure 3.2A and 3.2B).

Phosphorylated *N*-glycan structures were also observed on egg whites as previously reported by Montalban, B. *et al* [35]. Figure 3.2C shows the MALDI-TOF/TOF MS profile of a mono-methylated phosphorylated high mannose (Man6). Similar to the sulfated *N*-glycans TOF/TOF profiles, a neutral loss of *m/z* 326 and subsequent neutral loss of the second GlcNAc residue on the *N*-glycan core was also observed. The cross-ring fragment ion <sup>0,2</sup>A was also present. Which suggests that these neutral losses (*m/z* 326, 203, and 206) are characteristics of a BOA-labeled *N*-glycan TOF/TOF MS fragmentation [18, 24]. On the other hand, diagnostic fragmentation ions bearing the phosphate group were detected. The molecular ion peak of the



mono-methylated phosphate group  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me}+2\text{Na}^+]$  was observed at  $m/z$  140.7. While  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me}+\text{Hex}_2+2\text{Na}^+]$ ,  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me}+\text{Hex}_5+2\text{Na}^+]$ , and  $[\text{PO}_3\text{Me}+\text{Hex}_6+2\text{Na}^+]$  were also observed at  $m/z$  462.9, 949.4 and 1112.0 respectively. Cross-ring fragment ions  $^{0,4}\text{X}_4$  and  $^{2,5}\text{X}_4$  of mannose residue located at the  $\alpha$ 1-6 antennae, may suggest that the phosphate moiety is attached to the C6 position.



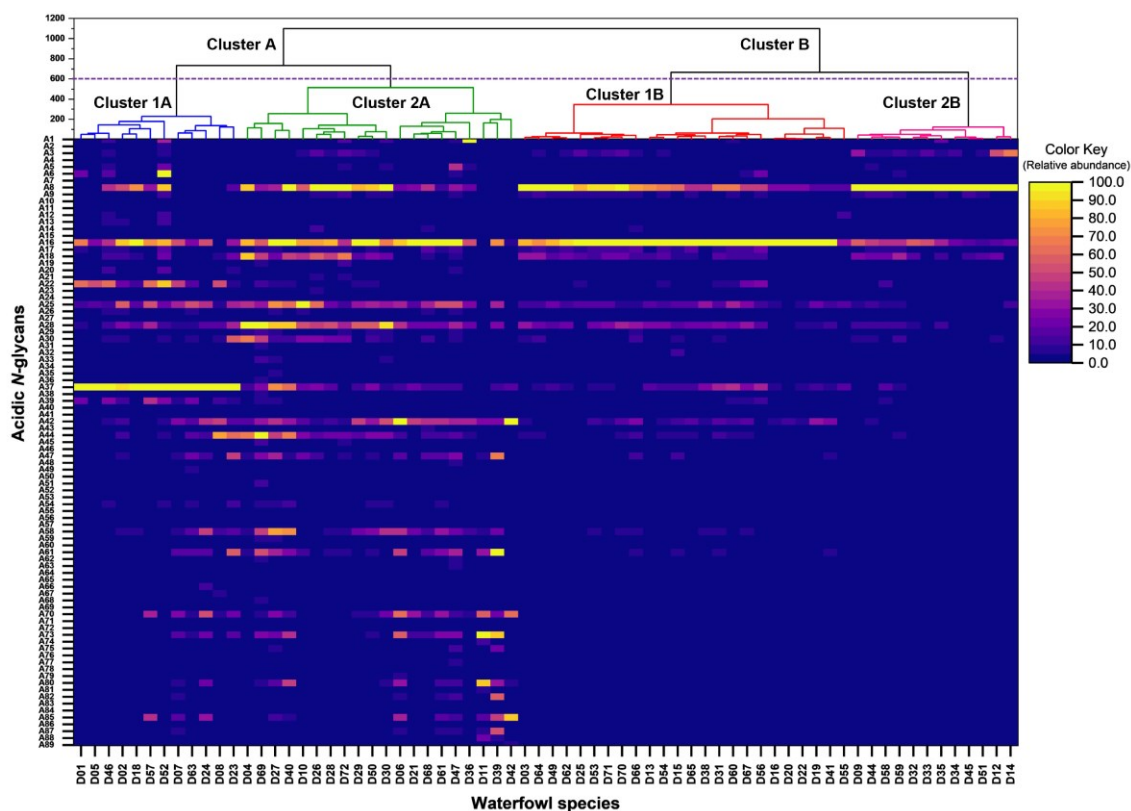


**Figure 3.2.** MALDI-TOF/TOF MS profiles of selected BOA-labeled acidic *N*-glycans from waterfowl's egg whites. TOF/TOF analysis was performed in positive ion mode on the  $[M+2Na - H]^+$  ion adducts of each *N*-glycans. (A) TOF/TOF MS profile of a complex *N*-glycan type – A8 (1297.4 *m/z*,  $[M-H]^-$ ; 1343.4 *m/z*,  $[M+2Na - H]^+$ ). (B) TOF/TOF MS profile of a hybrid *N*-glycan type – A16 (1459.5 *m/z*,  $[M-H]^-$ ; 1505.4 *m/z*,  $[M+2Na - H]^+$ ). Wherein both A8 and A16 were identified to have mono-sulfation on its terminal GlcNAc. (C) TOF/TOF MS profile of a phosphorylated high mannose type *N*-glycan – A22 (1594.7 *m/z*,  $[M-H]^-$ ; 1640.6 *m/z*,  $[M+2Na - H]^+$ ). Linkage specific MS/MS structural analysis of each glycan species was not attempted.

It should be noted that there are few unassigned fragment ions on each MALDI-TOF/TOF MS spectra. Thus, care must be taken when interpreting these TOF/TOF data due to the possibility that the parent ion is a composite of several isomeric forms of each glycan structure which are commonly found in biological samples. Lastly, an MS/MS linkage specific analysis of the glycan structures was not attempted due to the low signal intensities of cross-ring fragments.

### 3.3.3 Differential Expression Profiles of Acidic *N*-glycans in Waterfowls Egg Whites.

Multivariate analysis was employed to explore and understand the relationships between the different acidic *N*-glycan expressions of egg whites among the Anseriformes species. Agglomerative hierarchical clustering analysis (HCA) employing the Ward linkage method and

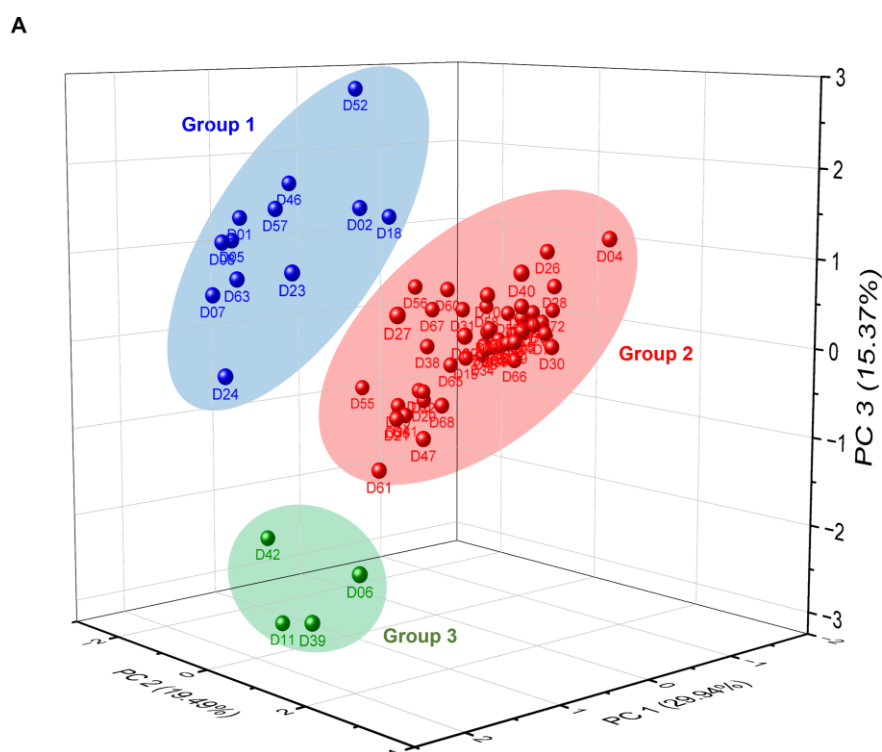


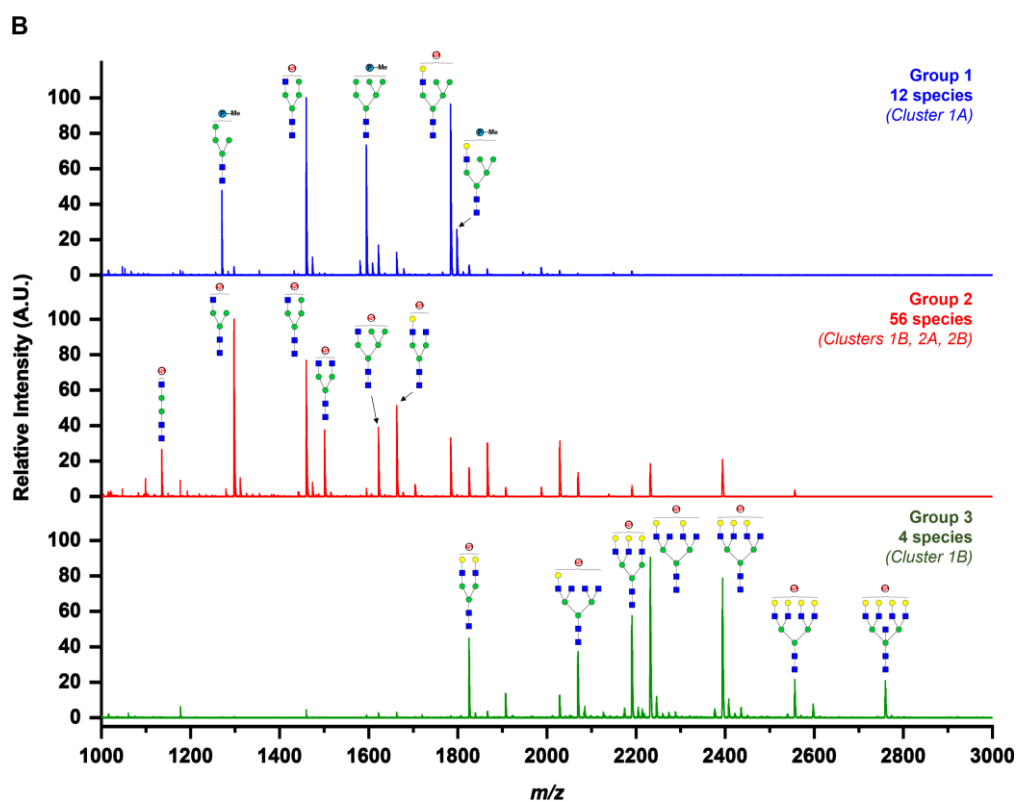
**Figure 3.3.** Multivariate hierarchical clustering analysis (HCA) of the 72 egg white samples from Anseriformes species. Waterfowl species were clustered according to the differential expression of acidic *N*-glycan (*i.e.*, sulfated and phosphorylated) expressed on egg whites. Relative abundance of the 89 monoisotopic masses identified as acidic *N*-glycans on egg white samples are shown as heat map.

Euclidean distance metric was used to group the egg whites from 72 waterfowl species based on the relative abundance of the 89 monoisotopic peaks (acidic *N*-glycan peaks) (see Table S3.2). The dendrogram (Fig. 3.3) shows that the 72 waterfowl species are grouped into two major clusters (A and B) based on their acidic *N*-glycan expressions. Waterfowl species belonging to Cluster A expressed acidic *N*-glycans having monoisotopic masses above 1800 *m/z*, whereas Cluster B expresses little to none. Waterfowl species in Cluster B were grouped based on the expressed *N*-glycans having *m/z* values below 1800 *m/z*. These two major clusters were further sub-grouped into 4 different clusters (Clusters 1A, 2A, 1B and 2B). Clusters 1A and 2A split from

the branch of Cluster A, while Clusters 1B and 2B split from Cluster B. The branch differentiation between Clusters 1A and 2A is maybe due to the expression of the mono-sulfated hybrid *N*-glycan (A37) having a monoisotopic mass of 1783 *m/z*. Clusters 1B and 2B were grouped according to the relative abundances of 1297 *m/z* (A8) and 1459 *m/z* (A16) expressions. Interestingly, Anseriformes species belonged to Cluster A is a mixture of the four (4) waterfowl families, while Cluster B was exclusively Anatidae family species.

Principal component analysis (PCA) was performed to visualize the variance of the acidic *N*-glycans expressed on waterfowl egg whites. The PCA is an unsupervised model that finds natural variation in the data without over-fitting on new vectors (principal components, PCs). The observations (waterfowl species) are displayed in the score plots while the variables (acidic *N*-glycans) are shown as loading plots. The analysis resulted in a PCA model explaining 90.52% of the variance within the dataset using 8 principal components. Figure 3.4A displays the score plot using PC1 (29.9%), PC2 (19.49%) and PC3 (15.37%) which accounts for 64.80% of the total





**Figure 3.4.** (A) Principal component analysis of the acidic *N*-glycans expressed on egg whites from 72 waterfowl species. The model resulted in 8 principal components (PCs) explaining 90.52% of the variance within the dataset. The 72 waterfowl species were also classified into 3 groups based on their acidic *N*-glycan expressions. (B) Representative MALDI-TOF MS spectra of each group revealed specific acidic *N*-glycan species that cause the variation between groups.

variance between the differential expressions of acidic *N*-glycans in egg whites from the 79 waterfowl species. The 79 waterfowl species were classified into three major groups, wherein 12 species clustered in Group 1 (Blue), while Group 2 (Red) had 56 species and Group 3 (Green) only had 4 species. Interestingly, waterfowl species belonging to Group 1 are the same species that belonged to Cluster 1A from hierarchical clustering analysis. Group 2 is a mix of species that belong to Clusters 2A, 1B and 2B. While Group 3 species belonged to a specific branch of Cluster

**Table 3.1.** List of acidic *N*-glycans that gave the variation between groups in PCA.

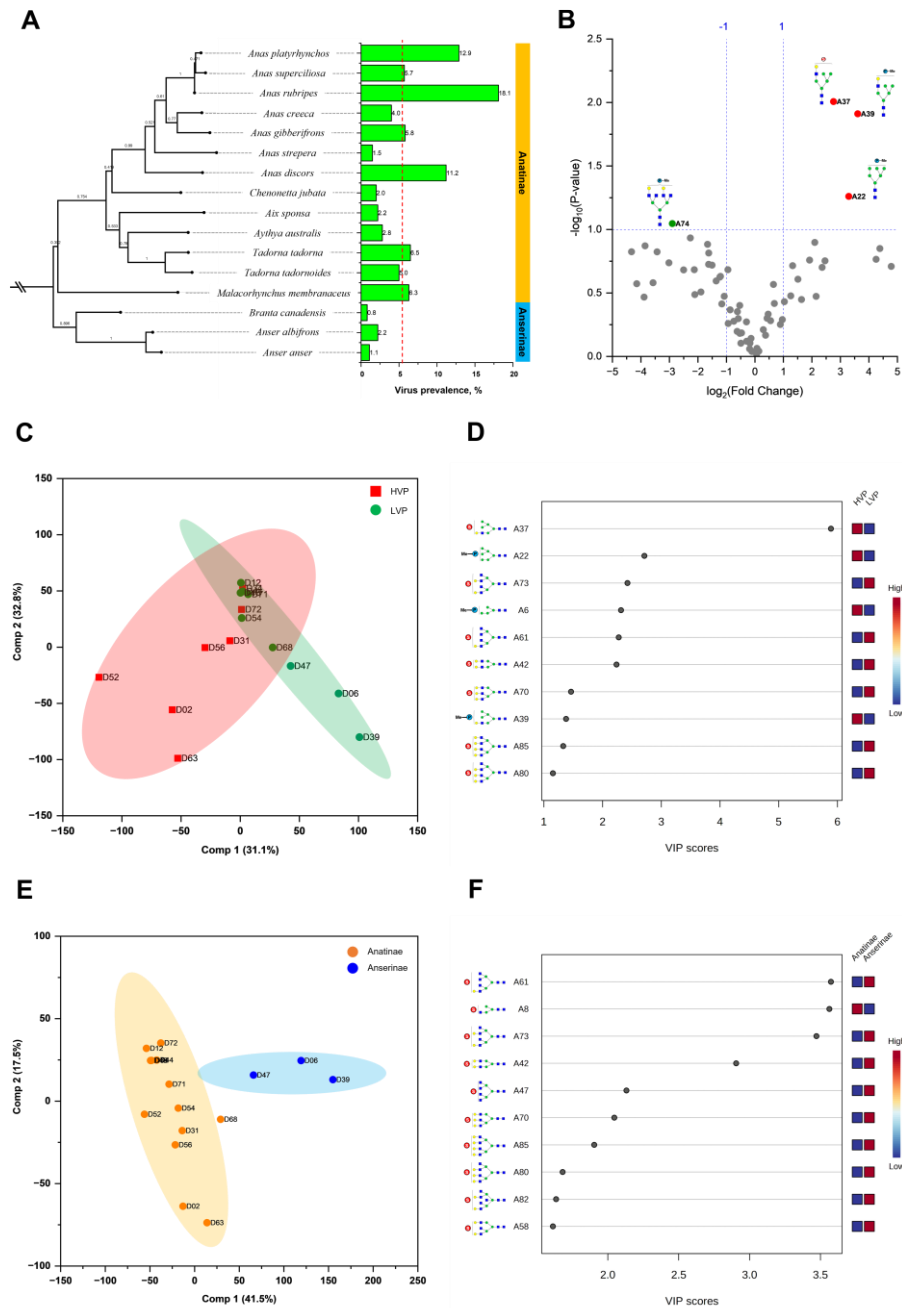
| PCA Group No. | Glycan ID | Observed mass, $m/z$ [M-H] <sup>-</sup> | <sup>1</sup> Glycan composition | Probable structures | <sup>2</sup> trans-Gal structure type |
|---------------|-----------|---|---------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1             | A6        | 1270.431                                | Hex1 PMe1 + Core                |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A22       | 1594.528                                | Hex3 PMe1 + Core                |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A37       | 1783.585                                | Hex3 HexNAc1 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A39       | 1797.610                                | Hex3 HexNAc1 PMe1 + Core        |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
| 2             | A3        | 1135.373                                | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1                |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A8        | 1297.420                                | HexNAc1 Su1 + Core              |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A16       | 1459.475                                | Hex1 HexNAc1 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A18       | 1500.497                                | HexNAc2 Su1 + Core              |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A25       | 1621.533                                | Hex2 HexNAc1 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A28       | 1662.556                                | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A30       | 1703.584                                | HexNAc3 Su1 + Core              |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A44       | 1865.620                                | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
| 3             | A42       | 1824.608                                | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A47       | 1906.655                                | HexNAc4 Su1 + Core              |                     | trans-Gal(-)                          |
|               | A58       | 2027.682                                | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A61       | 2068.719                                | Hex1 HexNAc4 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A70       | 2189.759                                | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A73       | 2230.794                                | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A80       | 2392.895                                | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |
|               | A85       | 2555.030                                | Hex4 HexNAc4 Su1 + Core         |                     | trans-Gal(+)                          |

<sup>1</sup>Monosaccharide nomenclatures are based on the SNFG: Hexose (Hex), *N*-acetyl hexosamine (HexNAc), Sulfate (Su), methylated Phosphate (PMe) and *N*-glycan core Man3GlcNAc2 (Core). The number of units corresponding to each monosaccharide are indicated after each abbreviation.

<sup>2</sup>The definition of *trans*-Gal(+/-) classifications were based on Hirose, *et al.* [18].

2A. The group classification of every waterfowl species was due to some specific acidic *N*-glycans expressed on their respective egg whites. Figure 3.4B displays a representative MALDI-TOF MS spectra of Groups 1, 2 and 3 which clearly shows the acidic *N*-glycans that cause the variation of each group. Phosphorylated high-mannose and sulfated hybrid *N*-glycans were observed in Group 1. Complex and hybrid type sulfated *N*-glycans without terminal galactose were the abundant glycan structures present in Group 2. Group 3 expressed multi-antennary complex *N*-glycans having terminal galactose on their antennae. It was also noted that some waterfowl species belonged to Group 2 expressed multi-antennary complex *N*-glycans similar to Group 3 but of lower abundance. The list of acidic *N*-glycan species that gave the variance between each group on PCA analysis is listed in Table 3.1. Furthermore, each *N*-glycan structure in Table 3.1 was classified as *trans*-Gal(+/-) based on Hirose *et. al.*[18] classification of *N*-glycans expressed in avian egg whites. Accordingly, *trans*-Gal(+) are *N*-glycan structures with terminal galactose, which are abundantly expressed in large waterfowls as hyperbranched structures. While *trans*-Gal(-) are *N*-glycans with little to no Gal-modified structures on their reducing terminus, commonly expressed in small waterfowl egg whites.

**3.3.4 Phosphorylated *N*-glycans may suggest IAV prevalence in waterfowl.** Previous studies revealed that host phylogeny is a crucial driver in the influenza A virus (IAV) host range. Indicating that phylogeny may be an essential factor in host-virus co-evolution which may explain the variability in the host response to infection[36]. Furthermore, species variation in IAV prevalence is often associated with host susceptibility and ecology[37, 38]. Since glycans are traits that varies between organisms as a direct response to physiological and ecological conditions, their structures are physical records due to genetic and environmental influences[39]. Here, we scrutinized the acidic *N*-glycan expressions of egg whites from waterfowl species with respect to the species virus prevalence and lineage. The virus prevalence (VP) data used in this study was taken from the published work of Wille, M. *et al.*[36] and Olsen, B. *et al.*[40]. Virus prevalence



**Figure 3.5.** (A) Phylogenetic tree of 16 waterfowl species was reconstructed based on the mitochondrial Cytochrome *b* (*cty b*) gene using Maximum Likelihood method and Tamura-Nei model (TN93 G) in MEGA11. Influenza virus prevalence (VP) of each species is shown as bar-graph[36, 40]. (B) Differential expression of acidic *N*-glycans between waterfowl species with low viral prevalence (LVP) and high viral prevalence (HVP) is shown as volcano plot. Partial least square-discriminant analysis (PLS-DA) of the 16 waterfowl species based on viral prevalence (C and D); and based on their lineage classification (E and F). Variable important in projection (VIP) scores show important glycoforms that strongly influenced the PLS-DA score plot.



data of Anseriformes species with greater than 50 samples were used. A total of 16 Anatidae species belonging to Anatinae (13) and Anserinae (3) sub-families were included. The phylogenetic tree of these 16 waterfowl species was then reconstructed based on the mitochondrial Cytochrome *b* (*cty b*) gene[41–43] (Figure S3.2). The gene sequences were obtained from NCBI GenBank then analyzed using Maximum Likelihood method and Tamura-Nei model (TN93 G) in MEGA11[44, 45]. The tree was rooted using *Struthio camelus* (ostrich) as an out-group. Waterfowl species were then classified based on their VPs as low viral prevalence (LVP) and high viral prevalence (HVP). Classification was made by taking the average value of the 16 VPs. Based on the average VP (5.50%), species with VPs above 5.50% was classified as HVP, while below it was classified as LVP. It can be clearly inferred from Figure 3.5A that Anatinae species generally have higher viral prevalence compared to Anserinae species. Furthermore, *Anas rubripes* (D34, 18.1%), *Anas platyrhynchos* (D2, 12.9%) and *Anas discors* (D52, 11.2%) are the top 3 species with HVP and belonged to genus *Anas*.

Acidic *N*-glycan expressions of egg whites from the 16 waterfowl species were further analyzed according to their VP classifications (LVP and HVP). Fold change (FC) analysis of the glycan expression between HVP and LVP groups shown as volcano plot (Fig 3.5B) revealed three acidic *N*-glycans that were highly expressed in egg whites of waterfowl species with high virus prevalence. These differentially expressed *N*-glycans are 1594 *m/z* (A22, phosphorylated high-mannose), 1783 *m/z* (A37, sulfated hybrid *N*-glycan) and 1797 *m/z* (A39, phosphorylated hybrid *N*-glycan). Furthermore, partial least square-discriminant analysis (PLS-DA) was used to assess the significant difference of *N*-glycans expressed between species belonging to HVP and LVP groups. Figure 3.5C shows the PLS-DA score plot using PC1 (31.1%) and PC2 (32.8%) which explains the 63.9% of the total variance between the groups. Variable importance to projection (VIP) scores was also determined to identify the acidic *N*-glycans that strongly influence the separation of the two groups in the PLS-DA score plot. Acidic *N*-glycans with VIP scores > 1 are shown in Figure 3.5D. The expression of these acidic *N*-glycans in waterfowl egg whites provided

the discriminating information between HVP and LVP groups. Similar to FC analysis, VIP scores identified  $m/z$  1594, 1783 and 1797 as important discriminating variables for species belonging to HVP. In addition, another phosphorylated high-mannose *N*-glycan (A6, 1270  $m/z$ ) was also identified as an important variable for HVP. While VIP scores identified bi-, tri- and tetra-antennary sulfated *trans*-Gal(+) *N*-glycans as important variables for waterfowl species with low virus prevalence. Interestingly, these sulfated multi-antennary *trans*-Gal(+) *N*-glycans are identified as characteristic *N*-glycan structures expressed by waterfowl species belonging to Anserinae sub-family (Fig 3.5E and 3.5F) with relatively low percentage of viral prevalence (Fig 3.5A).

The identification of phosphorylated high-mannose and hybrid *N*-glycan structures as possible determinants of influenza A virus prevalence in waterfowl species offers a profound understanding of the crucial role acidic *N*-glycans (*i.e.*, sulfated and phosphorylated) play as receptors for IAV tropism and infection. In Figure 3.6, when combined with phylogenetic and virus prevalence information, glycomics data sheds light on the intricate dynamics of IAV in waterfowl populations.

Notably, the expression of acidic *N*-glycans in waterfowl egg whites implies a fascinating process of host and virus evolutionary adaptation. Waterfowl species with a high virus prevalence have evolved to express sulfated *trans*-Gal(−) *N*-glycan structures, an adaptation that aids the species in evading IAV infection. The absence of terminal galactose expression in small waterfowls prevents efficient binding of IAV to sulfated *trans*-Gal(−) *N*-glycans, further reinforcing the evolutionary need for alternative interactions.

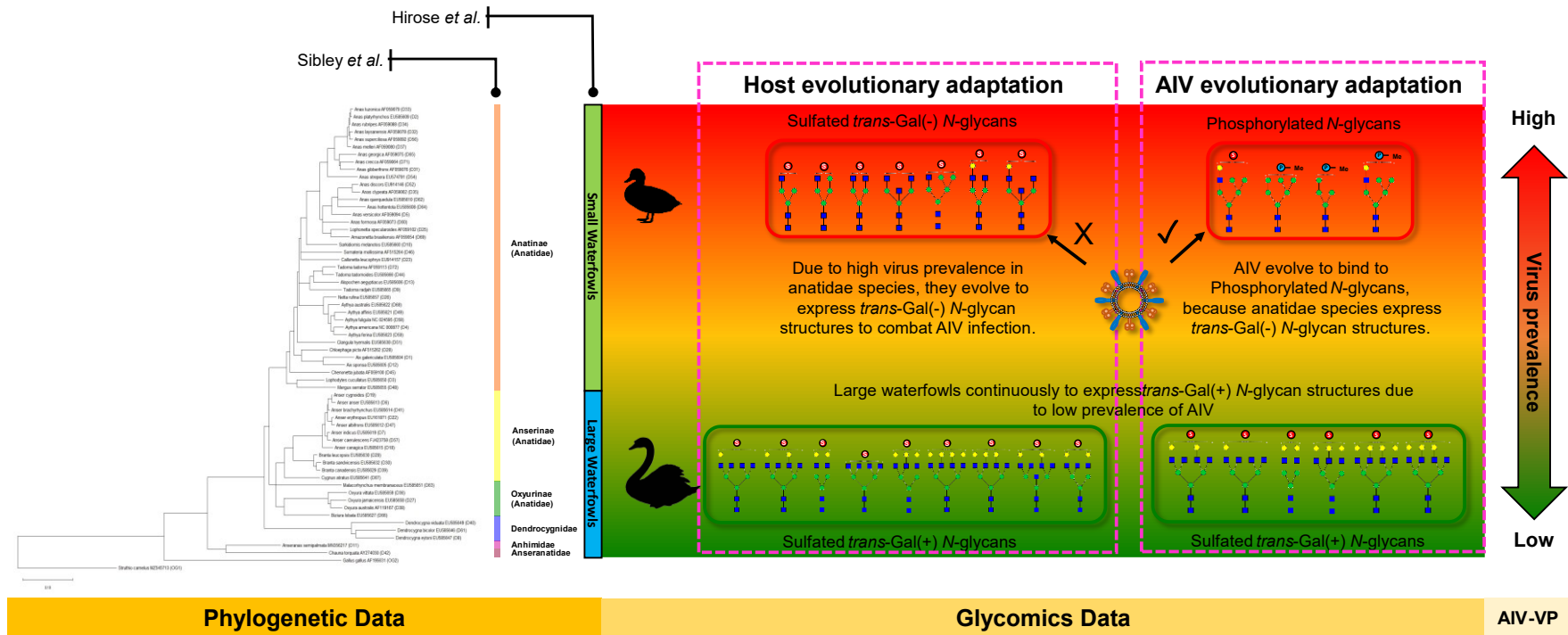
Consequently, IAV has adapted and selectively binds to phosphorylated *N*-glycans, as these glycan structures are predominantly expressed by Anatidae species exhibiting high virus prevalence. This fascinating co-evolutionary relationship between the virus and its hosts highlights the complex interplay of molecular interactions governing viral infection.

In contrast, large waterfowls continuously express sulfated *trans*-Gal(+) *N*-glycans due to low virus prevalence in these species. Intriguingly, these glycan structures are expressed since large waterfowls may have a robust defense mechanism and thus can mount a more vigorous immune defense than smaller waterfowls, as IAV effectively binds to these structures, rendering further viral adaptation unnecessary.

However, care must be taken when interpreting these results because the virus prevalence data used in the study was limited to 16 Anatidae species. Furthermore, the glycomics data was limited to waterfowl species with available VP data. We believe that these findings are significant in understanding the dynamics of IAV infection in waterfowl, but it may not completely reflect the 174 waterfowl species (53 Genera) belonging to Order Anseriformes.

Furthermore, implications of this work extend beyond avian populations, offering valuable insights into influenza transmission and infection dynamics, potentially affecting humans as well. This study may improve surveillance and control strategies by understanding the intricate relationships between viral infection and glycan structures, mitigating the risk of zoonotic transmission from birds to humans.

Finally, the study of acidic *N*-glycan structures in waterfowl species unravels the important role of acidic *N*-glycans as determinants of IAV prevalence. Phylogenetic and prevalence data complemented by glycomics data, this research strengthens our grasp of the co-evolutionary adaptations between the virus and its avian hosts, illuminating the molecular intricacies governing IAV dynamics in waterfowl populations.



**Figure 3.6.** Glycomics data complements phylogenetic and virus prevalence data and together provides important insights on the dynamics of IAV in waterfowl species. The phylogenetic tree was reconstructed based on the mitochondrial Cytochrome *b* (*Cyt b*) gene of 60 Anseriformes species obtained from NCBI GenBank.

### 3.4 Conclusion

The Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics approach revealed a diverse array of sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans in waterfowl egg whites, providing meaningful insights into influenza A virus (IAV) dynamics. Distinct variations in acidic *N*-glycan expressions were observed among the four families (Anhimidae, Anseranatidae, Dendrocygnidae, and Anatinae) within the order Anseriformes. Waterfowl species were differentiated based on their expressions of sulfated trans-Gal(+) and trans-Gal(-) *N*-glycan structures, as well as phosphorylated *N*-glycans. Moreover, phosphorylated hybrid and high-mannose *N*-glycans were found to be highly expressed in the egg whites of waterfowl species with a high prevalence of the virus. These findings underscore the importance of phosphorylated *N*-glycans, in addition to sulfated *N*-glycans, in comprehending the dynamics of IAV in waterfowl species. Understanding these glycan structures provides valuable insights into the factors influencing the transmission and evolution of IAV within avian populations.

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### 3.6 Supplementary Information

**Table S3.1.** The list of egg whites from various species of Order Anseriformes (4 families, 27 genera, 66 species) used in this study. Classification was based on Sibley's DNA-DNA hybridization[22, 23].

| Sample ID | Scientific name                         | Family         | Sub-Family    | Common Name                  |
|-----------|---|----------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| D1        | <i>Aix galericulata</i>                 | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Mandarin Duck                |
| D2        | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>               | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Mallard Duck                 |
| D3        | <i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i>            | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Hooded Merganser             |
| D4        | <i>Aythya americana</i>                 | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Red head                     |
| D5        | <i>Anas versicolor</i>                  | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Silver Teal                  |
| D6        | <i>Anser anser</i>                      | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Graylag Goose                |
| D7        | <i>Anser indicus</i>                    | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Bar Headed Goose             |
| D8        | <i>Dendrocygna eytoni</i>               | Dendrocygnidae | Dendrocygnae  | Plumed Whistling Duck        |
| D9        | <i>Tadorna radjah</i>                   | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | White Headed Shelduck        |
| D10       | <i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>           | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Knob-billed Goose            |
| D11       | <i>Anseranas semipalmata</i>            | Anseranatidae  | Anseranatidae | Magpie Goose                 |
| D12       | <i>Aix sponsa</i>                       | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Wood Duck                    |
| D13       | <i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>             | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Egyptian Goose               |
| D14       | <i>Anas platyrhynchos domesticus</i>    | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | White Call Duck              |
| D15       | <i>Anser anser domesticus (America)</i> | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Buff Goose                   |
| D16       | <i>Anser anser domesticus (France)</i>  | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Dewlap Toulouse Goose        |
| D17       | <i>Anser anser domesticus (Germany)</i> | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Embdens Goose                |
| D18       | <i>Anser canagicus</i>                  | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Emperor Goose                |
| D19       | <i>Anser cygnoides domesticus</i>       | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | African Goose                |
| D20       | <i>Anser cygnoides domesticus</i>       | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | White China Goose            |
| D21       | <i>Anser cygnoides domesticus</i>       | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Brown China Goose            |
| D22       | <i>Anser erythropus</i>                 | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Lesser white-fronted Goose   |
| D23       | <i>Callonetta leucophrys</i>            | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Ringed Teal                  |
| D24       | <i>Dendrocygna arborea</i>              | Dendrocygnidae | Dendrocygnae  | West Indian Whistling Duck   |
| D25       | <i>Lophonetta specularioides</i>        | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Crested Duck                 |
| D26       | <i>Netta rufina</i>                     | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Red Crested Pochard          |
| D27       | <i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i>               | Anatidae       | Oxyurinae     | Ruddy duck                   |
| D28       | <i>Chloephaga picta picta</i>           | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Magellan Goose               |
| D29       | <i>Branta leucopsis</i>                 | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Barnacle Goose               |
| D30       | <i>Branta sandvicensis</i>              | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Hawaiian Goose               |
| D31       | <i>Anas gibberifrons</i>                | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Indonesian Teal              |
| D32       | <i>Anas laysanensis</i>                 | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Laysan Duck                  |
| D33       | <i>Anas luzonica</i>                    | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Philippine Duck              |
| D34       | <i>Anas rubripes</i>                    | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | American Black Duck          |
| D35       | <i>Anas clypeata</i>                    | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Northern Shoveler            |
| D36       | <i>Oxyura vittata</i>                   | Anatidae       | Oxyurinae     | Lake Duck                    |
| D37       | <i>Anas melleri</i>                     | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Meller's Duck                |
| D38       | <i>Oxyura australis</i>                 | Anatidae       | Oxyurinae     | Blue-billed Duck             |
| D39       | <i>Branta canadensis maxima</i>         | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Canada Goose                 |
| D40       | <i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>              | Dendrocygnidae | Dendrocygnae  | White-faced Whistling Duck   |
| D41       | <i>Anser brachyrhynchus</i>             | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Pink-footed Goose            |
| D42       | <i>Chauna torquata</i>                  | Anhimidae      | Anhimidae     | Southern Screamer            |
| D43       | <i>Thalassornis leucunotos</i>          | Dendrocygnidae | Dendrocygnae  | White-backed Duck            |
| D44       | <i>Tadorna tadornoides</i>              | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Australian Shelduck          |
| D45       | <i>Chenonetta jubata</i>                | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Australian Wood Duck         |
| D46       | <i>Somateria mollissima</i>             | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Common Eider                 |
| D47       | <i>Anser albifrons</i>                  | Anatidae       | Anserinae     | Greater whitefronted Goose   |
| D48       | <i>Mergus serrator</i>                  | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Red-breasted Merganser       |
| D49       | <i>Aythya affinis</i>                   | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Lesser Scaup                 |
| D50       | <i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>           | Dendrocygnidae | Dendrocygnae  | Black-bellied whistling Duck |
| D51       | <i>Clangula hyemalis</i>                | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Longtailed Duck              |
| D52       | <i>Anas discors</i>                     | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Blue-winged Teal             |
| D53       | <i>Oxyura punctata</i>                  | Anatidae       | Oxyurinae     |                              |
| D54       | <i>Anas strepera</i>                    | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Gadwall                      |
| D55       | <i>Heteronetta atricapilla</i>          | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Black-headed Duck            |
| D56       | <i>Anas superciliosa</i>                | Anatidae       | Anatinae      | Pacific black Duck           |

|     |                                    |                |              |                        |
|-----|------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| D57 | <i>Anser caerulescens</i>          | Anatidae       | Anserinae    | Snow Goose             |
| D58 | <i>Aythya fuligula</i>             | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Tufted Duck            |
| D59 | <i>Aythya ferina</i>               | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Common Pochard         |
| D60 | <i>Anas formosa</i>                | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Baikal Teal            |
| D61 | <i>Dendrocygna bicolor</i>         | Dendrocygnidae | Dendrocygnae | Fulvous Whistling Duck |
| D62 | <i>Anas querquedula</i>            | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Garganey               |
| D63 | <i>Malacorhynchus membranaceus</i> | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Pink-eared Duck        |
| D64 | <i>Anas hottentota</i>             | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Hottentot Teal         |
| D65 | <i>Anas georgica</i>               | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Yellow-billed Pintail  |
| D66 | <i>Biziura lobata</i>              | Anatidae       | Oxyurinae    | Musk Duck              |
| D67 | <i>Cygnus atratus</i>              | Anatidae       | Cygninae     | Black swan             |
| D68 | <i>Aythya australis</i>            | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Hardhead               |
| D69 | <i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>     | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Brazilian Teal         |
| D70 | <i>Lophonetta cristata</i>         | Anatidae       | Anatinae     |                        |
| D71 | <i>Anas crecca</i>                 | Anatidae       | Anatinae     | Common Teal            |
| D72 | <i>Tadorna tadorna</i>             | Anatidae       | Anserinae    | Common Shelduck        |

**Table S3.2.** List of 89 acidic *N*-glycans identified from the egg whites of 79 waterfowl species. Glycan structures were inferred from glycan composition based on the observed monoisotopic masses.

| Glycan ID | Observed mass, m/z [M – H] <sup>-</sup> | Calculated Glycoform Mass [M – BOA] | Mass Error, ppm | Monosaccharide composition             | Glyconnect Database Links  |
|-----------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------------|
| A1        | 1094.339                                | 972.274                             | -10.8           | Hex3 HexNAc2 Su1                       |                            |
| A2        | 1108.327                                | 972.284                             | -30.5           | Hex3 HexNAc2 Pho1                      | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A3        | 1135.373                                | 1013.301                            | -4.2            | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1                       |                            |
| A4        | 1149.392                                | 1013.310                            | 4.8             | Hex2 HexNAc3 Pho1                      |                            |
| A5        | 1256.320                                | 1134.327                            | -66.7           | Hex4 HexNAc2 Su1                       |                            |
| A6        | 1270.431                                | 1134.336                            | 14.1            | Hex4 HexNAc2 Pho1                      |                            |
| A7        | 1295.303                                | 1159.368                            | -109.5          | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex1 Pho1                |                            |
| A8        | 1297.420                                | 1175.353                            | -7.5            | HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A9        | 1311.445                                | 1175.363                            | 3.7             | HexNAc1 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2            |                            |
| A10       | 1338.419                                | 1216.380                            | -28.2           | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1                       |                            |
| A11       | 1352.412                                | 1216.390                            | -40.5           | Hex2 HexNAc4 Pho1                      |                            |
| A12       | 1418.430                                | 1296.380                            | -18.9           | Hex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                |                            |
| A13       | 1432.469                                | 1293.389                            | 2.4             | Hex2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2               | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A14       | 1441.498                                | 1305.426                            | -3.3            | Unknown structure                      |                            |
| A15       | 1443.485                                | 1321.411                            | -1.9            | HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A16       | 1459.475                                | 1337.406                            | -5.3            | Hex1 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A17       | 1473.505                                | 1337.416                            | 8.1             | Hex1 HexNAc1 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A18       | 1500.497                                | 1378.433                            | -8.5            | HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A19       | 1514.530                                | 1378.442                            | 7.5             | HexNAc2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2            |                            |
| A20       | 1580.496                                | 1458.432                            | -8.1            | Hex3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2                | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A21       | 1589.525                                | 1467.469                            | -13.1           | HexNAc1 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A22       | 1594.528                                | 1458.442                            | 5.5             | Hex3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2               | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A23       | 1603.574                                | 1467.479                            | 11.4            | HexNAc1 dHex2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                            |
| A24       | 1605.533                                | 1483.464                            | -4.8            | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A25       | 1621.533                                | 1499.459                            | -1.7            | Hex2 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A26       | 1635.542                                | 1499.469                            | -2.2            | Hex2 HexNAc1 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A27       | 1646.558                                | 1524.491                            | -5.9            | HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A28       | 1662.556                                | 1540.486                            | -4.1            | Hex1 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A29       | 1676.605                                | 1540.495                            | 19.8            | Hex1 HexNAc2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A30       | 1703.584                                | 1581.512                            | -2.8            | HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A31       | 1717.608                                | 1581.522                            | 5.6             | HexNAc3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2            |                            |
| A32       | 1749.602                                | 1613.537                            | -6.8            | Unknown structure                      |                            |
| A33       | 1751.599                                | 1629.522                            | 0.1             | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                            |
| A34       | 1764.667                                | 1628.502                            | 50.0            | Hex1 HexNAc1 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            |
| A35       | 1765.618                                | 1629.532                            | 5.3             | Hex1 HexNAc1 dHex2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            |
| A36       | 1767.620                                | 1645.517                            | 14.8            | Hex2 HexNAc1 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A37       | 1783.585                                | 1661.512                            | -2.1            | Hex3 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A38       | 1792.814                                | 1670.549                            | 105.0           | HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A39       | 1797.610                                | 1661.521                            | 6.6             | Hex3 HexNAc1 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A40       | 1806.657                                | 1670.558                            | 12.5            | HexNAc2 dHex2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                            |
| A41       | 1808.607                                | 1686.544                            | -7.6            | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A42       | 1824.608                                | 1702.538                            | -3.7            | Hex2 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A43       | 1838.661                                | 1702.548                            | 19.5            | Hex2 HexNAc2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A44       | 1865.620                                | 1743.565                            | -11.7           | Hex1 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A45       | 1879.661                                | 1743.575                            | 4.8             | Hex1 HexNAc3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A46       | 1888.924                                | 1766.543                            | 161.1           | Hex4 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                            |
| A47       | 1906.655                                | 1784.592                            | -7.2            | HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A48       | 1920.682                                | 1784.601                            | 2.3             | HexNAc4 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2            |                            |
| A49       | 1945.612                                | 1823.565                            | -15.3           | Hex4 HexNAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A50       | 1952.677                                | 1816.616                            | -7.9            | HexNAc2 dHex3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                            |
| A51       | 1954.866                                | 1832.601                            | 96.3            | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A52       | 1959.599                                | 1823.574                            | -26.5           | Hex4 HexNAc1 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A53       | 1970.726                                | 1848.596                            | 26.9            | Hex2 HexNAc2 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A54       | 1986.667                                | 1864.591                            | -0.5            | Hex3 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A55       | 2000.577                                | 1864.601                            | -50.2           | Hex3 HexNAc2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A56       | 2009.653                                | 1873.638                            | -30.7           | HexNAc3 dHex2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2      |                            |
| A57       | 2011.663                                | 1889.623                            | -18.1           | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A58       | 2027.682                                | 1905.618                            | -6.1            | Hex2 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |

|     |          |          |        |  |                            |
|-----|----------|----------|--------|--|----------------------------|
| A59 | 2041.713 | 1905.627 | 4.3    | Hex2 HexNAc3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A60 | 2050.704 | 1928.596 | 15.2   | Hex5 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                            |
| A61 | 2068.719 | 1946.644 | -1.0   | Hex1 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A62 | 2082.738 | 1946.654 | 3.3    | Hex1 HexNAc4 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A63 | 2109.758 | 1987.671 | 5.0    | HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2             | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A64 | 2114.753 | 1978.669 | 3.4    | Hex1 HexNAc2 dHex3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            |
| A65 | 2129.999 | 1993.634 | 135.3  | Hex2 HexNAc2 NeuAc1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A66 | 2146.364 | 2010.659 | -173.2 | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex1 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            |
| A67 | 2148.660 | 2026.644 | -28.3  | Hex4 HexNAc2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A68 | 2158.155 | 2035.681 | 184.1  | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  | <a href="#">Glyconnect</a> |
| A69 | 2171.782 | 2035.690 | 6.9    | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex2 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            |
| A70 | 2189.759 | 2067.671 | 5.1    | Hex3 HexNAc3 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A71 | 2203.771 | 2067.680 | 6.5    | Hex3 HexNAc3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A72 | 2212.764 | 2090.649 | 17.2   | Hex6 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                            |
| A73 | 2230.794 | 2108.697 | 8.8    | Hex2 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A74 | 2244.834 | 2108.707 | 22.5   | Hex2 HexNAc4 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A75 | 2271.838 | 2149.724 | 16.2   | Hex1 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A76 | 2278.900 | 2156.707 | 51.0   | Hex3 HexNAc2 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                            |
| A77 | 2287.809 | 2165.744 | -5.2   | HexNAc3 dHex4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A78 | 2320.103 | 2197.734 | 126.0  | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex2 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                            |
| A79 | 2374.818 | 2252.702 | 16.6   | Hex7 dHex1 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2          |                            |
| A80 | 2392.895 | 2270.750 | 28.3   | Hex3 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A81 | 2406.937 | 2270.760 | 41.8   | Hex3 HexNAc4 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A82 | 2433.956 | 2311.777 | 42.1   | Hex2 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A83 | 2449.933 | 2327.797 | 24.4   | Hex1 HexNAc3 dHex4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2  |                            |
| A84 | 2479.957 | 2343.801 | 31.9   | Hex2 HexNAc3 dHex3 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2 |                            |
| A85 | 2555.030 | 2432.803 | 58.9   | Hex4 HexNAc4 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A86 | 2569.031 | 2432.812 | 55.4   | Hex4 HexNAc4 Pho1 + Man3 GlcNAc2       |                            |
| A87 | 2596.066 | 2473.829 | 61.6   | Hex3 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A88 | 2758.164 | 2635.882 | 74.5   | Hex4 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |
| A89 | 2920.151 | 2797.935 | 47.7   | Hex5 HexNAc5 Su1 + Man3 GlcNAc2        |                            |

\*Monosaccharide nomenclatures are based on the SNFG: Hexose (Hex), *N*-acetyl hexosamine (HexNAc), Mannose (Man), *N*-acetyl glucosamine (GlcNAc), Fucose (dHex), Sulfate (Su), and Phosphate (Pho). The number of units corresponding to each monosaccharide are indicated after each abbreviation.

\*The links to the Glyconnect database of the Swiss Institute of Bioinformatics are provided for selected monoisotopic peaks found in the database.

\*From the 89 monoisotopic masses, 55 sulfated and 34 phosphorylated *N*-glycans were identified based on their glycan composition and MS/MS analysis. Fucosylated acidic *N*-glycan structures were also found in trace abundance relative to un-fucosylated acidic *N*-glycans.

\*Glycoform mass is the mass of unlabeled *N*-glycan structure denoted as [M-BOA], BOA is benzyloxyamine with a molecular mass of 123.0684 Da.

**Table S3.3.** Waterfowl classification based on their virus prevalence.

| Duck ID | Species                    | PCA Group | VP Values | VP Classification |
|---------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| D2      | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>  | 1         | 12.9      | HVP               |
| D56     | <i>Anas superciliosa</i>   | 2         | 5.7       | HVP               |
| D34     | <i>Anas rubripes</i>       | 2         | 18.1      | HVP               |
| D71     | <i>Anas crecca</i>         | 2         | 4.0       | LVP               |
| D31     | <i>Anas gibberifrons</i>   | 2         | 5.8       | HVP               |
| D54     | <i>Anas strepera</i>       | 2         | 1.5       | LVP               |
| D52     | <i>Anas discors</i>        | 1         | 11.2      | HVP               |
| D45     | <i>Chenonetta jubata</i>   | 2         | 2.0       | LVP               |
| D12     | <i>Aix sponsa</i>          | 2         | 2.2       | LVP               |
| D68     | <i>Aythya australis</i>    | 2         | 2.8       | LVP               |
| D72     | <i>Tadorna tadorna</i>     | 2         | 6.5       | HVP               |
| D44     | <i>Tadorna tadornoides</i> | 2         | 5.0       | LVP               |
| D63     | <i>M. Membranaceus</i>     | 1         | 6.3       | HVP               |
| D39     | <i>Branta canadensis</i>   | 3         | 0.8       | LVP               |
| D47     | <i>Anser albifrons</i>     | 2         | 2.2       | LVP               |
| D06     | <i>Anser anser</i>         | 3         | 1.1       | LVP               |

\*Each waterfowl species was classified either as a high virus prevalence (HVP) or low virus prevalence (LVP). Classification was based on the average virus prevalence (5.5%). LVP < 5.50% < HVP.

\*Virus prevalence data of the 16 species shown on the table was taken from the work of Wille, M. *et al.* [36] and Olsen, B. *et al.* [40].

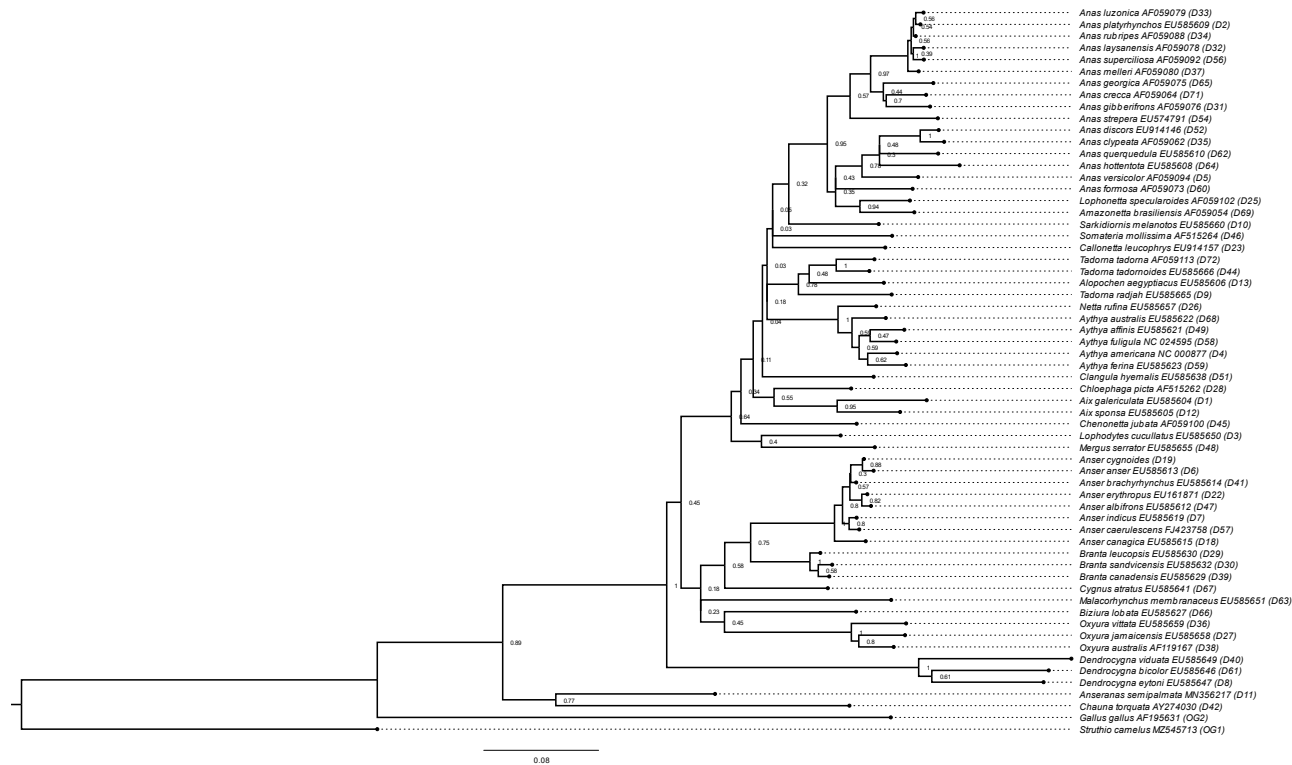
**Table S3.4. GenBank accession numbers for various genes of the 72 Anseriformes species in this study.**

| Sample ID | Scientific name                         | CO1      | Cty <i>b</i> | ND2       | Complete mtDNA |
|-----------|---|----------|--------------|-----------|----------------|
| D01       | <i>Aix galericulata</i>                 | JN703260 | EU585604     | EU585667  | KF437906       |
| D02       | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>               | Mk262361 | EU585609     | EU585672  | MN720361       |
| D03       | <i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i>            |          | EU585650     | EU585713  |                |
| D04       | <i>Aythya americana</i>                 | DQ434316 | NC 000877    | NC 000877 | NC 000877      |
| D05       | <i>Anas versicolor</i>                  | FJ027121 | AF059094     | AF059154  |                |
| D06       | <i>Anser anser</i>                      | GU571243 | EU585613     | EU585676  | NC 011196      |
| D07       | <i>Anser indicus</i>                    | GU571246 | EU585619     | EU585682  | NC 025654      |
| D08       | <i>Dendrocygna eytoni</i>               | MZ153330 | EU585647     | EU585710  |                |
| D09       | <i>Tadorna radjah</i>                   |          | EU585665     | EU585728  |                |
| D10       | <i>Sarkidiornis melanotos</i>           | FJ028237 | EU585660     | EU585723  |                |
| D11       | <i>Anseranas semipalmata</i>            | MN356217 | NC 005933    |           | MN356217       |
| D12       | <i>Aix sponsa</i>                       | AY666569 | EU585605     | EU585668  |                |
| D13       | <i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i>             | Mf580159 | EU585606     | EU585669  |                |
| D14       | <i>Anas platyrhynchos domesticus</i>    |          |              |           |                |
| D15       | <i>Anser anser domesticus (America)</i> |          |              |           |                |
| D16       | <i>Anser anser domesticus (France)</i>  |          |              |           |                |
| D17       | <i>Anser anser domesticus (Germany)</i> |          |              |           |                |
| D18       | <i>Anser canagica</i>                   | DQ432849 | EU585615     | EU585678  |                |
| D19       | <i>Anser cygnoides domesticus</i>       | LC145060 | EU585616     | EU585679  | NC 023832      |
| D20       | <i>Anser cygnoides domesticus</i>       |          |              |           |                |
| D21       | <i>Anser cygnoides domesticus</i>       |          |              |           |                |
| D22       | <i>Anser erythropus</i>                 | GU571729 | EU161871     | EU585680  |                |
| D23       | <i>Callonetta leucophrys</i>            | FJ027277 | EU914157     | AF059157  |                |
| D24       | <i>Dendrocygna arborea</i>              |          |              |           |                |
| D25       | <i>Lophonetta specularioides</i>        | JN801488 | AF059102     | AF059162  |                |
| D26       | <i>Netta rufina</i>                     | GQ482234 | EU585657     | EU585720  | NC 024922      |
| D27       | <i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i>               | AY666448 | EU585658     | EU585721  | MW574354       |
| D28       | <i>Chloephaga picta</i>                 | FJ027353 | AF515262     | AF515266  |                |
| D29       | <i>Branta leucopsis</i>                 | GU571283 | EU585630     | EU585693  |                |
| D30       | <i>Branta sandvicensis</i>              | JF498832 | EU585632     | EU585695  |                |
| D31       | <i>Anas gibberifrons</i>                | JQ174015 | AF059076     | AF059136  |                |
| D32       | <i>Anas laysanensis</i>                 | JF498830 | AF059078     | AF059138  |                |
| D33       | <i>Anas luzonica</i>                    | KT151721 | AF059079     | AF059139  |                |
| D34       | <i>Anas rubripes</i>                    | AY666211 | AF059088     | AF059148  |                |
| D35       | <i>Anas clypeata</i>                    | GU571236 | AF059062     | AF059122  | NC 028346      |
| D36       | <i>Oxyura vittata</i>                   | JQ175648 | EU585659     | EU585722  |                |
| D37       | <i>Anas melleri</i>                     |          | AF059080     | AF059140  |                |
| D38       | <i>Oxyura australis</i>                 |          | AF119167     | AY747867  |                |
| D39       | <i>Branta canadensis</i>                | GU571280 | EU585629     | EU585692  | NC 007011      |
| D40       | <i>Dendrocygna viduata</i>              | FJ027502 | EU585649     | EU585712  |                |
| D41       | <i>Anser brachyrhynchus</i>             | GU571244 | EU585614     | EU585677  |                |
| D42       | <i>Chauna torquata</i>                  | AY140730 | AY274030     | AY274053  | NC 052807      |
| D43       | <i>Thalassornis leuconotos</i>          | U97738   |              |           |                |
| D44       | <i>Tadorna tadornoides</i>              |          | EU585666     | EU585729  |                |
| D45       | <i>Chenonetta jubata</i>                | JN801436 | AF059100     | AF059160  |                |
| D46       | <i>Somateria mollissima</i>             | GU571620 | EU585661     | EU585724  | MW849292       |
| D47       | <i>Anser albifrons</i>                  | DQ433314 | EU585612     | EU585675  | NC 004539      |
| D48       | <i>Mergus serrator</i>                  | GU571482 | EU585655     | EU585718  | MZ365040       |
| D49       | <i>Aythya affinis</i>                   | DQ434308 | EU585621     | EU585684  |                |
| D50       | <i>Dendrocygna autumnalis</i>           | FJ027495 |              |           |                |
| D51       | <i>Clangula hyemalis</i>                | GU571339 | EU585638     | EU585701  | MW849278       |
| D52       | <i>Anas discors</i>                     | AY666325 | EU914146     | AF059128  |                |
| D53       | <i>Oxyura punctata</i>                  |          |              |           |                |

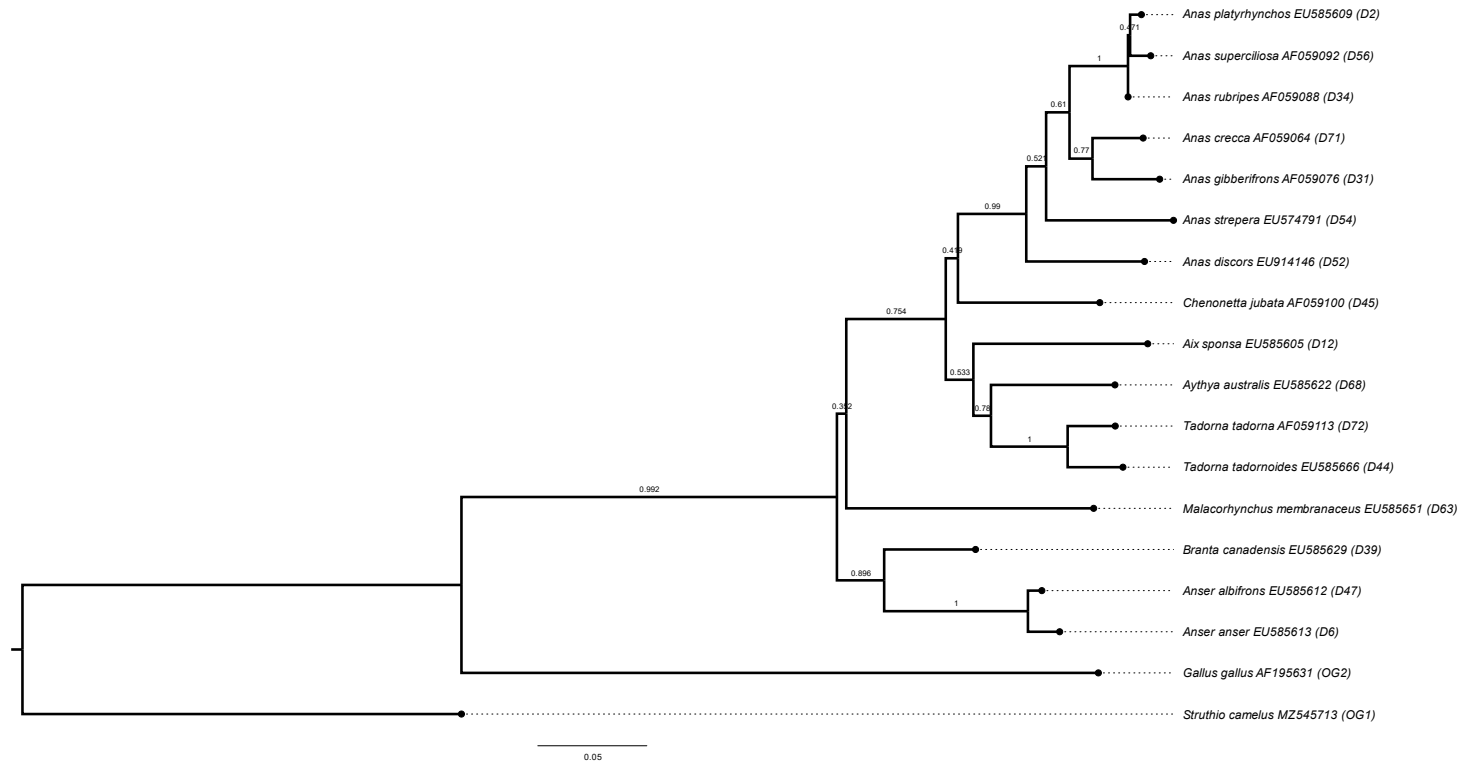
|     |  |           |          |          |           |
|-----|--|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| D54 | <i>Anas strepera (Mareca strepera)</i> | GQ481327  | EU574791 | AF059169 | NC 045373 |
| D55 | <i>Heteronetta atricapilla</i>         | FJ027649  |          |          |           |
| D56 | <i>Anas superciliosa</i>               | JN801396  | AF059092 | AF059152 |           |
| D57 | <i>Anser caerulescens</i>              | DQ434537  | FJ423758 |          |           |
| D58 | <i>Aythya fuligula</i>                 | JF499099  | KU697802 | EU585687 | NC 024595 |
| D59 | <i>Aythya ferina</i>                   | JF499098  | EU585623 | EU585686 | NC 024602 |
| D60 | <i>Anas formosa</i>                    | JN703250  | AF059073 | AF059133 | NC 015482 |
| D61 | <i>Dendrocygna bicolor</i>             |           | EU585646 | EU585709 |           |
| D62 | <i>Anas querquedula</i>                | GQ481326  | EU585610 | EU585673 |           |
| D63 | <i>Malacorhynchus membranaceus</i>     |           | EU585651 | EU585714 |           |
| D64 | <i>Anas hottentota (Anas punctata)</i> |           | EU585608 | EU585671 |           |
| D65 | <i>Anas georgica</i>                   | FJ027096  | AF059075 | AF059135 |           |
| D66 | <i>Biziura lobata</i>                  |           | EU585627 | EU585690 |           |
| D68 | <i>Cygnus atratus</i>                  | NC 012843 | EU585641 | EU585704 | NC 012843 |
| D67 | <i>Aythya australis</i>                | MW151626  | EU585622 | EU585685 |           |
| D69 | <i>Amazonetta brasiliensis</i>         | FJ027059  | AF059054 | AF059115 |           |
| D70 | <i>Lophonetta cristata</i>             |           |          |          |           |
| D71 | <i>Anas crecca</i>                     | KC771255  | AF059064 | EU585670 | NC 022452 |
| D72 | <i>Tadorna tadorna</i>                 | KU140668  | AF059113 | AF059173 | NC 024750 |
| OG1 | <i>Gallus gallus</i>                   |           | AF195631 |          | NC 040902 |
| OG2 | <i>Struthio camelus</i>                | LC145063  | MZ545713 |          | NC 002785 |

\*Accession numbers of the mitochondrial gene sequences of the cytochrome *b* (Cty *b*), cytochrome oxidase subunit 1 (CO1), NADH dehydrogenase subunit 2 (ND2) and the complete mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) was taken from GenBank.





**Figure S3.1.** The evolutionary history was inferred by using the Maximum Likelihood method and Tamura-Nei model. The tree with the highest log likelihood (-11550.63) is shown. Initial tree(s) for the heuristic search were obtained automatically by applying Neighbor-Join and BioNJ algorithms to a matrix of pairwise distances estimated using the Tamura-Nei model, and then selecting the topology with superior log likelihood value. A discrete Gamma distribution was used to model evolutionary rate differences among sites (5 categories (+G, parameter = 0.4430)). The rate variation model allowed for some sites to be evolutionarily invariable ([+I], 27.02% sites). The tree is drawn to scale, with branch lengths measured in the number of substitutions per site. This analysis involved 62 nucleotide sequences. There were a total of 992 positions in the final dataset. Evolutionary analyses were conducted in MEGA11.



**Figure S3.2.** The evolutionary history was inferred by using the Maximum Likelihood method and Tamura-Nei model. The tree with the highest log likelihood (-5786.80) is shown. The percentage of trees in which the associated taxa clustered together is shown below the branches. Initial tree(s) for the heuristic search were obtained automatically by applying Neighbor-Join and BioNJ algorithms to a matrix of pairwise distances estimated using the Tamura-Nei model, and then selecting the topology with superior log likelihood value. A discrete Gamma distribution was used to model evolutionary rate differences among sites (5 categories (+G, parameter = 0.3642)). The tree is drawn to scale, with branch lengths measured in the number of substitutions per site. This analysis involved 18 nucleotide sequences. There were a total of 1082 positions in the final dataset. Evolutionary analyses were conducted in MEGA11.



## Chapter 4      Concluding Remarks

This study addresses the challenges of analyzing sulfated *N*- and *O*-glycans in complex biological samples. We present a comprehensive workflow that integrates the strengths of Glycoblotting as a complementary purification, enrichment, methylation, and labeling technique for MALDI-TOF MS-based sulphoglycomics. Glycoblotting demonstrates its efficiency as a glycan enrichment platform, while the on-bead methyl esterification using MTT successfully overcomes the obstacles related to trace abundance, sample loss, and the presence of sialic acid. Notably, the on-bead methyl esterification step of Glycoblotting facilitates the discrimination between sulfated glycans and sialylated glycans and the differentiation of isomeric glycans containing sulfate or phosphate groups. This streamlined workflow enables efficient enrichment and detection of trace sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans, offering a simplified approach to MALDI-TOF MS-based sulphoglycomics.

Moreover, employing the Glycoblotting-based sulphoglycomics approach, we uncovered a diverse array of sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans in waterfowl egg whites, providing valuable insights into the differential expressions of acidic *N*-glycans in egg whites. We observed distinct variations in the expressions of acidic *N*-glycans among the four families (Anhimidae, Anseranatidae, Dendrocygnidae, and Anatinae) within the order Anseriformes. By examining sulfated trans-Gal(+) and trans-Gal(-) *N*-glycan structures and phosphorylated *N*-glycans, we successfully differentiate waterfowl species. Remarkably, waterfowl species with a high virus prevalence exhibit elevated phosphorylated hybrid and high-mannose *N*-glycans expression. These findings emphasize the significance of phosphorylated and sulfated *N*-glycans in comprehending the transmission and evolution of IAV within avian populations.

Further studies can be conducted to expand the application of the Glycoblottling-based sulphoglycomics workflow to other biological samples and species. In addition, investigations into the functional roles of specific sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans in the interaction between waterfowl as a host and IAV can provide deeper insights into the mechanisms underlying viral infection and transmission. The integration of other analytical techniques, such as lectin binding assays and glycan microarrays, can enhance the understanding of the binding specificity and host-virus interactions mediated by sulfated and phosphorylated *N*-glycans, overall, continued advancements in sulphoglycomics research hold promise for elucidating the intricate relationship between glycans and viral infections, paving the way for novel preventive and therapeutic strategies against influenza and other related diseases.