



Title	Far-from-equilibrium behavior of ten-micrometer-scale artificial chemical assemblies : Autocatalytic vesicular self-reproduction and light-powered crystalline self-oscillation
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Description	Systems Chemistry Virtual Symposium 2023. The conference is on 10-11 July 2023.
Issue Date	2023-07-10
Doc URL	https://hdl.handle.net/2115/90137
Type	conference presentation
File Information	Presentation_SystemsChemistry2023.pdf, PDF with comment





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Far-from-equilibrium behavior of ten-micrometer-scale artificial chemical assemblies

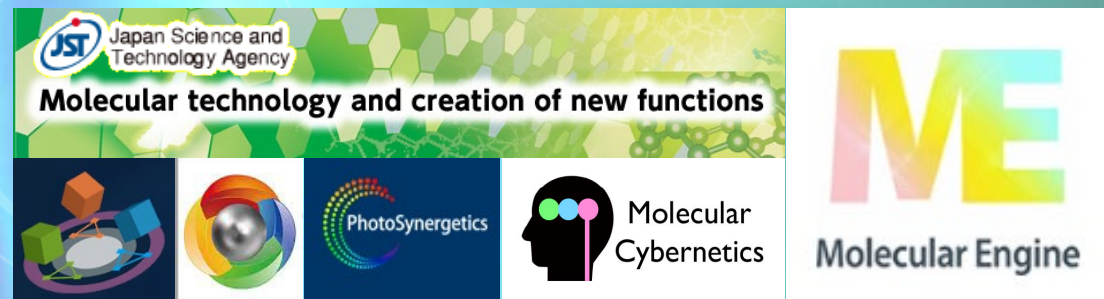
— Autocatalytic vesicular self-reproduction
and light-powered crystalline self-oscillation

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Faculty of Science, Hokkaido University

July 10-11, 2023. Systems Chemistry Virtual Symposium 2023

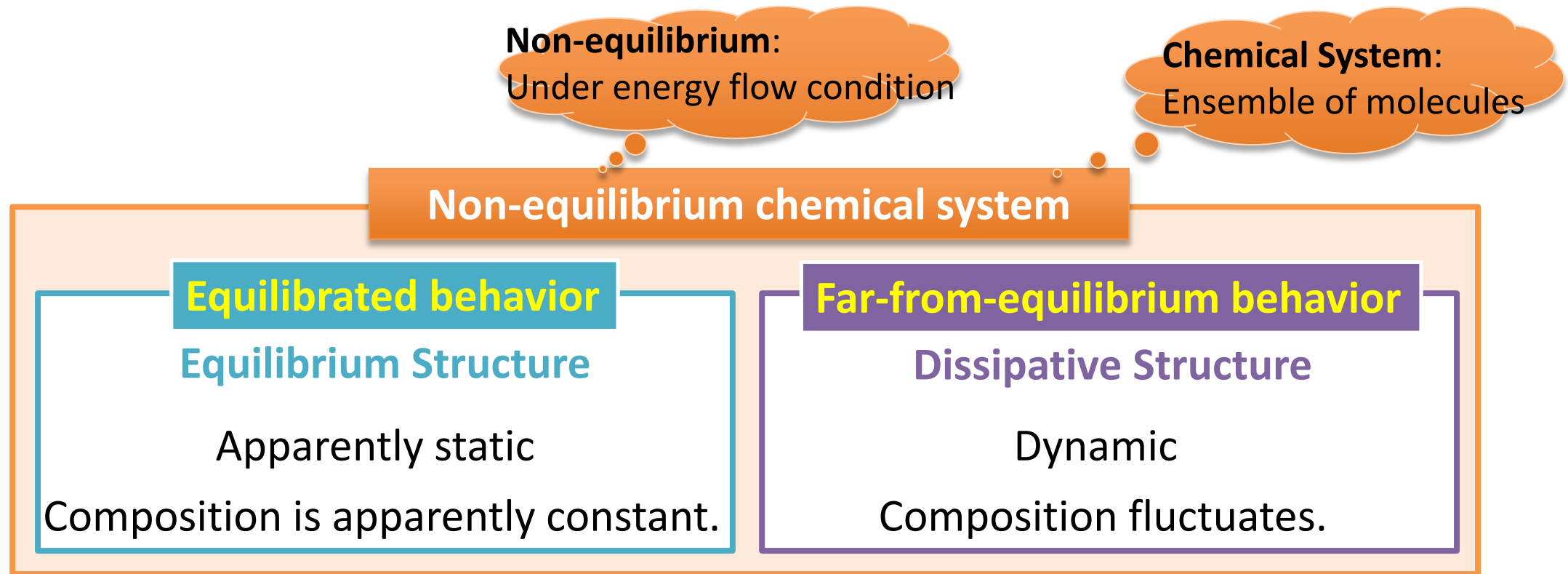
The presentation slides are available from HUSCAP

<https://eprints.lib.hokudai.ac.jp/>



What is “far-from-equilibrium” in chemical thermodynamics

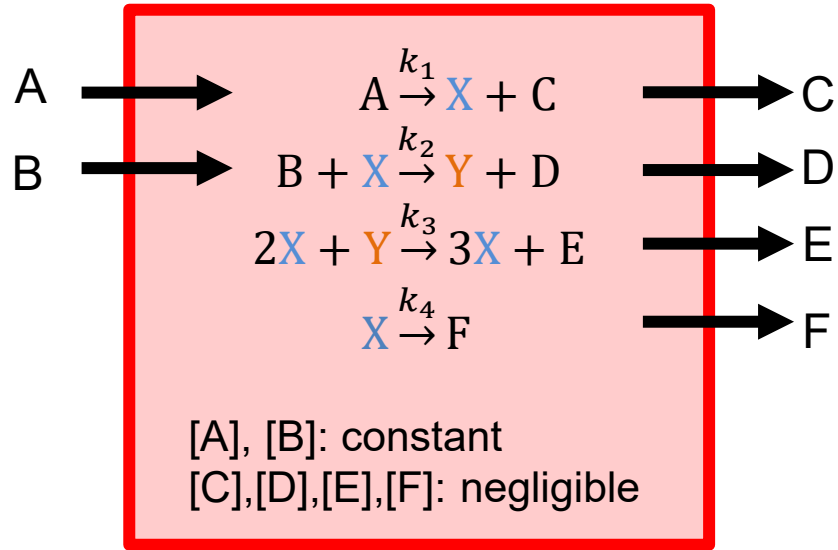
Far-from-equilibrium system is a chemical system with fluctuation in composition.



The feature of far-from-equilibrium is very different from equilibrium.

Brusselator, a model reaction system for chemical oscillation

Concept of Brusselator: a model for BZ-reaction



X and Y cannot pass through the wall.

The 3rd step:

autocatalytic process

where X promotes the decrease of Y.

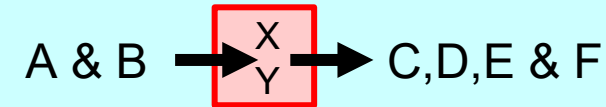
The 2nd step:

X causes the increase of Y.

If you cannot image the condition shown left.....

A huge vessel

Objective system



X and Y cannot pass through the wall.

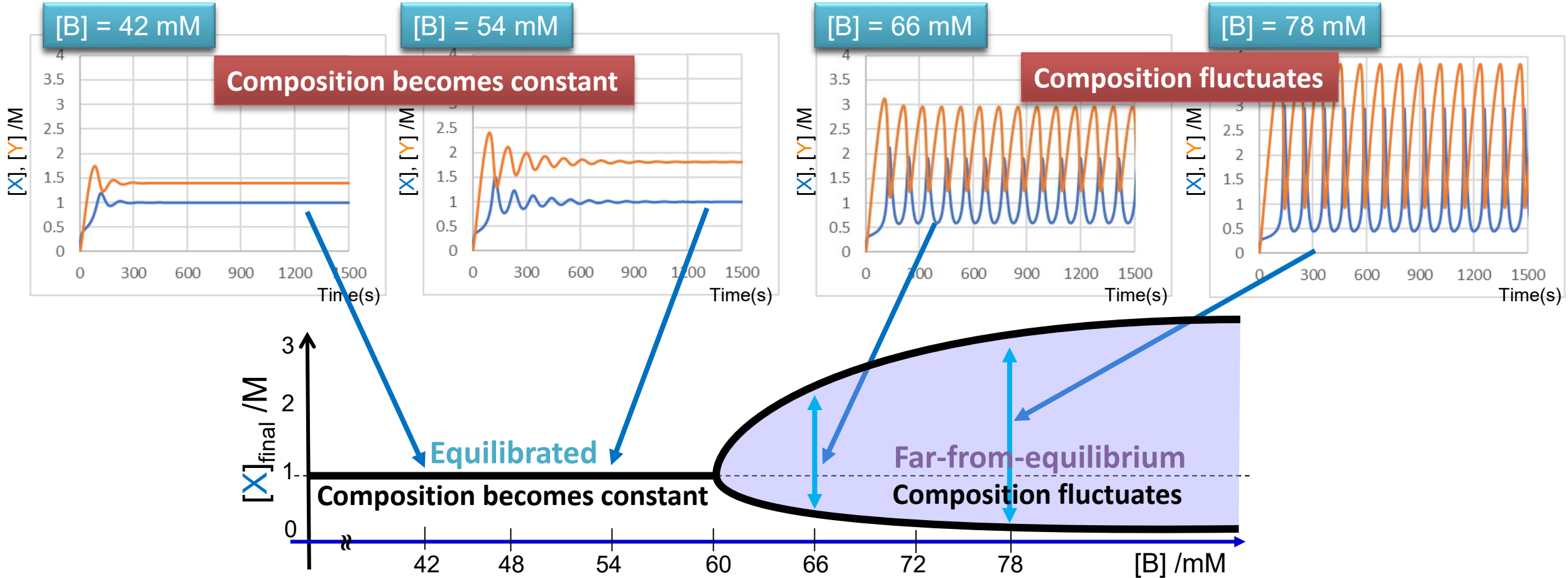
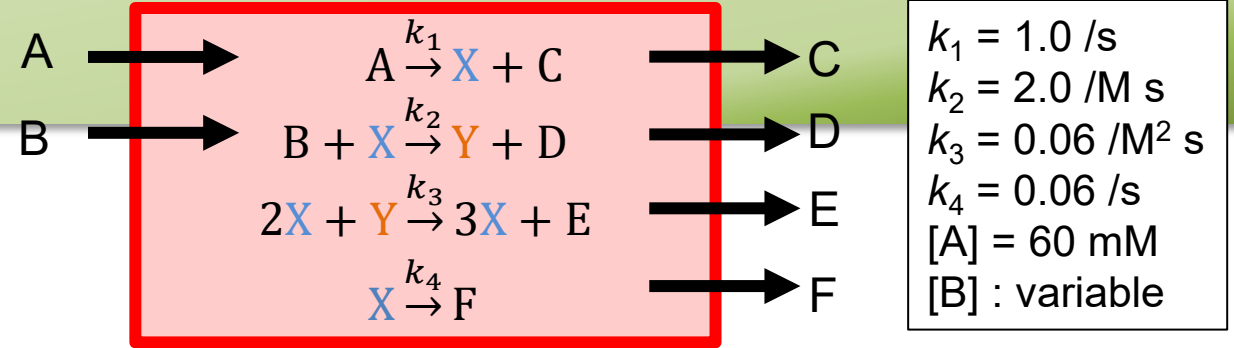
[A], [B] are apparently constant.

[C], [D], [E], [F] are apparently zero.

What is "far-from-equilibrium"

Concept of Brusselator: a model for BZ-reaction

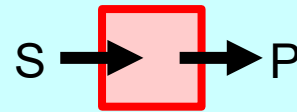
All of them are open systems with flow of substrates.



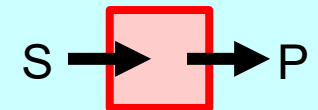
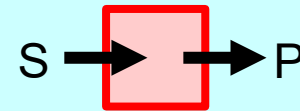
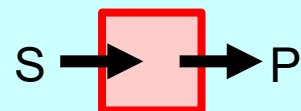
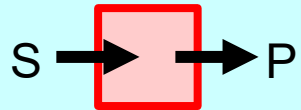
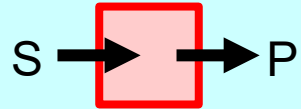
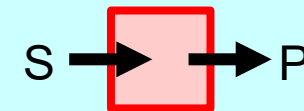
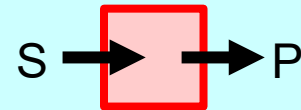
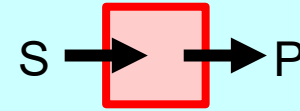
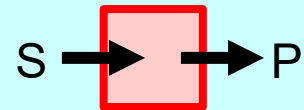
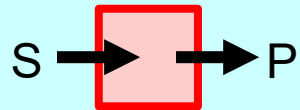
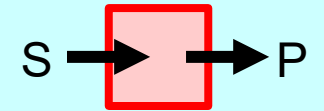
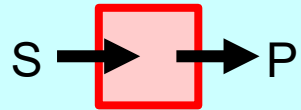
Ilya Prigogine found both **Equilibrium Structure** and **Dissipative Structure** in a chemical system with energy flow. In the above example, **[B]** characterizes the behavior of the system.

Very big vessel

Ten- μm size system



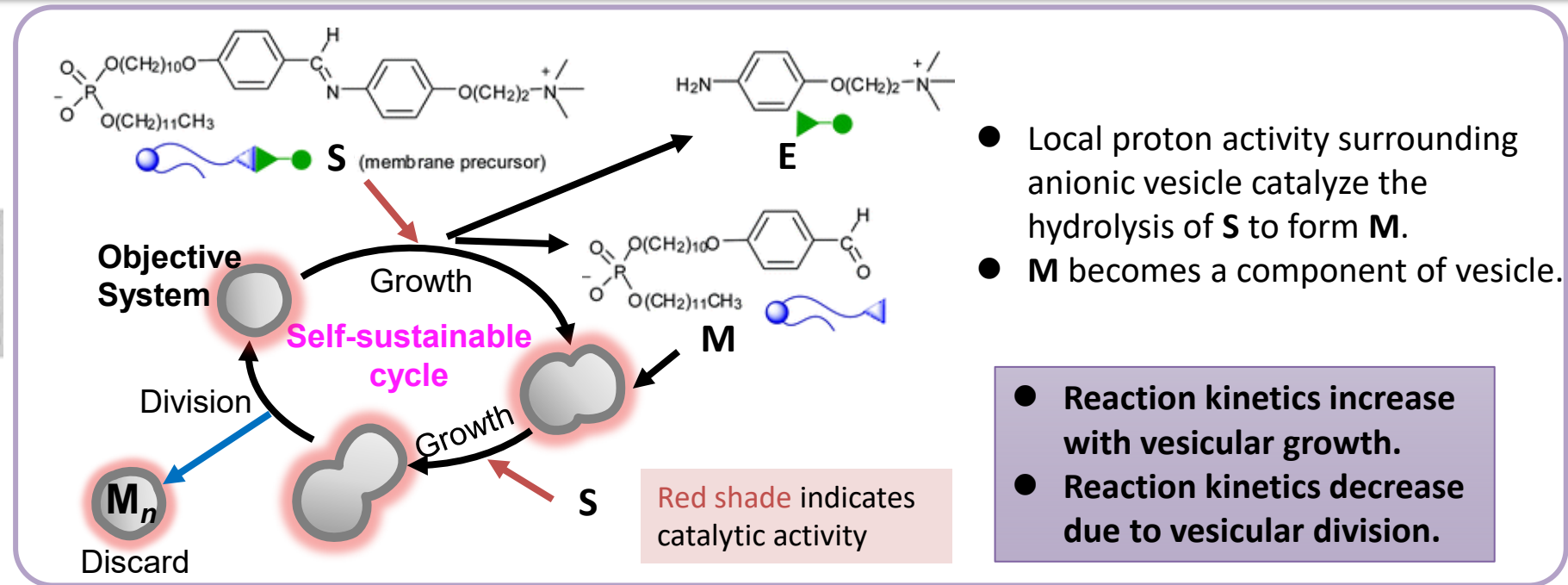
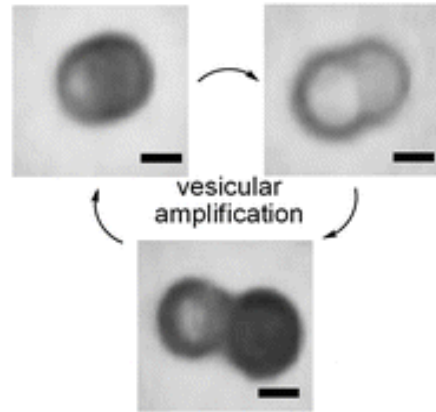
Repetitive mechanical behavior



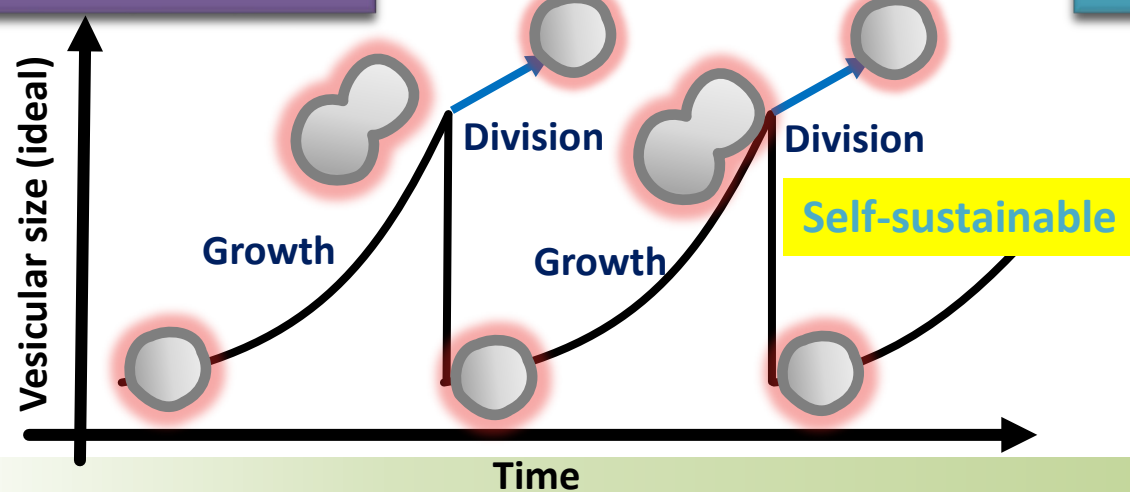
Self-continuous vesicular growth and division: Autocatalytic vesicle reproduction

Takahashi, Sugawara, et al
Chem. Commun. 46, 8791-8793 (2010).

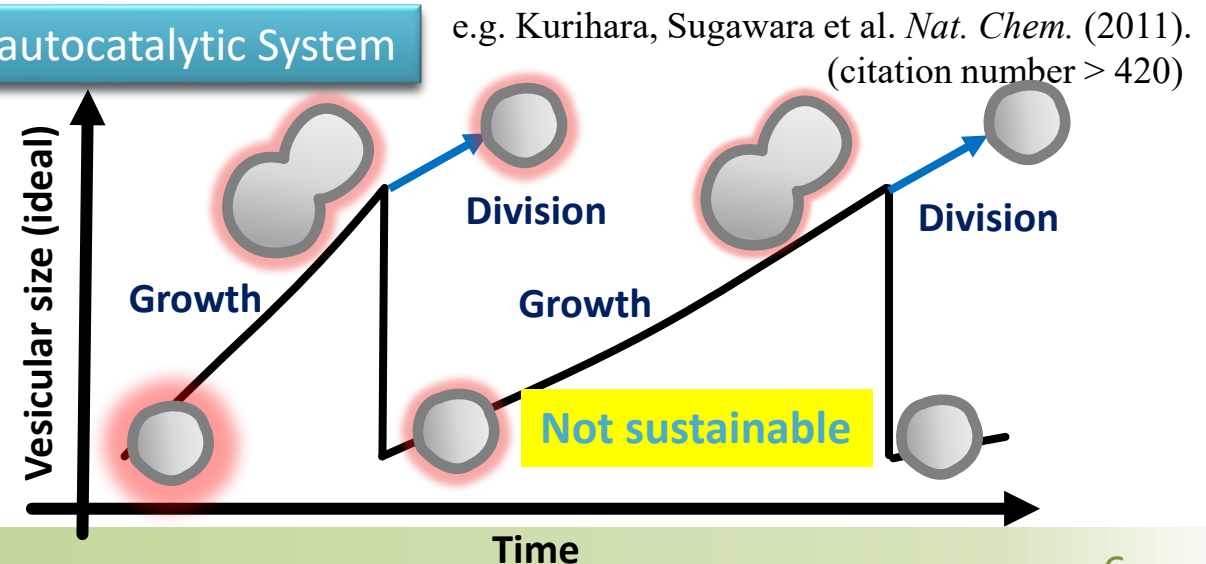
Other groups:
N. Devaraj, *PNAS* (2015);
P. Luisi, *JACS* (1994).



Autocatalytic System



Non-autocatalytic System

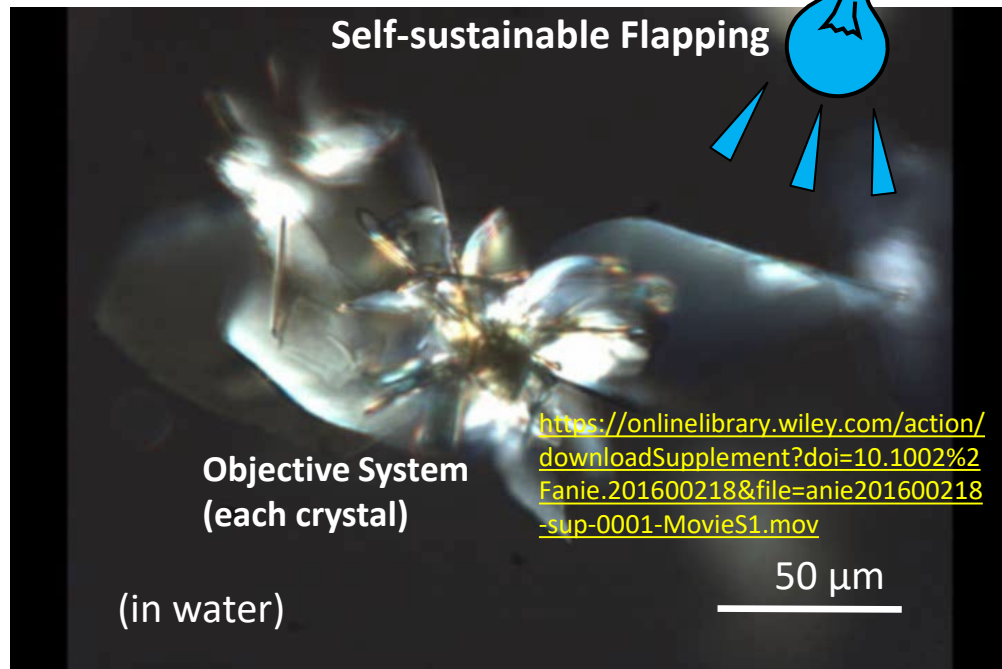


The highly cited paper has smaller meaning in Systems Chemistry.⁶

Light-driven self-oscillation of crystal

Continuous light irradiation

Self-sustainable Flapping

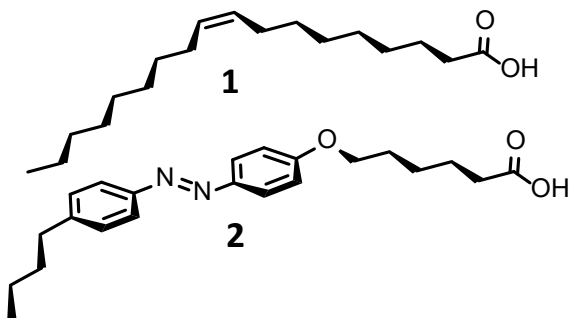


<https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/action/downloadSupplement?doi=10.1002%2Fanie.201600218&file=anie201600218-sup-0001-MovieS1.mov>

50 μm

T. Ikegami, et al. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 55, 8239-8243 (2016).

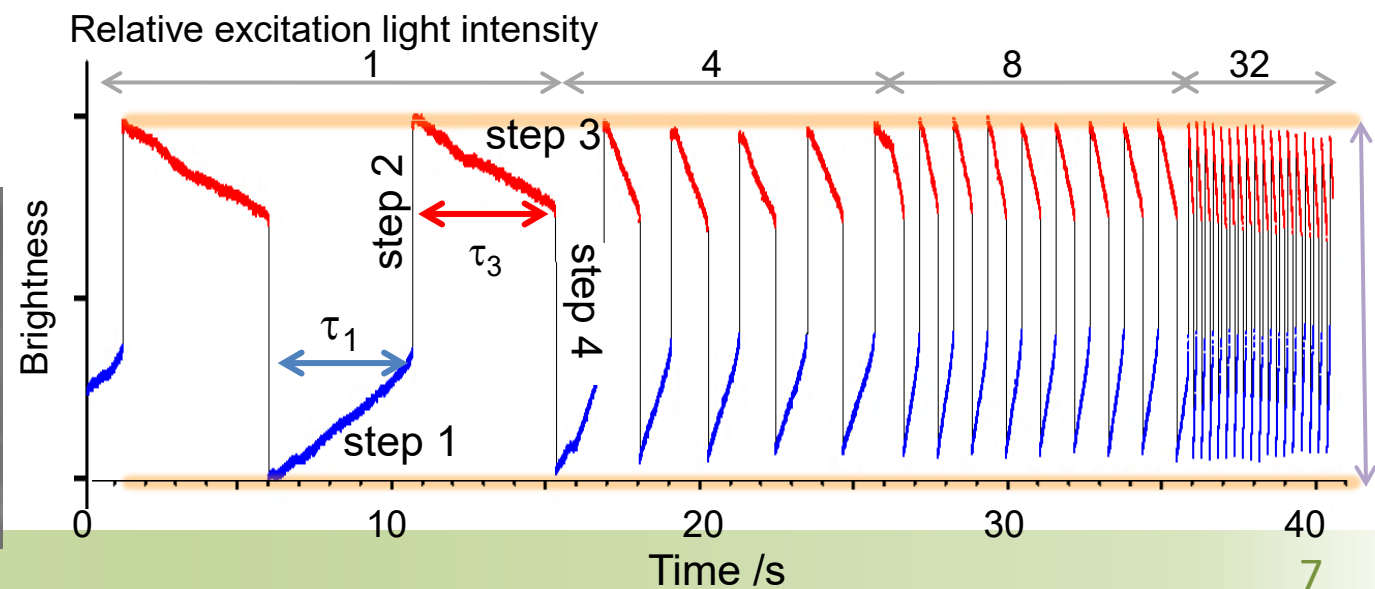
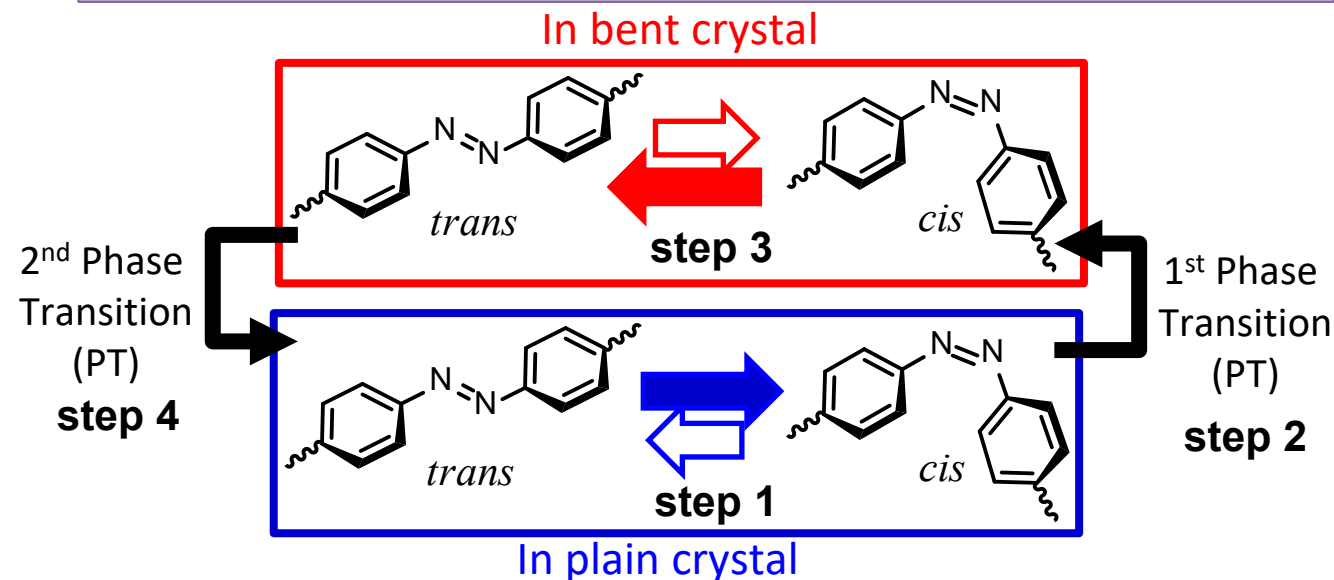
Y. Kageyama, et al. *Chem. Eur. J.* 26, 10759-10768 (2020).



$\lambda_{irr}=435\text{ nm}$

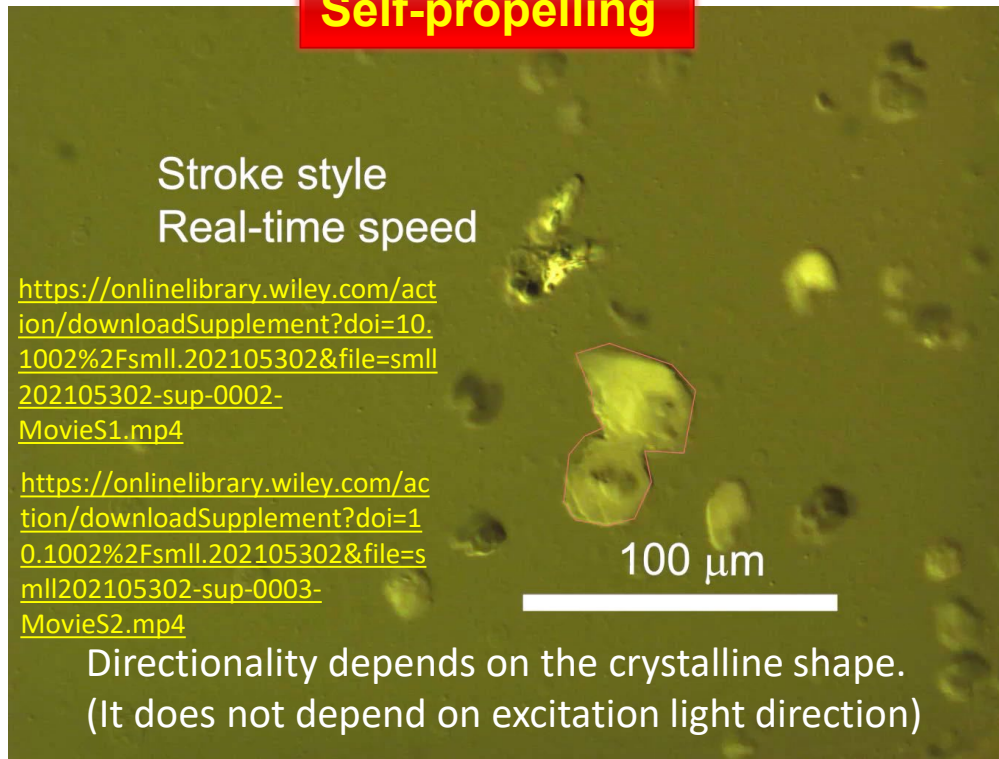
<https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/action/downloadSupplement?doi=10.1002%2Fanie.201600218&file=anie201600218-sup-0001-MovieS2.mov>

- *Trans*-to-*cis* reaction velocity decrease by the 1st phase transition
- *Trans*-to-*cis* reaction velocity increase by the 2nd phase transition



Life-like functions of light-driven self-oscillatory crystal

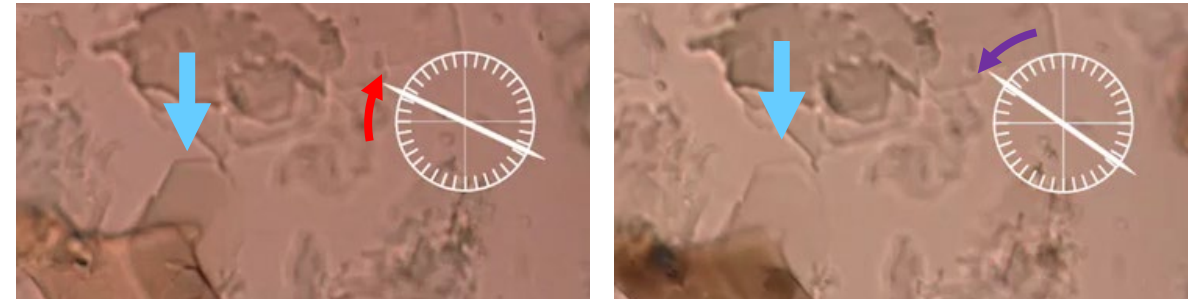
Self-propelling



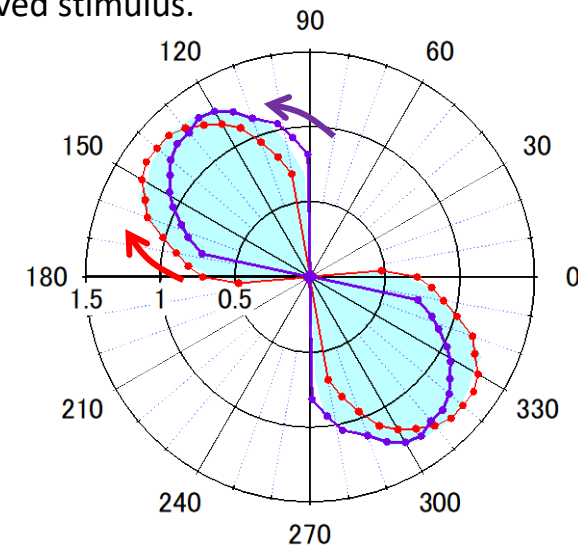
K. Obara, et al. *Small* 18, 2105302 (2022).

- Powerstroke due to multimolecular process (phase transition)
- Symmetry breaking in motion (exception of scallop theorem)

Memory effect



When the excitation light is polarized, the frequency changes with the direction of rotation of the polarization angle. The crystal remembers the previously received stimulus.



Y. Kageyama, et al. *arXiv* 2301.09873 (2023).

Note: Condition characterizes the behavior of the system.

Summary 1

Under energy flow condition, ensemble of molecules

Non-equilibrium chemical system

Equilibrated behavior

Composition becomes apparently constant.

Catalytic/photocatalytic reactions

Molecular-level motors

[Nobel Prize in Chemistry 2016]

Light-responsive materials

Vesicular self-reproduction

[Sugawara, *Nat. Chem.* 2011; *Nat. Commun.* 2013, &s]

Dissipative self-assembly

Self-assembly in dissipative condition

Far-from-equilibrium behavior

Composition fluctuates.

Light-driven self-oscillatory & self-propulsive crystal

[Kageyama, *ACIE* 2016; *Small* 2022]

Autocatalytic vesicle reproduction (Self-replication)

[Takahashi, Sugawara, *ChemComm* 2010]

[Devaraj, *PNAS* 2015]

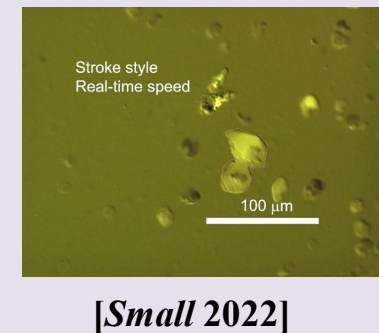
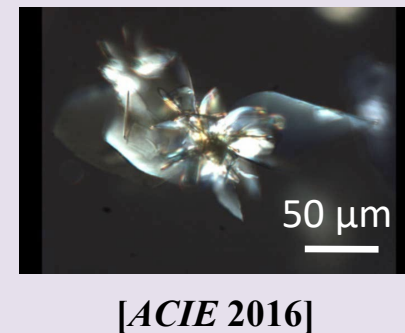
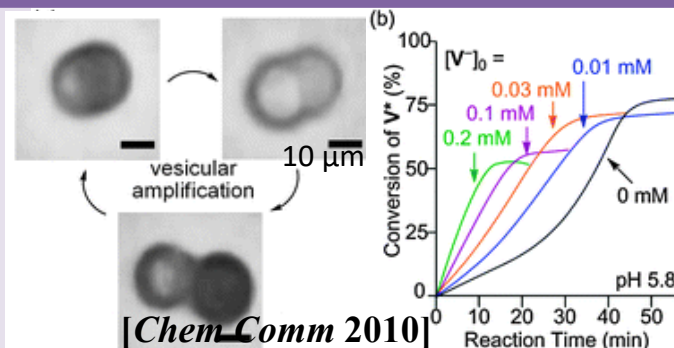
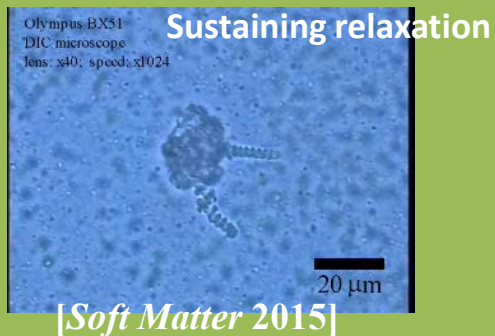
Self-oscillatory assembly

[Hermans *Nat. Nanotechnol.* 2018, Fletcher *Nat. Chem.* 2022]

Behaviors difficult to classify due to the framework of thermodynamics

1. Sustainable relaxation dynamics that does not reach equilibrium [Kageyama, *Soft Matter* 2015]

2. Continuous behavior with self-shadowing mechanism due to the directionality of the energy resource [Broer, *Nature* 2017]



Summary 2 (Perspectives and Comments)

My perspectives:

Systems chemistry is an important research field that enables us to create life-like dynamics and gain insights into the intrinsic features of life.

Systems chemistry shows indeterministic behavior: this point is inherently different from supramolecular chemistry where molecular structure dominantly characterizes the feature of the objects.

The significance in systems chemistry is in its deviation from common perspectives in chemistry.

My concerns:

Currently, at embryo stage of systems chemistry, discussions ignoring the achievement in physical chemistry are more likely to be published and cited.

→ This trend must lead to the decline of this challenging and exciting field.

→ This trend must force young chemists to pay their efforts on non-essential research goals.

My proposals: they are no further from general ethics for scientists.

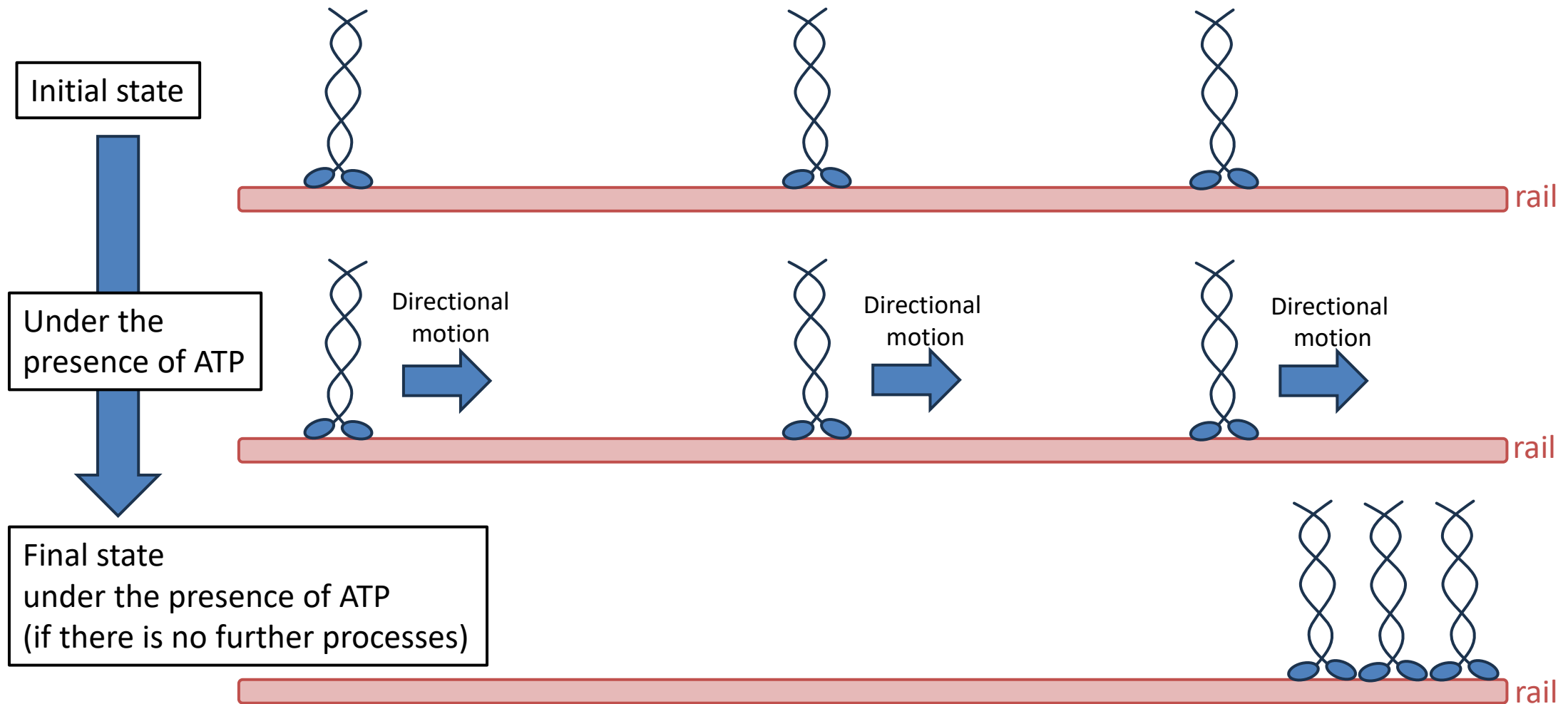
Science is a process of continually advancing while making mistakes and correcting them.

Accepting this fact and contributing for further development are the roles of scientists including students.

Specifically, I propose,

1. **When drawing graphs, be sure to indicate the axis labels** to prevent errors. Many papers in this field contain unclear potential curves.
2. **Respect diverse perspectives**, as systems chemistry is a multidisciplinary area of chemistry.
3. **Do not blindly trust journal reputation:** Quantitative evaluations reflect the world's situation but do not guarantee legitimacy.
4. **Consider what we leave behind for the next generation:** Researches for temporary fame are not creative.

We know breaking microscopic reversibility shifts the distribution.



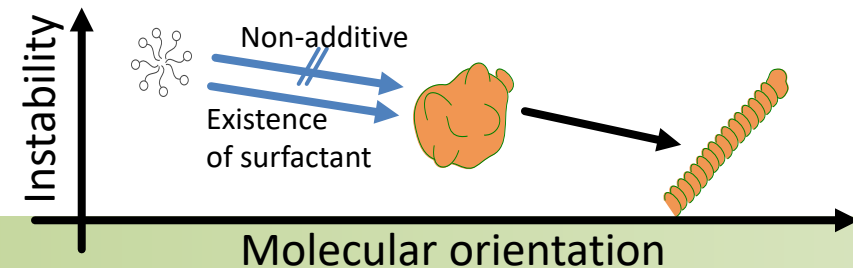
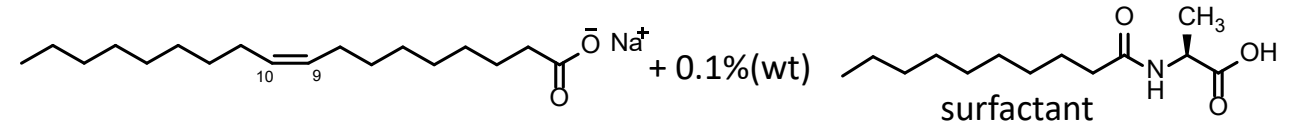
Breaking of microscopic reversibility results in a distribution shift.

The behavior of the distribution shift is up-hill relaxation* but not far-from-equilibrium.

(If the rail extends infinitely or is circular, the molecules may operate eternally, even though it is not far from equilibrium.)

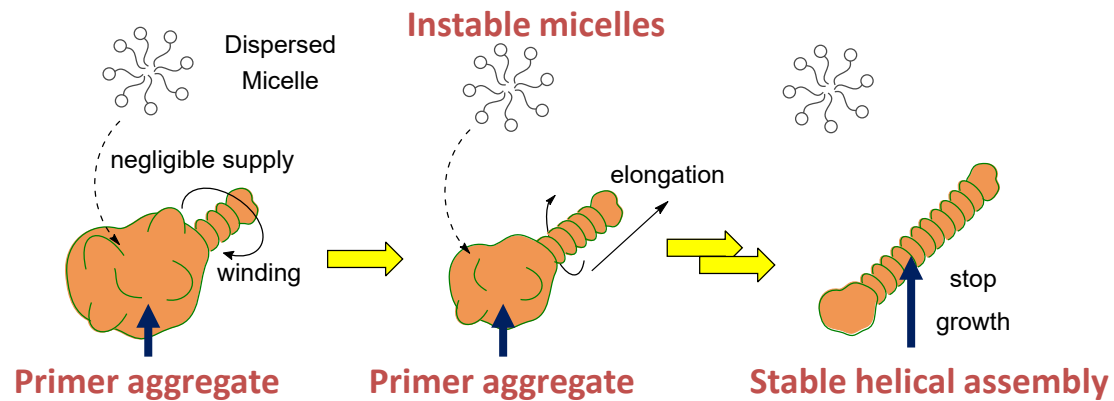
* up-hill relaxation: relaxation process that transitions a system towards a likely state, resulting in an increase in the internal energy of the system.

If the span of the relaxation process becomes eternal, we can observe continuous mechanical dynamics.

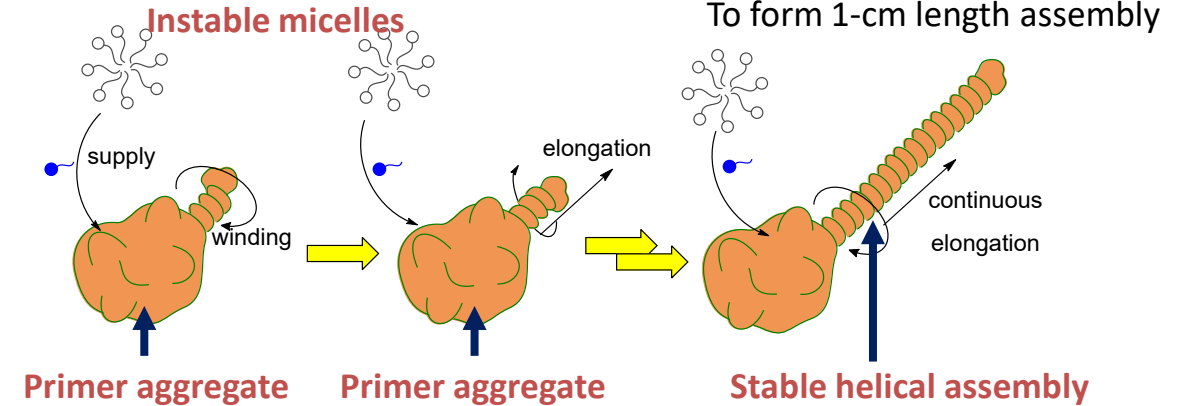


Molecular assembly proceeds step-by-step

Non additive

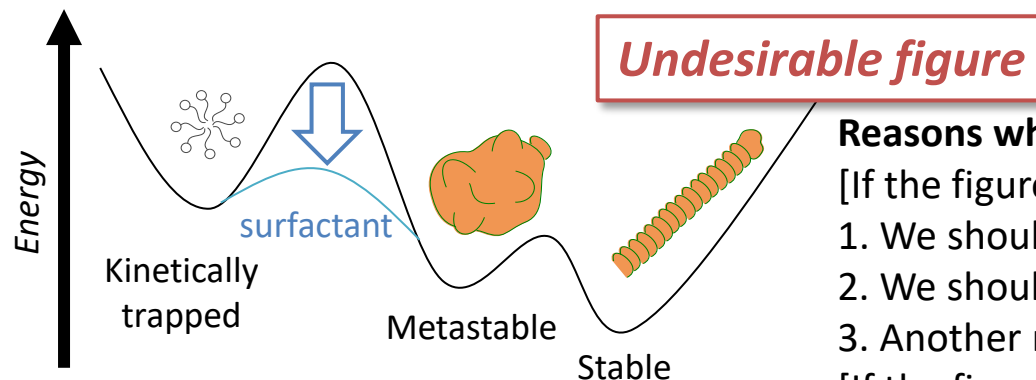


In the presence of surfactant



If we had drawn a picture like the one below, it would be more intuitive to the readers and the paper might have been more attractive. However, the diagram below is incorrect in chemical thermodynamics.

We are now facing to a conflict problem of sensory clarity taking precedence over academic accuracy.



Reasons why it is undesirable:

[If the figure is for a reaction coordinate]

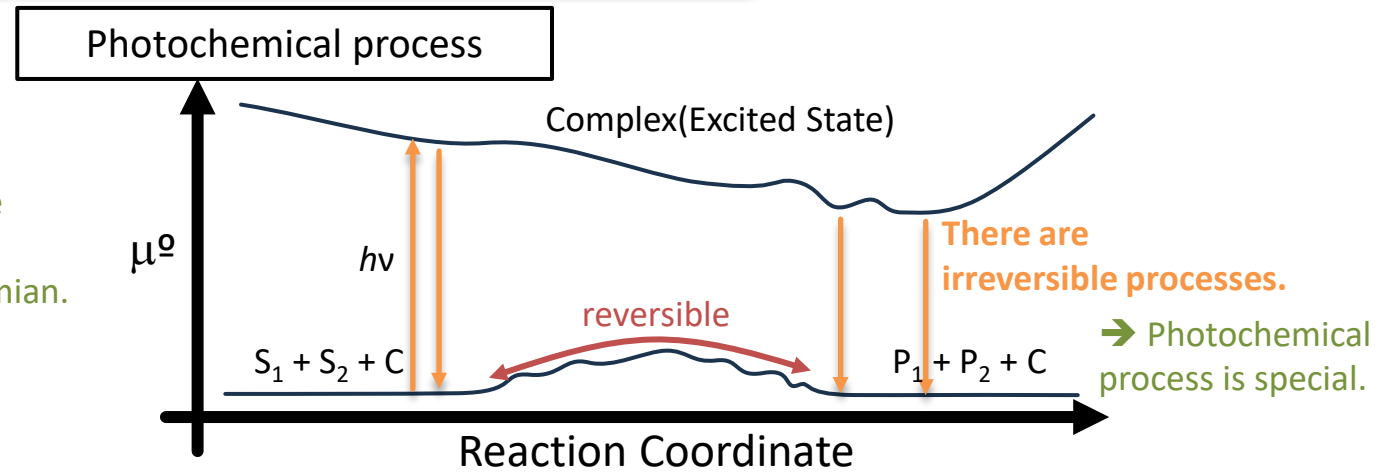
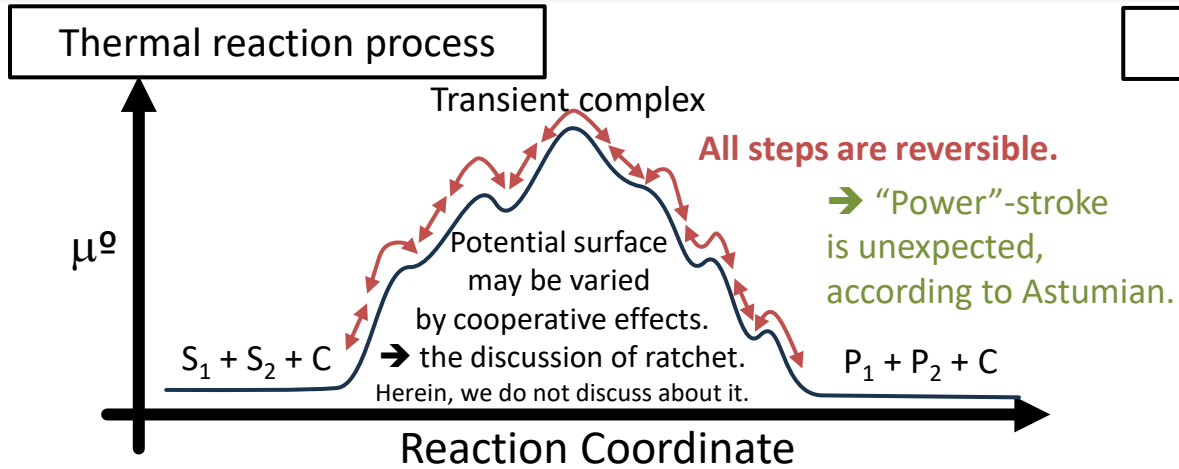
1. We should illustrate the transition structures (saddle-point structures).
2. We should illustrate unifying the components including water of hydration.
3. Another reasons, read <https://arxiv.org/abs/2211.06147>

[If the figure is for the total energy of a system]

1. We cannot illustrate activation energy as shown in energy-landscape.
2. Another reasons, read <https://arxiv.org/abs/2211.06147>

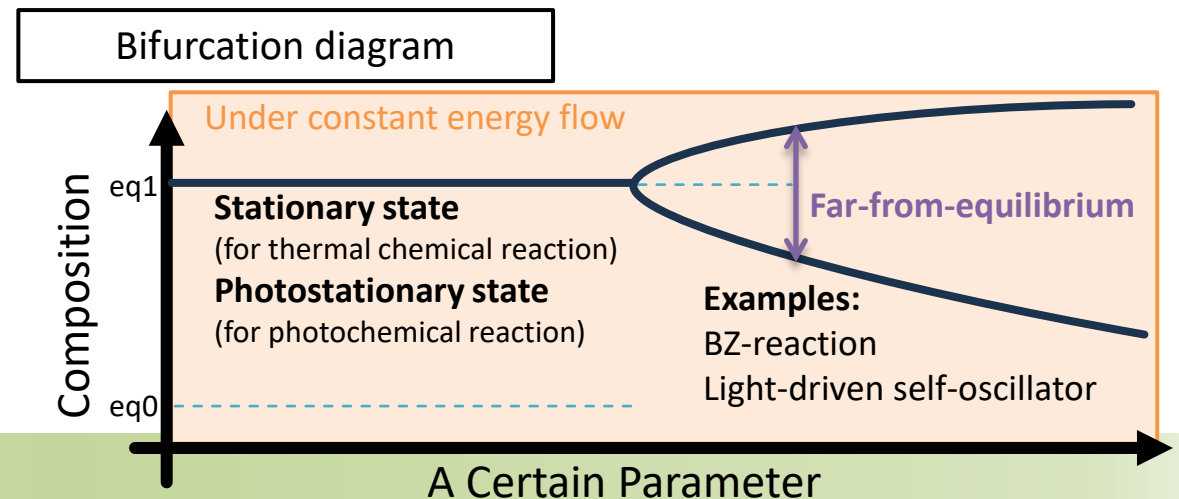
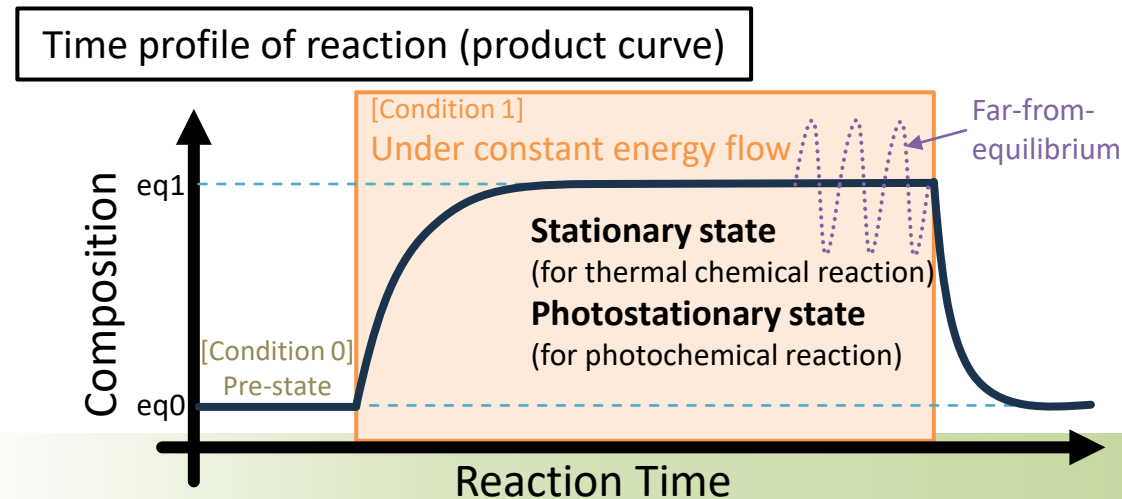
7 "photochemical process is special" is for microscopic reversibility

Regarding molecular level behavior → It is very different from a thermal chemical process.

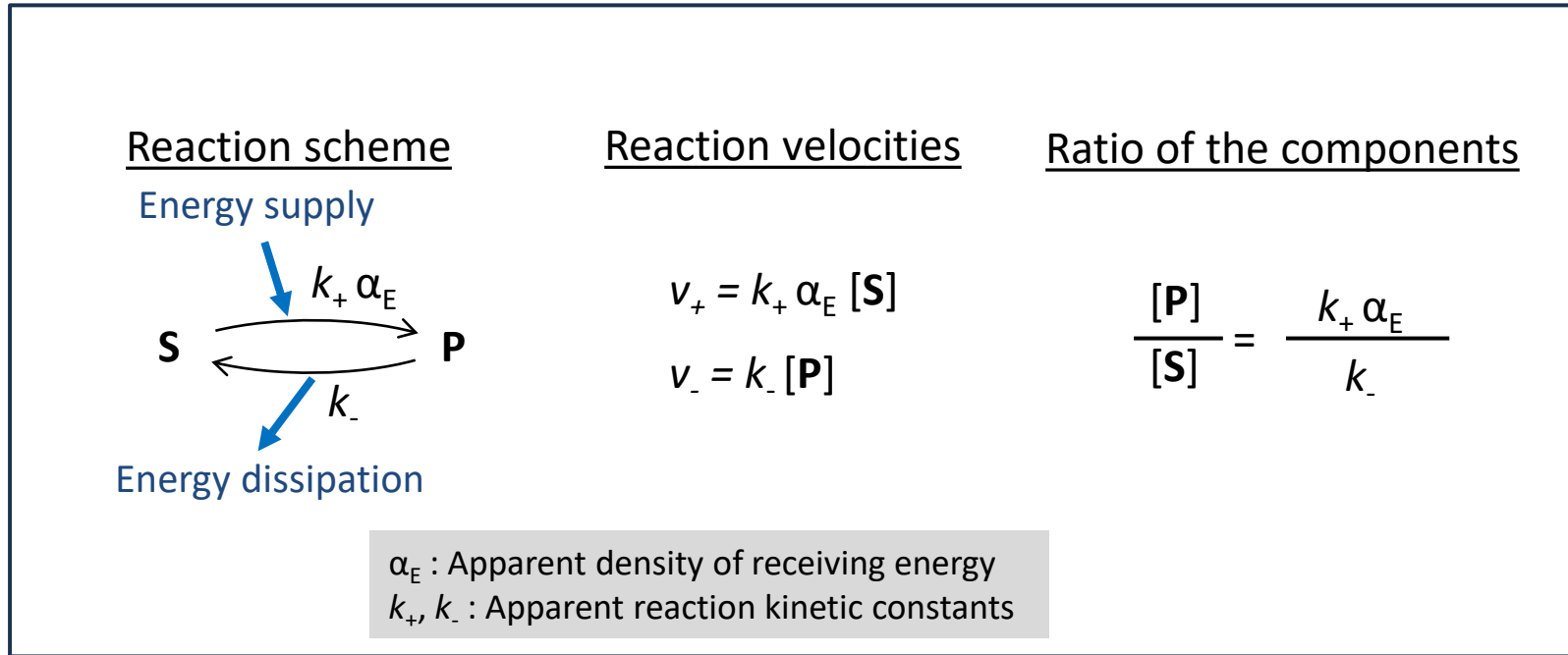


Regarding system behavior → The key issue is same.

→ Photochemical process is not so special.



Consider simply



System becomes equilibrium
under constant energy supply

$$\frac{[P]}{[S]} : \text{Constant}$$

Far-from-equilibrium system
where composition fluctuate

$$\frac{[P]}{[S]} : \text{Fluctuate}$$

How to design a self-continuous system:

Strategy 1: Fluctuation of α_E (apparent density of receiving energy)

Strategy 2: Fluctuation of k_+ and/or k_- (apparent kinetic constants)

If the fluctuations occur with internal phenomena, the system can be regarded as autonomous.

We can fluctuate the parameters externally: but we should not regard it as autonomous.