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Author(s)	Watanabe, Chihisa
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A few specimens were taken by Dr. H. Kôno at Fure, S. Saghalien, on Sept. 8, 1940.

This species is characterised by possessing many sclerotised cerarii, some small accessory cerarii and many pointed lanceolate cerariian spines. Resembles *Puto trinidadensis* Laing, but differs in the last antennal segment being the longest, the dorsal setae not numerous, the cerarii more in number and in the prominent dorsal ostioles. Apparently different from related Coccids described by Kiritschenko and Borchsenius from Russia. Different also from the unsatisfactory descriptions of *Phenacoccus piceae* Löw (Wien. Ent. Zeit. II, 1883, p. 267; Marchal, Ann. Soc. ent. Fr., 1908, p. 243) in the 2nd antennal segment shorter than the 3rd and 9th, the tarsi shorter than half the length of tibiae, the larger body, the dorsum without tubular ducts, etc.

The type specimens in the author's collection.

## A BRACONID PARASITE OF ANTHERAEA PERYNI GUÉRIN IN MANCHOUKUO\*

By

Chihisa Watanabe (渡邊千尙)

## Apanteles dictyoplocae WATANABE

Apanteles dictyoplocae WATANABE, Ins. Mats., XV, p. 51, \$ 3 (1940).

This species is new to Manchoukuo. The new series agrees well enough with the type series which is described from Japan.

Host: Antheraea peryni Guérin.

I have received from Mr. S. IKEUCHI, of the Manchoukuo Agricultural Experiment Station, Anto, a series of 15 females and one male bred from larvae (the 2nd or 3rd instar) of Antheraea peryni Guérin at Anto. Furthermore, this species has been recognized as a parasite of Dictyoploca japonica Butler in Japan.

Habitat: Manchoukuo (Anto, 15 9 9, 1 8, VI, 1940, S. IKEUCHI leg.). General Distribution: Japan; Manchoukuo.

<sup>\*</sup>WATANABE: Contributions to the Knowledge of the Braconid Fauna of Manchoukuo, III.

<sup>[</sup>Ins. Mats., Vol. XV, No. 4, Dec., 1941]