



HOKKAIDO UNIVERSITY

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| Title | Reproductive behavior and role in maintaining an aggregative form of the freshwater green alga Marimo, <i>Aegagropila linnaei</i> , in Lake Akan, Hokkaido, Japan |
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Table A1

Location and depth of each study site in Lake Akan.

Table A2

Morphological characteristics of cells of *Aegagropila linnaei* in each study site in Lake Akan. Statistics indicates mean \pm standard deviation (minimum and maximum number).

Fig. A1

Map showing study sites in Lake Akan.

Fig. A2

Landscape of Lake Akan (a) and habits of *Aegagropila linnaei* in each study site: aggregations in Churui (b) and Kinetanpe (c), free-floating filaments in Takiguchi (d), and epilithic filaments (arrows) in Jyagaiwa (e) and Shurikomabetsu (f).

Fig. A3

Habits of *Aegagropila linnaei* in Lake Akan. A group of free-floating type (a) and a filament of Takiguchi (b), and a group of epilithic type on a stone (c) and a filament having zoospores of Shurikomabetsu (arrowhead indicates a liberation pore) (d).